Political Organizational Behavior Data (POD)
Code Book v.2.1

October 2009
Minorities at Risk Project
Center for International Development and Conflict
Management (CIDCM)
Center for the Study of Terrorism and Responses to
Terrorism (START)

SELECTION OF ORGANIZATIONS FOR INCLUSION

This description of the selection criteria taken from the article:

> Asal, Victor, Marcus Schulzke and Amy Pate Forthcoming "Why Do Some Organizations Kill While Others Do Not: An Examination of Middle Eastern Organizations" *Foreign Policy Analysis*

The POD data focuses on organizations with extremist religious, ethnic, leftist, or rightist ideologies (defined below). Our sample covers the years 1995-2004, with data from 15 countries and 60 organizations generating 467 organizational years in our sample. All organizations, in order to be eligible for inclusion, had to meet the following criteria:

- The organization must be political in its activities
- The organization should be broader in its political activities/goals than a single-issue organization
- The organization must be active for 3 or more consecutive years between 1995 and 2004
- The organization must have more than merely local (city-level) operations and/or goals and some non-virtual activities
- The organization must have decision-making capacity independent of any government

Religiously based political organizations are characterized by the following:

- have ideologies derived from religious sources; and
- seek sociopolitical change in order to transform societies in congruence with religious precepts.

Ethnically based organizations are characterized by the following:

- claim to represent an ethnic minority within the state; and/or
- have membership which comes primarily from an ethnic minority; and/or
- advocate for autonomy or independence for that ethnic minority.

Far right groups included have one or more of the following ideological components guiding political beliefs and actions:

- racism (may be explicit or symbolic);
- xenophobia/anti-immigrant component;
- nationalistic chauvinism(majority group nationalism);
- socio-cultural authoritarianism (law and order, family values); and/or
- anti-Semitism/anti-Zionism/negationism.

Left-wing groups included have one or more of the following ideological components guiding political beliefs and actions:

- social justice as dominant value;
- radical critiques of capitalist market economy; and/or
- internationalism (cosmopolitanism, multiculturalism, international solidarity).

Sources such as academic books, journal articles, newspaper articles, and government reports were consulted to build the list of organizations meeting the above criteria. A total of 157 organizations were found to meet the criteria, broken down as described in Table 1.

Table 1

Ideology	Organizations meeting criteria (percentage of total number)	Number that use violence (percentage)	Number that do not use violence (percentage)
Religious	89 (58%)	54 (61%)	35 (39%)
Ethnic	40 (25%)	20 (50%)	20 (50%)
Rightist	8 (5%)	2 (25%)	6 (75%)
Leftist	20 (13%)	6 (30%)	14 (70%)

The research team collected data on a sample of 60 organizations. The sample was designed to reflect the overall distribution of the organizations above, but within each category, the sampling was randomized. The final distribution of organizations is described in Table 2.

Table 2: The final distribution of organizations

Ideology	Total coded	Violent coded	Nonviolent coded
Religious	34	21	13
Ethnic	15	8	7
Rightist	3	1	2
Leftist	8	2	6

Table 3: the name of each organization, the country where it is primarily located, its primary ideology and whether or not it is violent during the time period we are examining

name	Country	Ideology	Violent?
Rally for Culture and Democracy	Algeria	Ethnic	No
National Unity Party	Cyprus	Ethnic	No
Turkish Republic Party	Cyprus	Ethnic	No
National Revival Movement of Southern Azerbaijan	Iran	Ethnic	No
Palestine Democratic Union	Israel	Ethnic	No
Kurdish Democratic Progressive Party	Syria	Ethnic	No
Democratic Mass Party	Turkey	Ethnic	No
Kurdish Islamic Group	Iraq	Ethnic	Yes
Patriotic Union of Kurdistan	Iraq	Ethnic	Yes
Fatah	Israel	Ethnic	Yes
Hamas	Israel	Ethnic	Yes
Palestinian Islamic Jihad	Israel	Ethnic	Yes
Palestinian Liberation Front	Israel	Ethnic	Yes
Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine	Israel	Ethnic	Yes
Partiya Karkari Kurdistan	Turkey	Ethnic	Yes
Worker-Communist Party of Iran	Iran	Left	No
Iraqi Communist Party	Iraq	Left	No

