Appendix 1

Ron E. Hassner and Jason Wittenberg, "Barriers to Entry: Who Builds Fortified Boundaries and Why?" *International Security* 40.1.

Logit model results predicting separation barriers for barriers begun after 1989. Note: Unless otherwise specified data explanatory variables are from the year 2000, and standard errors (*** p<.01, ** p<.05, * p<.1) are robust and computed with clustering on target. Target migration rate data in 2005 excludes Afghanistan because of very high levels of reported in-migration reported during the ongoing war.

		Model 1	Model 2	Model 3
		Coefficient (Robust Standard Error)	Coefficient (Robust Standard Error)	Coefficient (Robust Standard Error)
	Target Religion (0 =non-Muslim, 10=Muslim)	.31*** (.09)	.31*** (.09)	.30*** (.09)
	Difference in Freedom (1=most free, 7 =least free)	-.14 (.15)	-.14 (.15)	-.15 (.17)
	Territorial Dispute in 1995?	.35 (.64)	.30 (.67)	.42 (.70)
	Capacity—ln(Builder GDP per km of dyadic border) (millions of PPP $)	.18* (.11)	.17 (.10)	.13 (.11)
Economic Factors	Difference in GDP per capita (current 1000s PPP $)	.15*** (.04)	.15*** (.04)	.12*** (.04)
	Target migration rate (per 1000 population) in 2005	-	-.09 (.12)	-
	Target population below poverty line (percentage) in 2005	-	-	-.04* (.02)
Terrorism	Positive trend in terror attacks from target to	-.04	-	-

	builder to 2000?	(.80)		
	Cumulative # of terror attacks from target to builder to 2000	-	.01 (.07)	-
	Cumulative # of terror attacks on builder to 2000	-	-	.0002 (.0003)
	Constant	-8.57*** (2.12)	-8.52*** (2.05)	-6.27*** (1.90)
	Number of Dyads (European dyads excluded)	450	450	376