This table appears in the article by Aili Mari Tripp: "The Instrumentalization of Women Opposition Leaders for Authoritarian Regime Entrenchment: The Case of Uganda," *Politics and Governance,* 2023, Volume 11, Issue 1, Pages X–X https://doi.org/10.17645/pag.v11i1.6138. It provides sourcing for the data in the table.

Table 1. Women parliamentarians in reserved seats: Ruling party vs. opposition parties, 2022.

Country	Freedom House ranking	Women in parliament	Women in Reserved Seats			Source
			Ruling party women parliamentarians	Opposition women parliamentarians	Independent women parliamentarians	
Bangladesh	39 Partly free	20.90%	86% (62)	13% (9)	1% (1)	Anik, Syed Samiul Basher. 2019. "Bangladesh likely to see highest ever number of female MPs." *Dhaka Tribune*, January 1, 2019. https://archive.dhakatribune.com/bangladesh/election/2019/01/02/bangladesh-likely-to-see-highest-ever-number-of-female-mps. Accessed February 3, 2023. Irani, Bilkis. 2019. "Are reserved seats in the parliament sufficient for women's empowerment?" *Dhaka Tribute*, January 11, 2019. https://archive.dhakatribune.com/bangladesh/parliament/2019/01/12/are-reserved-seats-in-the-parliament-sufficient-for-women-s-empowerment. Accessed February 3, 2023. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_members_of_the_11th_Jatiya_Sangsad. Accessed February 3, 2023.
Burundi	14 Not free	38.20%	76% (35)	24% (11)	0% (0)	Assemblée Nationale du Burundi. https://assemblee.bi/spip.php?article2212. Accessed February 3, 2023.
China	9 Not free	24.90%	49% (435 est.)	51% (307 est.)***	0% (0)	The numbers vary from year to year making this an estimate Wei, C. (2018). *Demographics of the 13th NPC (updated)*. NPC Observer. https://npcobserver.com/2018/03/10/demographics-of-the-13th-npc. Accessed February 3, 2023.
Djibouti	24 Not free	26.20%	93% (14)	7% (1)	0% (0)	Africa News . 2018. "Djibouti ruling party claims landslide parliamentary win." https://www.africanews.com/2018/02/26/djibouti-ruling-party-claims-landslide-parliamentary-win/. Accessed February 3, 2023. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2018_Djiboutian_parliamentary_election Accessed February 3, 2023.
Egypt	18 Not free	27.70%	38% (27)	54% (38)	8% (6)	El Helaly, Sabreena, "Egyptian Women's rights: One woman wins on singles and 71 on lists," *The Week.* November 2, 2020. https://web.archive.org/web/20201125052351/https://www.elaosboa.news/category/egyptnews. Accessed February 3, 2023. صابرين الهلالى، المصري لحقوق المرأة: فوز سيدة واحدة على الفردي و 71 على القوائم، الأسبوع 2 نوفمبر, 2020
Eswatini	17 Not free	13.5%	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Parties cannot register and have no legal recognition
Guyana	73 Free	35.70%	46% (11)	54% (13)	0% (0)	Parliament of the Cooperative Republic of Guyana. https://parliament.gov.gy/about-parliament/parliamentarian. Accessed February 3, 2023.

						https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/National_Assembly_(Guyana). Accessed February 2, 2023
Haiti	37 Partly free	0%	0%	0%	0% (0)	
Iraq	29 Not free	29.80%	33% (31)	62% (59)	5% (5)	United Nations Assistance Mission for Iraq (UNAMI), Gender Analysis of Iraq's October 2021 National Elections, March 2022.
Jordan	34 Not free	11.50%		0%	100% (15)	Assessment of the 2020 Parliamentary Elections in Jordan Prepared by: Al-Quds Center for Political Studies, The Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan, Amman November 2020. https://www.kas.de/documents/279984/11683825/Parliamentary+Elections+Assessment+Study+EDITED.pdf/34bfffb1-266a-1ca2-f6ae-39387ca05804?version=1.0&t=1613488630401. Accessed February 3, 2023. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2020_Jordanian_general_election. Accessed February 2, 2023.
Kenya	48 Partly free	21.60%	56% (39)	41% (29)	3% (2)	Independent Electoral and Boundaries Commission, Data Report of 2017 Elections. https://www.iebc.or.ke/uploads/resources/siEABKREDq.pdf. Accessed February 3, 2023.
Mauritania	35 Partly free	20.3%	60% (12)	40% (8)	0% (0)	Commission Electorale Nationale Independante. https://ceni.mr/fr/. Accessed February 3, 2023.
Morocco	37 Partly free	24.10%	47%** (45)	63% (50)	0% (0)	Morocco House of Representatives website. https://www.chambredesrepresentants.ma/en/%D8%AF%D9%84%D9%8A%D9%84-%D8%A3%D8%B9%D8%B6%D8%A7%D8%A1-%D9%85%D8%AC%D9%84%D8%B3-%D8%A7%D9%84%D9%86%D9%88%D8%A7%D8%A8/2021-2026. Accessed February 3, 2023.
Nepal	56 Partly free	32.70%	58% (52)	42% (38)	0% (0)	Nepal House of Representatives website. https://hr.parliament.gov.np/np/members#. Accessed February 3, 2023.
Niger	48 Partly free	25.90%	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	
Pakistan	37 Partly free	20.20%	45% (31)	55% (38)	0% (0)	https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_members_of_the_15th_National_Assembly_of_Pakistan. Accessed February 3, 2023. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2018_Pakistani_general_election. Accessed February 3, 2023.
Rwanda	21 Not free	61.30%	90% (44)	10% (5)	0% (0)	Rwanda Chamber of Deputies website. https://www.parliament.gov.rw/chamber-of-deputies-2/member-profile/deputies-profiles. Accessed February 3, 2023.
Samoa	81 Free	9.10%	75% (3)	25% (1)	0% (0)	"Two more women MPs appointed make up six in the House," Talamua Online News, November 30, 2021.. https://talamua.com/2021/11/30/two-more-women-mps-appointed-make-up-six-in-the-house/. Accessed February 3, 2023. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2021_Samoan_general_election. Accessed February 3, 2023.
Saudi Arabia	7 Not free	19.90%*	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	There are no parties
Somalia	7 Not free	24.40%*	Not available	Not available	Not available	
Tanzania	34	36.90%	92% (94)	8% (8)	Not applicable	Tume ya Taifa ya Uchaguzi (National Election Commission) website. https://www.nec.go.tz/board. Accessed February 3, 2023.

	Partly free					
Uganda	34 Not free	33.80%	42% (61)	26% (38)	32%* (48)	Uganda Electoral Commission, 2021 General Elections website, Accessed February 3, 202., https://www.ec.or.ug/2021-general-elections
United Arab Emirates	17 Not free	50%*	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	No parties
Zimbabwe	28 Not free	30.60%	61% (52)	39% (33)	0% (0)	Zimbabwe Electoral Commission website, Election Results 2018 webpage, https://www.zec.org.zw/pages/election_results2018#. Accessed March 12, 2022.

Notes: * Appointed; ** ruling coalition; *** information based on Sources: Freedom House (2023); International IDEA et al. (2022); Inter-Parliamentary Union (2019). See Harvard Dataverse for sources for this dataset. Afghanistan and Eritrea have had reserved seats for women in the past. Afghanistan has not convened its National Assembly since 2021 when the Taliban took over and transferred power to an all-male Leadership Council. Eritrea has not convened its parliament since 2002.