Workers' Communist Party of Iraq	Iraq	Left	No
Jordanian People's Democratic Party	Jordan	Left	No
Communist Party in Lebanon	Lebanon	Left	No
Popular Nasserist Organization	Lebanon	Left	No
Mujahedin-e Khalq Organization	Iran	Left	Yes
Marxist-Leninist Communist Party	Turkey	Left	Yes
Al Asalah	Bahrain	Religious	No
Islamic Action Society	Bahrain	Religious	No
Combatant Clergy Association	Iran	Religious	No
Iraqi Islamic Party	Iraq	Religious	No
Islamic Accord Movement	Iraq	Religious	No
Islamic Labor Organization	Iraq	Religious	No
Shas	Israel	Religious	No
Muslim Center Party	Jordan	Religious	No
Islamic Constitutional Movement	Kuwait	Religious	No
Justice and Development Party	Morocco	Religious	No
Felicity Party	Turkey	Religious	No
Virtue Party	Turkey	Religious	No
Islah	Yemen	Religious	No
Armed Islamic Group	Algeria	Religious	Yes
Salafi Group for Preaching and Combat	Algeria	Religious	Yes
Islamic Group	Egypt	Religious	Yes
Islamic Jihad	Egypt	Religious	Yes
Ansar e-Hezbollah	Iran	Religious	Yes
Islamic Iran Participation Party	Iran	Religious	Yes
Al Qaida in Iraq	Iraq	Religious	Yes
Ansar al-Islam	Iraq	Religious	yes
Iraqi Hizbullah	Iraq	Religious	yes
Islamic Action Organization	Iraq	Religious	Yes
Supreme Council for the Islamic Revolution in Iraq	Iraq	Religious	yes
Islamic Movement	Israel	Religious	Yes
Muslim Brotherhood/Islamic Action Front	Jordan	Religious	Yes
Al-Jama'a al-Islamiyia	Lebanon	Religious	Yes
Hezbollah	Lebanon	Religious	yes
Islamic Unity Movement	Lebanon	Religious	Yes
Islamic Martyr's Movement	Libya	Religious	Yes
Moroccan Islamic Combatant Group	Morocco	Religious	Yes
Great Eastern Islamic Raiders' Front	Turkey	Religious	Yes
Turkish Hizbullah	Turkey	Religious	yes
Yemen Islamic Jihad	Yemen	Religious	Yes
Yisrael Beiteinu	Israel	Right	No
National Action Party	Turkey	Right	No
Phalangist Party	Lebanon	Right	Yes

A. ORGANIZATIONAL CHARACTERISTICS

1. ORGANIZATIONAL IDENTITY

Code: -99 for Missing Value/No basis for judgment

1.1. *ORGNAME*   Name of organization

1.2. *ORGFOUND*   Year organization was founded

1.3. *ORGSPLIT*   Did the organization split this year?
0 = No split, 1 = Split

1.4. *ORGLOC*   Location of organization
Value Label
1   based within one country
2   based in multiple countries, in one region
3   based in multiple countries in multiple regions

1.5. *ORGSIZE*   Organizational membership
Value Label
0   0-100
1   101-1,000
2   1,001-10,000
3   more than 10,000

2. TYPE OF ORGANIZATION

Refers to organization operating *within* country of group. For example, if organization operates clandestinely within country of group but has branch operating openly in neighboring country, code clandestine.

Code : -99 for Missing Value/No basis for judgment

2.1. **ORGOPEN**   Is organization open? 0 = No (clandestine), 1 = Yes

2.2. **ORGLEGAL**   Is organization legal? 0 = No (illegal), 1 = Yes
Note: If organization is legalized in the middle of the year, code based on how long the organization was legal/illegal. If legal for at least 6 months of the year being coded, then code a 1 here.

2.3. **ORGMILITANT**   Is organization militant? 0 = No (nonviolent), 1 = Yes
Note: Organization is deemed militant if it commits violent act or if possesses violent means (explosives, armaments, etc.). Once an organization has been coded as militant, it continues to be coded as militant until it explicitly revokes the use of violence (i.e., continue to code militant even for years when organization does not commit a violent act).

