Codebook for

Bringing Autocracy Home? How Migration to Autocracies Shapes Migrants' Support for Democracy

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General Notes:

There are three major datasets that include data from the four survey waves.

1. "BaselineMidline_Cleaned.csv" contains the data from the baseline (pre-treatment) survey of the program registrants in September 2018 and the midline (post-selection, pre-migration) survey in January-March 2019. It is a csv dataset with text responses. If you have any questions about the ordering of these responses, please let us know.
2. "Endline_Cleaned.sav" contains the data from the endline (post-treatment) survey of the program registrants in January-March 2021. It is an SPSS dataset with ordered factor responses, which allows you to see both the text of the responses and the order (if you use as.numeric() in R).
3. "Household_Cleaned.sav" contains the data from the endline (post-treatment) survey of one family member per program registrant in March-May 2021. It is an SPSS dataset similar to the endline dataset.

In addition, there are three auxiliary datasets that have information from secondary sources. These are:

1. kms_emigrant_rep.csv which contains data from the Kerala Migration Survey of 2013. The datasets contain information on the sex, age, education, and religion of migrants and non-migrants from Kerala. In addition, the kms_emigrant_rep.csv file contains information on the destination countries of migrants from Kerala.

2. Figure_1a.csv, which contains data from the World Values Survey Round 7 and the Varieties of Democracy index.

3. Figure_2.csv, which contains data from the World Values Survey Round 7.

Lastly, there is one dataset from our meta-analysis of recent migration articles:

1. Meta_Analysis.xlsx contains our own coding of migration-related articles from the past ten years (2014-2023) in five major political science publications.

Baseline Responses (Sept 2018)

id	Respondent ID
bQ1	Sex
bQ2	Year of Birth
bQ3	Religion
bQ4	Caste/Tribe
bQ10	Marriage status
bQ13	Education
bQ14	Employment status
bQ21	Monthly family income (in INR): From Less than Rs. 5,000 to Rs 100,00 and above.
bQ33a-c	Trust in (a) National government, (b) State government, (c) local government. From No trust at all (1) to great deal of trust (4).
bQ35	Agree more with: (1) Better to have govt get things done, (2) Better to have citizens influence democracy.
bQ36	Prefer: (1) Authoritarian govt that resolves social and economic problems, (2) Democratic government that does not resolve problems.
bQ37	More important: Economic development or democracy? Economic Development definitely more important (1) to Democracy definitely more important (4)
bQ38a-c	How much attention paid to (a) state politics, (b) national politics, (c) international politics. From a lot of attention (1) to no attention at all (3).
bQ44a-h	Types of political participation in the last two years: (a) attended event, (b) attended meeting with candidate, (c) attended council meeting, (d) attended NGO meeting, (e) argued about politics, (f) worked for candidate, (g) donated money, (h) voted in local election. Yes (1), No (2)
bQ46	Likelihood of voting in next state elections: Very likely (1) to Very unlikely (4)
english	English ability, rated by project manager at registration. From 1 (OK) to 4 (Very good)
treatment	Treatment (1) or Control (0)
block	Blocked pairs on which treatment and control were assigned (1-196)

Midline Responses (Jan-Mar 2019)

id	Respondent ID
mQ5e	Where Mizos would be more likely to face discrimination: Other parts of India (1), Gulf Region (2), or DK/CS (3)
mQ10	Question that everyone answered, used as response marker
mQ33a-i	Types of political participation in the last two years: (a) attended event, (b) attended meeting with candidate, (c) attended council meeting, (d) attended NGO meeting, (e) argued about politics, (f) worked for candidate, (g) donated money, (h) voted in local election, (i) spoke at council meeting. Yes (1), No (2)
mQ34	Likelihood of voting in next state elections: Very likely (1) to Very unlikely (4)
mQ35	Satisfaction with democracy in India: Not at all (1) to Very (4)
mQ36	Agree more with: (1) Better to have govt get things done, (2) Better to have citizens influence democracy.
mQ37	Prefer: (1) Authoritarian govt that resolves social and economic problems, (2) Democratic government that does not resolve problems.
mQ38	More important: Economic development or Democracy? Economic Development definitely more important (1) to Democracy definitely more important (4)

