S1501

EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

2007-2011 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Subject	San Francisco city, California				
	Total		Male		Female
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate
Population 18 to 24 years	74,647	+/-80	35,892	*****	38,755
Less than high school graduate	8.4%	+/-0.8	10.9%	+/-1.3	6.0%
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	20.1%	+/-1.6	22.1%	+/-2.0	18.3%
Some college or associate's degree	45.1%	+/-1.9	45.3%	+/-2.9	44.9%
Bachelor's degree or higher	26.4%	+/-1.4	21.7%	+/-2.1	30.7%
Population 25 years and over	616,042	+/-80	313,955	*****	302,087
Less than 9th grade	8.4%	+/-0.3	7.0%	+/-0.4	9.8%
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	5.9%	+/-0.3	5.9%	+/-0.4	6.0%
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	14.4%	+/-0.4	14.6%	+/-0.5	14.1%
Some college, no degree	14.5%	+/-0.3	15.2%	+/-0.5	13.7%
Associate's degree	5.5%	+/-0.2	5.4%	+/-0.3	5.5%
Bachelor's degree	31.3%	+/-0.5	31.1%	+/-0.7	31.6%
Graduate or professional degree	20.0%	+/-0.4	20.8%	+/-0.6	19.2%
Percent high school graduate or higher	85.7%	+/-0.3	87.1%	+/-0.4	84.2%
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	51.4%	+/-0.5	51.9%	+/-0.6	50.9%
Population 25 to 34 years	167,453	+/-154	85,157	+/-63	82,296
High school graduate or higher	94.7%	+/-0.5	93.2%	+/-0.9	96.2%
Bachelor's degree or higher	68.4%	+/-0.9	64.4%	+/-1.4	72.6%
Population 35 to 44 years	134,179	+/-199	73,532	+/-122	60,647
High school graduate or higher	90.7%	+/-0.7	90.2%	+/-1.0	91.2%
Bachelor's degree or higher	60.4%	+/-1.0	58.4%	+/-1.5	62.9%
Population 45 to 64 years	205,133	+/-179	107,885	+/-120	97,248
High school graduate or higher	83.4%	+/-0.6	85.9%	+/-0.7	80.7%
Bachelor's degree or higher	42.3%	+/-0.7	43.7%	+/-0.9	40.8%
Population 65 years and over	109,277	+/-57	47,381	+/-57	61,896
High school graduate or higher	70.0%	+/-1.0	74.0%	+/-1.4	67.0%
Bachelor's degree or higher	31.1%	+/-0.9	37.9%	+/-1.5	26.0%

Subject	San Francisco city, California				
	Total		Male		Female
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate
POVERTY RATE FOR THE POPULATION 25 YEARS AND OVER FOR WHOM POVERTY STATUS IS DETERMINED BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT					
Less than high school graduate	22.3%	+/-1.5	20.2%	+/-2.1	24.0%
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	15.6%	+/-1.0	15.5%	+/-1.4	15.8%
Some college or associate's degree	11.3%	+/-0.6	11.7%	+/-1.0	10.9%
Bachelor's degree or higher	5.7%	+/-0.3	5.1%	+/-0.4	6.5%
MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2011 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)					
Population 25 years and over with earnings	48,042	+/-779	51,959	+/-649	43,249
Less than high school graduate	19,374	+/-705	21,813	+/-963	16,084
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	26,895	+/-802	29,940	+/-1,485	23,323
Some college or associate's degree	38,208	+/-1,079	40,219	+/-1,470	35,745
Bachelor's degree	60,495	+/-1,050	68,153	+/-2,179	52,571
Graduate or professional degree	83,112	+/-1,299	98,184	+/-3,496	70,443
PERCENT IMPUTED					
Educational attainment	6.3%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)

Subject	San Francisco city, California
	Female
	Margin of Error
Population 18 to 24 years	+/-81
Less than high school graduate	+/-1.0
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	+/-2.1
Some college or associate's degree	+/-2.3
Bachelor's degree or higher	+/-2.0
Population 25 years and over	+/-80
Less than 9th grade	+/-0.4
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	+/-0.4
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	+/-0.5
Some college, no degree	+/-0.4
Associate's degree	+/-0.3
Bachelor's degree	+/-0.6
Graduate or professional degree	+/-0.5
Percent high school graduate or higher	+/-0.4
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	+/-0.6
Population 25 to 34 years	+/-150
High school graduate or higher	+/-0.5
Bachelor's degree or higher	+/-1.2
Population 35 to 44 years	+/-128
High school graduate or higher	+/-1.0
Bachelor's degree or higher	+/-1.2
Population 45 to 64 years	+/-113
High school graduate or higher	+/-0.9
Bachelor's degree or higher	+/-1.0
Population 65 years and over	*****
High school graduate or higher	+/-1.1
Bachelor's degree or higher	+/-1.0
POVERTY RATE FOR THE POPULATION 25 YEARS AND OVER FOR WHOM POVERTY STATUS IS DETERMINED BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT	
Less than high school graduate	+/-1.5
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	+/-1.4
Some college or associate's degree	+/-0.9
Bachelor's degree or higher	+/-0.4
MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2011 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)	
Population 25 years and over with earnings	+/-937
Less than high school graduate	+/-796
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	+/-1,516
Some college or associate's degree	+/-1,669
Bachelor's degree	+/-1,167
Graduate or professional degree	+/-1,435
PERCENT IMPUTED	
Educational attainment	(X)

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2007-2011 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2009 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2007-2011 American Community Survey

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.