2.4. **LEAD**   Type of leadership for organization
Value   Label
1   Factionalized/competing leaders
2   Weak or decentralized leadership
3   Strong ruling council
4   Strong single leader
Note: Years in which an organization splits should probably be coded as a 1.

3. GRIEVANCES/ MOTIVATIONS/ IDEOLOGY OF ORGANIZATION

Code: -99 for Missing Value/No basis for judgment

3.1.   *orgdomgoals*

Code the dominant grievance of the organization

Value	Label
1	Change in government policies
2	Change in government ruling party
3	Change in regime type (e.g., autocratic to democratic; secular to religious; capitalist to socialist; unitary to federal; etc.)
4	Change in state boundaries
5	Change in state-system (e.g., establish caliphate; abolish states as main political unit of organization in international system; etc.)
-88	Other (specify in ORGDOMGOALDES)

3.2.   *ORGDOMGOALSDES*

Write description of "Other"

4. ORGANIZATIONAL IDEOLOGY

What is the guiding ideology of the organization? (More than one guiding ideology may be coded as present).
Code: -99 for Missing Value/No basis for judgment

4.1. *PRIMIDEO*   Primary ideology

Value	Label
1	Ethnic
2	Leftist
3	Rightist
4	Religious
-88	Mixed

4.2. *RELORG*   Religious (0 = No, 1 = Yes)
Does the organization advocate policies that incorporate religion into public life?

4.3. *LEFTORG*   Leftist- economic (0 = No, 1 = Yes)
Does the organization advocate policies to redistribute wealth (e.g., extensive welfare policies, state control of major industries)?

4.4. *RIGHTORG*   Rightist – economic (0 = No, 1 = Yes)
Does the organization advocate free market policies OR policies that favor traditional economic elites (e.g., landowners)?

4.5. *NATORG*   Nationalist–claims to autonomy or independence (0 = No, 1 = Yes)
Note: NATORG and ETHORG are mutually exclusive.

4.6. *ETHORG*   Ethnicity – ethnic community but no claims to autonomy or independence (0 = No, 1 = Yes)
Note: NATORG and ETHORG are mutually exclusive.

4.7. *GENDEXC* Gender exclusiveness (0 = No, 1 = Yes)
Does organization advocate the exclusion of women from public life?

4.8. **GENDINC** Gender inclusiveness (0 = No, 1 = Yes)
Does organization advocate the inclusion of women in public life?

4.9. **AUTHORG** Authoritarian (0 = No, 1 = Yes)
Does organization advocate authoritarian forms of government?

4.10. **DEMORG** Democratic (0 = No, 1 = Yes)
Does organization advocate democratic forms of government?

4.11. **SUPREMACIST** Racially/ethnically supremacist (0 = No, 1 = Yes)
Does organization advocate inherent superiority of racial/ethnic group and advocate for exclusive political power by that group?

4.12. **ENVORG** Environmental (0 = No, 1 = Yes)
Does the organization advocate environmentally sustainable policies?

4.13. **OTHERORG** Other (0 = No, 1 = Yes)

4.14. **OTHERORGDES** Text Description of "other" guiding ideology

B.

ORGANIZATION-STATE RELATIONS

5. STATE- ORGANIZATION RELATIONS

Code: -99 for Missing Value/No basis for judgment

5.1. STORGREPRESS
How does the state treat the organization?
1 = Organization is legal
2 = Organization legal but subjected to repression by the state
3 = Organization is illegal but tolerated
4 = Organization is illegal and is subjected to periodic repression
5 = Organization is illegal and is targeted for ongoing repression by the state.
<u>Note</u>: If legal for part of the year and illegal for part of the year, code based on when the repression took place. (So, if repression while illegal but not after the organization is legalized, code here would be a 4 or 5.)