Endline Responses

id	Respondent ID
Q1a	Question that everyone answered, used as response marker
Q15	Attended hospitality skills training program in last year (Yes or No)
Q16	Progress in getting job in another country. From "I have not applied to a job in another country" to "I have moved to another country for work, and I have returned to India."
Q18a-d	Where respondent lived at different times: (18a) Jan-Feb 2021, (18b) Feb 2020, (18c) Nov 2019, (18d) Jul 2019 1= in Mizoram, 2= somewhere else in India, 3=another country
Q20a-c	How much attention paid to (a) Local politics, (b) State politics in Mizoram, (c) Politics in India. From (1) very interested to (3) Not at all interested
Q21	Voted in last local election: Yes (1) or No (2)
Q22	Voted in 2018 state election: Yes (1) or No (2)
Q23	Voted in 2019 national election: Yes (1) or No (2)
Q24a-i	Types of political participation in the last two years: (a) attended event, (b) attended meeting with candidate, (c) attended council meeting, (d) attended NGO meeting, (e) argued about politics, (f) worked for candidate, (g) donated money, (h) voted in local election, (i) spoke at council meeting. Yes (1), No (2)
Q25	Likelihood of voting in next national elections: Very likely (1) to Very unlikely (4)
Q26	Likelihood of voting in next state elections: Very likely (1) to Very unlikely (4)
Q27	Likelihood of voting in next local elections: Very likely (1) to Very unlikely (4)
Q28a-c	Trust in (a) national government, (b) state government, (c) local government. From Not at all (1) to Completely (4)
Q29a-c	View as capable of solving problems: (a) national government, (b) state government, (c) local government. From Not at all (1) to Completely (4)
Q30	Agree more with: (1) Better to have govt get things done, (2) Better to have citizens influence democracy.
Q31	Prefer: (1) Authoritarian govt that resolves social and economic problems, (2) Democratic government that does not resolve problems.
Q32	More important: Economic development or Democracy? Economic Development definitely more important (1) to Democracy definitely more important (4)

Q53a-c	Visited Indian govt services in last two years? (a) visa office, (b) health clinic, (c) police station)
Q54	Satisfaction with Indian govt services from Q53: From Very Satisfied (1) to Very unsatisfied (4). Never visited is (5).
Q55a-c	Visited foreign govt services in last two years? (a) visa office, (b) health clinic, (c) police station)
Q56	Satisfaction with foreign govt services from Q55: From Very Satisfied (1) to Very unsatisfied (4). Never visited is (5).
Q60	(*Migrants only*). How happy were you living and working abroad? From Very happy (1) to Very Unhappy (5)
Q64	(*Migrants only*). While you have been living abroad, how much discrimination did you face based on your ethnicity, race or religion? A lot of discrimination (1) to Little or no discrimination (4)
Q67	(*Migrants only*). Did you receive a contract prior to migrating? Yes (1) or No (2)
Q68	(*Migrants only*). Did your contract specify hours/wages? Yes (1) or No (2)
Q69	(*Migrants only*). Did you have the promised position? Yes (1) or No (2)

Household Responses

id	ID of corresponding program registrant (i.e. the family member who answered the other three surveys).
hQ1	Question that everyone answered, used as response marker
hQ27	Voted in last local election: Yes (1) or No (2)
hQ28	Voted in 2018 state election: Yes (1) or No (2)
hQ29	Voted in 2019 national election: Yes (1) or No (2)
hQ30A-I	Types of political participation in the last two years: (a) attended event, (b) attended meeting with candidate, (c) attended council meeting, (d) attended NGO meeting, (e) argued about politics, (f) worked for candidate, (g) donated money, (h) voted in local election, (i) spoke at council meeting. Yes (1), No (2)
hQ31	Likelihood of voting in next national elections: Very likely (1) to Very unlikely (4)
hQ32	Likelihood of voting in next state elections: Very likely (1) to Very unlikely (4)
hQ33	Likelihood of voting in next local elections: Very likely (1) to Very unlikely (4)
hQ34A-C	Trust in (a) national government, (b) state government, (c) local government. From Not at all (1) to Completely (4)
hQ35A-C	View as capable of solving problems: (a) national government, (b) state government, (c) local government. From Not at all (1) to Completely (4)
hQ36	Agree more with: (1) Better to have govt get things done, (2) Better to have citizens influence democracy.
hQ37	Prefer: (1) Authoritarian govt that resolves social and economic problems, (2) Democratic government that does not resolve problems.
hQ38	More important: Economic development or Democracy? Economic Development definitely more important (1) to Democracy definitely more important (4)

KMS Datasets: Emigrants

Zachariah, Kunniparambil Curien, and S. Irudaya Rajan. "Kerala migration study 2014." *Economic and Political Weekly* (2016): 66-71.