5.2. STATEVIOLENCE
Does the state use violence against the organization?
1 = State is not using lethal violence against the organization
2 = State is using periodic lethal violence against the organization
3 = State is using consistent lethal violence against the organization

5.3. orgsuccess
To what degree has the organization succeeded in obtaining government agreement in the year being coded (code is based on agreement not implementation)?
-1 = State refuses to negotiate with the organization
0 = No negotiation with government sought
1 = State has negotiated with the organization in this year
2 = State has made some concessions to the organization but not to its primary goal in this year
3 = State has conceded to the organization its primary goal in current year
4 = State has conceded to the organization its primary goal in a previous year

C. EXTERNAL SUPPORT

Code : -99 for Missing Value/No basis for judgment

5.3.1. *stamatsup*   Did foreign state or IGO provide non-military financial or material support? (0 = No, 1 = Yes)

Code 1 for any financial support provided for the organization that does not contribute to the purchase of military equipment. Include humanitarian support here.

5.3.2. *stapolsup*   Did foreign state or IGO provide political support? (0 = No, 1 = Yes)

Code 1 here if foreign state provides observers at the request of the organization for monitoring elections, ceasefires, etc., or if it provides mediation for or hosts talks/negotiations between the organization and the regime of its "home" country; also code 1 here if foreign state levies sanction against regime b/c of policies towards the organization. Code 1 here if foreign state recognizes the organization as the legitimate representative of the group it claims to represent and admits organization to membership/observer status/etc. Do NOT code here if state allows organization to operate within its borders but provides no other forms of political support.

5.3.3. *STAMILSUP*   Did foreign state or IGO provide military support? (0 = No, 1 = Yes)

Code 1 here if foreign state provides funds for military supplies, sanctuaries or safe havens for armed fighters, military training in exile, or advisory military personnel for organization being coded.

5.3.4. *NSAMATSUP*   Did non-state actor provide non-military financial or material support?
(0 = No, 1 = Yes)

Code 1 for any financial support provided for the organization that does not contribute to the purchase of military equipment. Include humanitarian support here.

5.3.5. *NSAPOLSUP*   Did non-state actor provide political support?
(0 = No, 1 = Yes)

Code 1 here if NSA provides observers for monitoring elections, ceasefires, etc., or if NSA provides mediation for or hosts talks/negotiations between the organization and the regime of its "home" country or between the organization and an IGO or between the organization and rival organizations.

5.3.6. **NSAMILSUP** Did non-state actor provide military support?
(0 = No, 1 = Yes)
Code 1 here if NSA provides funds for military supplies, sanctuaries or safe havens for armed fighters, military training in exile, or advisory military personnel for organization being coded.

D. ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOR

6. ORGANIZATIONAL STRATEGY

Code: -99 for Missing Value/No basis for judgment

6.1. *ORGST1* Education & propaganda
Value	Label
0	Not used as a strategy
1	Minor/Infrequent strategy
2	Major/Frequent strategy

Code 1 here if organization has monthly/quarterly radio or print publications; if they have 2 or fewer foreign offices; if they leaflet or otherwise distribute material less than weekly.
Code 2 here if organization has daily/weekly radio or print publication; if they have 3 or more foreign offices; if the distribute materials on a weekly or more frequent basis; or if they satisfy two or more of the conditions to code 1.

6.2. *ORGST2* Representing interests to state officials
Value	Label
0	Not used as a strategy
1	Minor/Infrequent strategy
2	Major/Frequent strategy

Code 1 here if organization occasionally sends members to lobby officials or participates in negotiations less than the equivalent of 3 months.
Code 2 here if organization maintains permanent lobby/liaison with central government or participates is involved in negotiations with the government for the equivalent of 3 or more months.
Note: Include elected and/or appointed government officials as representing interests.

6.3. **ORGST2A** Representing interests to intergovernmental organization
officials

Value	Label
0	Not used as a strategy
1	Minor/Infrequent strategy
2	Major/Frequent strategy

Code 1 here if organization occasionally sends members to lobby officials or participates in negotiations less than the equivalent of 3 months.

Code 2 here if organization maintains permanent lobby/liaison with intergovernmental organization or participates is involved in negotiations with an intergovernmental organization for the equivalent of 3 or more months.

Note: Include elected and/or appointed government officials as representing interests.

6.4. **ORGST3** Electoral politics

Value	Label
0	Not used as a strategy
1	Minor/Infrequent strategy
2	Major/Frequent strategy

Code 1 here if organization currently has members in office or has announced intention to run members for office AND it is NOT an election year.

Code 2 here if organization has members running for office AND it is an election year.

6.5. **ORGST4** Soliciting external support

Value	Label
0	Not used as a strategy
1	Minor/Infrequent strategy
2	Major/Frequent strategy

Code 1 here if the organization maintains 1 or 2 foreign offices, or if the leadership meets with foreign officials or foreign organizations (either abroad or within the country) 1-6 times to solicit support in the year being coded.

Code 2 here if the organization maintains 3 or more foreign offices; meets with foreign officials or foreign organizations (either abroad or within the country) more than 6 times to solicit support in the year being coded; or if the organization meets both of the conditions to code 1.

Note: Don't include here calls for support (e.g., a leader of an organization in an interview calls for UN intervention), unless there is evidence that the organization has directly contacted the target (e.g., there is evidence that the organization has sent a formal request, a letter or a petition to the external actor in question).

6.6.   ***ORGST7***   Attacks on civilians (terrorist activities)
This includes non-security state personnel (e.g. civil service personnel, elected representatives, and other government representatives that are not police, military, etc.

     Value   Label
     0   Not used as a strategy
     1   Minor/Infrequent strategy
     2   Major/Frequent strategy

Code 1 here if organization engages in attacks on civilians 1 to 10 times in the year being coded.
Code 2 here if the organization engages in attacks on civilians more than 10 times in the year being coded.

6.7.   ***ORGST9***   Administering rebel areas

     Value   Label
     0   Not used as a strategy
     1   Minor/Infrequent strategy
     2   Major/Frequent strategy

Code 1 here if organization controls movement into/out of/through territory but does not establish governing structures or maintain infrastructure (e.g., roads).
Code 2 here if organization sets up governing structures and/or maintains infrastructure.
Note: Code this variable even if rebel area is controlled/administered outside of the group's "home country."

6.8.   ***ORGST11*** Collaboration

     Value   Label
     0   Not used as a strategy
     1   Minor/Infrequent strategy
     2   Major/Frequent strategy

Code 1 here if organization cooperates with another organization for single events (e.g., attacks, protests, rallies, etc.) or coordinates positions on one or two specific issues with another organization (e.g., in negotiations with the state, policies on border control/policing/etc.)
Code 2 here if organization runs on a joint electoral list, forms government with, forms joint military command structures with another organization OR cooperates with another organization for multiple events.

6.9.   ORGST12   Provision of social services

Value   Label
0   Not used as a strategy
1   Minor/Infrequent strategy
2   Major/Frequent strategy

Code 1 here if organization provides some social services but not at the level of a 2.
Code 2 here if organization provides social services in the area(s) of education, healthcare, poverty alleviation at a para-statal level (e.g, runs the equivalent of a school district, maintains networks of heath care facilities, etc.) in order to serve a large number of constituents on a sustained basis.

7. NONVIOLENT BEHAVIOR

Code: -99 for Missing Value/No basis for judgment

7.1. *DOMORGPROT*

Code highest level of DOMESTIC protest in the year being coded. Do *not* code if primary target was *transnational*. For protests, code if organization is a protest sponsor/co-sponsor or the largest organization participating.

Value | Label
0 | **None reported**
1 | **Verbal Opposition**

(Public letters, petitions, posters, publications, agitation, etc.)
Code requests by a minority-controlled regional organization for independence here.

2 | **Symbolic Resistance**

Scattered acts of symbolic resistance (e.g. sit-ins, blockage of traffic, sabotage, symbolic destruction of property) or political organizing activity on a substantial scale. Code mobilization for autonomy/secession by a minority-controlled regional government here.

3 | **Small Demonstrations**

A few demonstrations, rallies, strikes, and/or riots, the largest of which has participation of less than 1000.

4 | **Medium Demonstrations**

Demonstrations, rallies, strikes, and/or riots, the largest of which has participation of less than 10,000.

5 | **Large Demonstrations**

Mass demonstrations, rallies, strikes, and/or riots, the largest of which has participation greater than 10,000.