resp_id	ID of the respondent
CurrentResidenceCode	Numerical code for where the migrant currently resides. It is coded 2 if the migrant resides outside of India.
CountryStateCode	The numerical code for the country where the migrant currently resides. It is coded the following way: 1 - United Arab Emirates, 2 - Saudi Arabia, 3 - Oman, 4 - Qatar, 5 - Kuwait, 6 - Bahrain, 7 - Australia, 8- Bangladesh, 9 - Canada, 10 - China, 11 - France, 12 - Germany, 13 - Hong Kong, 14 - Hungary, 15 - Indonesia, 16 - Iran, 17 - Iraq, 18 - Ireland, 19 - Italy, 20 - Japan, 21 - Kenya, 22 - Libya, 23 - Malaysia, 24 - Maldives, 25 - Myanmar, 26 - Nepal, 27 - Netherlands, 28 - New Zealand, 29 – Nigeria, 30 - Pakistan, 31 - Philippines, 32 - Singapore, 33 - South Africa, 34 - Sri Lanka, 35 - Switzerland, 36 - Taiwan, 37 - Thailand, 38 - United Kingdom, 39 - United States of America, 40 - West India, 41 - Yemen, 42 - Other
AgeAtFirstLeft	Age of the individual at the first time when the respondent migrated.
Sex	Respondent's sex, coded 1 if respondent is male and 2 if respondent is female.
EducationAtMig	Respondent's education attainment at the time of first migration. It is coded the following way: 0 - Pre primary; 1 - Class 1; 2 - Class 2; 3 - Class 3; 4 - Class 4; 5 - Class 5; 6 - Class 6; 7 - Class 7; 8 - Class 8; 9 - Class 9; 10 - Class 10; 11 - Class 11; 12 - Class 12; 13 - ITI, Certificate course; 14 - Diploma; 15 - Degree (BA, BSc, Bcom, BLISc etc); 16 - PG Diploma (PGDCA etc.); 17 - Professional Degree (BTech, LLB, MBBS, BDS, BSC (N), BPHARM, BHMS, BAMS; 18 - PG (MA, MSc, MCom etc); 19 - Professional PG (MTech, MBA, MCA, MLISc, MSW, MCJ, BEd, MEd, LLM, MD, MS, Medical PG Diploma, MDS, MLT, MSC (N)); 20 - M.Phil, Ph.D etc.; 21 - Others (write); 22 – Illiterate; 23- Literate without school education
Hindu	The variable codes whether the respondent's household's religion is Hindu or not. The variable is coded 1 if the household is Hindu and 0 otherwise.
Muslim	The variable codes whether the respondent's household's religion is Muslim or not. The variable is coded 1 if the household is Muslim and 0 otherwise.

Christian	The variable codes whether the respondent's household's religion is Christian or not. The variable is coded 1 if the household is Christian and 0 otherwise.

WVS Datasets (World Value Survey W7 + Varieties of Democracy v13)

Haerpfer, C., Inglehart, R., Moreno, A., Welzel, C., Kizilova, K., Diez-Medrano J., M. Lagos, P. Norris, E. Ponarin & B. Puranen (eds.). 2022. World Values Survey: Round Seven - Country-Pooled Datafile Version 5.0. Madrid, Spain & Vienna, Austria: JD Systems Institute & WVSA Secretariat. doi:10.14281/18241.20

Coppedge, Michael, John Gerring, Carl Henrik Knutsen, StaffanI Lindberg, Jan Teorell, David Altman, Michael Bernhard, Agnes Cornell, M. Steven Fish, Lisa Gastaldi, Haakon Gjerløw, Adam Glynn, Sandra Grahn, Allen Hicken, Katrin Kinzelbach, Kyle L. Marquardt, Kelly McMann, Valeriya Mechkova, Anja Neundorf, Pamela Paxton, Daniel Pemstein, Oskar Rydén, Johannesvon Römer, Brigitte Seim, Rachel Sigman,Svend-Erik Skaaning, Jeffrey Staton, Aksel Sundström, Eitan Tzelgov, Luca Uberti, Yi-ting Wang, Tore Wig, and Daniel Ziblatt. 2023. "V-DemCodebookv13" Varieties of Democracy (V-Dem) Project.

Figure_1a.csv

Contains all individuals from Asian origin countries.

immigration_status	Migration status. 2=international migrant.
regime_des	Regime type of the host country when the survey was conducted 0 – Closed Autocracy; 1 – Electoral Autocracy; 2 – Electoral Democracy; 3 – Liberal Democracy

Figure_2.csv

Contains all individuals from Asian origin countries.

IoD	On a scale of 1 to 10, how important is democracy to you? (Q250)
DemGood	Would you say [Having a democratic political system] is a good or bad way of governing this country? (Q238, reverse coded) Very bad (1), fairly bad (2), fairly good (3), very good (4)
immigration_status	Migration status by regime type of destination. Non-Migrant, To Democracy, To Autocracy
iso_num	Respondents country of birth (ISO3 country code)

Meta-Analysis Dataset

Our meta-analysis includes information on all primarily empirical papers on migration over a ten year period (2014-2023) in five major publications: *American Political Science Review, American Journal of Political Science, Journal of Politics, International Organization, and Comparative Political Studies*.

Journal	Journal of publication
Year_Pub	Year of publication
Authors	Authors, first name first
Title	Title of article
Primary Focus	Primary focus of the article: Native Responses= Political behavior of native-born individuals, Migrants themselves = Political behavior of migrants, Sending Communities = Political behavior and outcomes in sending communities.
Origin	Open-ended description of primary origin of migration related to the study.
Destination	Open-ended description of primary destination of migration related to the study.
Time_Period	Open-ended description of primary time period of migration related to study.
Regime_Origin	Primary regime type of origin country or countries during the time period of migration. Democracy, Non-Democracy, or Mixed.
Regime_Destination	Primary regime type of destination country or countries during the time period of migration. Democracy, Non-Democracy, or Mixed.
Independent_Var	Open-ended description of primary independent variable in study.
Dependent_Var	Open-ended description of primary dependent variable in study.
Notes	Any explanatory notes
Origin_Region	Primary region of origin countries. South = Global South, North = Global North, Mixed = Both Global North and South or Worldwide study.
Destination_Region	Primary region of destination countries. South = Global South, North = Global North, Mixed = Both Global North and South or Worldwide study.