7.2. *TRANSPROTARG (Transnational Protest – Target)*

Code highest level of protest of *TRANSNATIONAL* target. For protests, code if organization is a protest sponsor/co-sponsor or the largest organization participating.

Value Label
0   **None reported**
1   **Verbal Opposition**
       (Public letters, petitions, posters, publications, agitation, etc.)
       Code requests by a minority-controlled regional organization for independence here.
2   **Symbolic Resistance**
       Scattered acts of symbolic resistance (e.g. sit-ins, blockage of traffic, sabotage, symbolic destruction of property) or political organizing activity on a substantial scale. Code mobilization for autonomy/secession by a minority-controlled regional government here.
3   **Small Demonstrations**
       A few demonstrations, rallies, strikes, and/or riots, the largest of which has participation of less than 1000.
4   **Medium Demonstrations**
       Demonstrations, rallies, strikes, and/or riots, the largest of which has participation of less than 10,000.
5   **Large Demonstrations**
       Mass demonstrations, rallies, strikes, and/or riots, the largest of which has participation greater than 10,000.

8. VIOLENT BEHAVIOR

Code: -99 for Missing Value/No basis for judgment

8.1.   VIOLRHETDOM

Code highest level of violence targeting DOMESTIC entities justified in public statements by organizational leaders.

0= organizational leaders do not justify violence in public statements
1= organizational leaders justify or call for violence targeting infrastructure but not persons in public statements.
2= organizational leaders justify or call for violence targeting security personnel (including state security personnel and non-state armed militias), but not government non-security personnel or civilians, in public statements
3 = organizational leaders justify or call for violence targeting security personnel (including state security personnel and non-state armed militias) and/or government non-security personnel, but not civilians, in public statements.
4 = organizational leaders justify or call for violence targeting civilians in addition to security personnel or government non-security personnel

8.2.   VIOLRHETRANS

Code highest level of violence targeting TRANSNATIONAL entities justified in public statements by organizational leaders.

0= organizational leaders do not justify violence in public statements
1= organizational leaders justify or call for violence targeting infrastructure but not persons in public statements.
2= organizational leaders justify or call for violence targeting security personnel (including state security personnel and non-state armed militias), but not government non-security personnel or civilians, in public statements
3 = organizational leaders justify or call for violence targeting security personnel (including state security personnel and non-state armed militias) and/or government non-security personnel, but not civilians, in public statements.
4 = organizational leaders justify or call for violence targeting civilians in addition to security personnel or government non-security personnel

8.3. *ORGLOCVIOL*

Where is the organization using violence as a strategy?

0 = the organization is not using violence as a strategy

1 = organizational violence used primarily in one country

2 = organizational violence used in multiple countries, in one region.

3 = organizational violence used in multiple countries in multiple regions

8.4. *ORGREB*

Is organization engaged in violence toward state authorities?

Value Label

0   **None reported**

1   **Political banditry** (fewer than 6 violent attacks)

2   **Small scale campaigns of violence** (6 or more violent attacks)

3   **Local rebellion** (Armed attempt to seize control over locale, such as a town or a village)

4   **Small-scale guerrilla activity**

> All of the following must exist:
> a) fewer than 1000 armed fighters;
> b) sporadic armed clashes (less than six reported per year)
> c) attacks in a small part of the area occupied by the organization, or in one or two other locales.

5   **Intermediate guerrilla activity**

> Has one or two of the defining traits of large-scale activity and one or two of the defining traits of small-scale activity.

6   **Large-scale guerrilla activity**

> All of the following must exist:
> a) more than 1000 armed fighters;
> b) frequent armed clashes (more than 6 per year)
> c) attacks affecting a large part of the area occupied by the organization.

7   **Civil war (regional division of country)**

> Fought by rebel military units with base areas.

NOTE: Code following based on which antagonist had the highest level of conflict for a given year. The highest level of conflict for any one year should be recorded in INTRASEV1 and the name of the conflicting factions within the organization should be recorded for that year in INTRASEV1DES. .

8.4.1. INTRASEV1   Severity of conflict with highest level of intra-organizational conflict

Severity of Intra-Org Conflict:
0 = no manifestations of conflict evident
1 = sporadic violent clashes (no weapons) involving individuals or small groups (12-15)
2 = series of assassinations or bombings (clandestine terrorist activity)
3 = rioting involving substantial numbers of people (hundreds)
4 = sporadic armed fighting
5 = protracted intra organizational warfare
6 = other (specify) _____

8.4.2. **INTRASEV1DES** Name of faction-pair with highest level of intra-organizational conflict.

NOTE: Code following based on which antagonist had the highest level of conflict for a given year. The highest level of conflict for any one year should be recorded in INTERSEV1 and the name of the organization should be recorded for that year in INTERSEV1DES.

8.4.3. intersev1   Severity of conflict with highest level of inter-organizational conflict.

Severity of Interorganizational Conflict:
0 = no manifestations of conflict evident
1 = individual acts of harassment against property and persons, no fatalities
2 = political agitation, campaigns urging authorities to impose restrictions on the organization, etc.
3 = sporadic violent attacks by individuals, gangs or other small groups, some of them causing fatalities
4 = anti-group demonstrations, rallies, marches
5 = communal rioting, armed attacks
6 = communal warfare (protracted, large-scale inter organizational violence)

8.4.4. ***INTERSEV1DES*** Name of organization with highest level of inter-organizational conflict.

.

8.5. *DOMORGVIOLENCE*

To what degree is the organization using violence DOMESTICALLY as a strategy?

Organizations that score a 5 would be considered terrorist organizations and organizations that are coded a 3 or 4 would be considered liminal terrorist organizations.

0= the organization is not using violence as a strategy
1= the organization is using violence as occasional strategy but is not specifically targeting persons (code if organization targets infrastructure and/or gives warnings before attacks).
2= the organization is using violence regularly as a strategy but is targeting security personnel (including state security personnel and non-state armed militias) and not government non-security personnel or civilians
3 = the organization is using violence regularly as a strategy but is targeting security personnel (including state security personnel and non-state armed militias) and/or government non-security personnel, but not civilians
4 = the organization is occasionally targeting civilians but most of its violent acts target security personnel or government non-security personnel
5 = the organization is targeting civilians regularly

8.6.   *Domestic Violence – Target*
Code domestic targets of the organization for the year being coded.
Codes are not mutually exclusive

8.6.1. DINFRA
Infrastructure (infrastructure only; human lives not targeted; infrastructure includes commercial buildings/financial districts, communications infrastructure; transportation infrastructure; utilities; etc.)
(0 = No, 1 = Yes)

8.6.2. DCIV
Civilian lives (civilian human lives targeted)
(0 = No, 1 = Yes)

8.6.3. DNSECGOV
Government/state lives, non-security (targets are human lives working for the state/government (e.g. civil service, elected officials, government representatives, etc.); this code does NOT include lives associated with security personnel (e.g. police, military, etc.)
Also include here targeting of non-state administrative personnel (e.g. officials working in para-statal administrative organs such as separatist states)
(0 = No, 1 = Yes)

8.6.4. DSECGOV
Government/state lives, security (targets are human lives working for the state/government in security (e.g. police, military, etc.); this code does NOT include lives associated with non-security (e.g. civil service, elected officials, government representatives, etc.))
Also code here targeting of non-state armed militias.
(0 = No, 1 = Yes)

8.7. TRANSVIOLTARG

To what degree is the organization using violence to target TRANSNATIONAL entities as a strategy?

0= the organization is not using transnational violence as a strategy
1= the organization is using transnational violence as occasional strategy but is not specifically targeting persons (code if organization targets infrastructure and/or gives warnings before attacks).
2= the organization is using transnational violence regularly as a strategy but is targeting security personnel (including state security personnel and non-state armed militias) and not government non-security personnel or civilians
3 = the organization is using transnational violence regularly as a strategy but is targeting security personnel (including state security personnel and non-state armed militias) and/or government non-security personnel, but not civilians
4 = the organization is using transnational violence occasionally targeting civilians but most of its violent acts target security personnel or government non-security personnel
5 = the organization is using transnational violence to target civilians regularly

8.13 Transnational Violence – Target

For the following variables, code acts of violence in a given year directed at transnational targets *WITHIN* the country of the minority group that the organization represents. Codes are not mutually exclusive

8.13.1 TTINFRA

Infrastructure (infrastructure only; human lives not targeted; infrastructure includes commercial buildings/financial districts, communications infrastructure, transportation infrastructure; utilities, etc.)
(0 = No, 1 = Yes)

8.13.2 TTCIV

Civilian lives (civilian human lives targeted)
(0 = No, 1 = Yes)

8.13.3 TTNSECGOV

Government/state lives, non-security (targets are human lives working for the state/government (e.g. civil service, elected officials, government representatives, etc.); this code does NOT include lives associated with security personnel (e.g. police, military, etc.).

(0 = No, 1 = Yes)

8.13.4 TTSECGOV

Government/state lives, security (targets are human lives working for the state/government in security (e.g. police, military, etc.); this code does NOT include lives associated with non-security (e.g. civil service, elected officials, government representatives, etc.))
Also code here targeting of non-state armed militias.
(0 = No, 1 = Yes)

8.14 TRANSVIOLOC

To what degree is the organization using violence TRANSNATIONALLY, outside the boundaries of the state in which the group lives?

0= the organization is not using transnational violence as a strategy
1= the organization is using transnational violence as occasional strategy but is not specifically targeting persons (code if organization targets infrastructure and/or gives warnings before attacks).
2= the organization is using transnational violence regularly as a strategy but is targeting security personnel (including state security personnel and non-state armed militias) and not government non-security personnel or civilians
3 = the organization is using transnational violence regularly as a strategy but is targeting security personnel (including state security personnel and non-state armed militias) and/or government non-security personnel, but not civilians
4 = the organization is using transnational violence occasionally targeting civilians but most of its violent acts target security personnel or government non-security personnel
5 = the organization is using transnational violence to target civilians regularly

8.15 TRANSVIOLOC *(Transnational Violence – Location)*

For the following variables, code targets of acts of violence taking place OUTSIDE the country in which the group represented by the organization resides. Codes are not mutually exclusive.

8.15.1 TLINFRA

Civilian infrastructure (infrastructure only; human lives not targeted; infrastructure includes commercial buildings/financial districts, communications infrastructure, transportation infrastructure, utilities, etc.)
(0 = No, 1 = Yes)

8.15.2 TLCIV

Civilian lives (civilian human lives targeted)
(0 = No, 1 = Yes)

8.15.3 TLNSECGOV

Government/state lives, non-security (targets are human lives working for the state/government (e.g. civil service, elected officials, government representatives, etc.); this code does NOT include lives associated with security personnel (e.g. police, military, etc.)
(0 = No, 1 = Yes)

8.15.4 TLSECGOV

Government/state lives, security (targets are human lives working for the state/government in security (e.g. police, military, etc.); this code does NOT include lives associated with non-security (e.g. civil service, elected officials, government representatives, etc.))
Also code here targeting of non-state armed militias.
(0 = No, 1 = Yes)

8.16   Organizational Violent Repertoire

Code specific tactics used by the organization in the year being coded.

8.16.1 ARMATTACK   Armed Attack
(0 = No, 1 = Yes)

8.16.2 ARSON   Arson
(0 = No, 1 = Yes)

8.16.3 ASSASSIN   Assassination
(0 = No, 1 = Yes)

8.16.4 HOSTAGE   Hostage-taking – members of organization seize location and persons at that location and hold them for political purposes
(0 = No, 1 = Yes)

8.16.5 BOMB   Bombing (code suicide bombing under SUICIDE only)
(0 = No, 1 = Yes)

8.16.6   HIJACK

Hijacking – members of organization seize means of public transportation and hold persons for political purposes

(0 = No, 1 = Yes)

8.16.7 KIDNAP

Kidnapping – members of organization seize person(s) and remove them to a secret location for political purposes.

(0 = No, 1 = Yes)

8.16.8 SUICIDE

Suicide Attack

(0 = No, 1 = Yes)

8.16.9 CBRN

CBRN Attack

(0 = No, 1 = Yes)

8.16.10   OTHERVIOL

Other form of violence

(0 = No, 1 = Yes)

8.16.11   OTHERVIOLDES

Text description of "other" violent repertoire