Appendix

1. Descriptive Statistics

Table A1: Summary statistics

Variable	N	Mean/ share	SD	Min	Pctl. 25	Pctl. 75	Max
Position societal policy	1449	2.308	2.458	0	0	3	10
Position economic policy	1435	5.074	2.749	0	3	7	10
Position immig. policy	1463	3.785	2.678	0	2	5	10
Born outside Germany	1497	0.198	0.398	0	0	0	1
Religiosity	1501						
...non-religious	589	39.2%					
...religious	912	60.8%					
German citizenship	1501						
...no	145	9.7%					
...yes	1356	90.3%					
Education	1501						
...no diploma	906	60.4%					
…diploma	595	39.6%					
East Germany	1492	0.187	0.39	0	0	0	1
Female	1500	0.478	0.5	0	0	1	1
Age	1462	53.164	17.02	18	41	66	96

2. Questionnaire Wording for DVs[1]

Economic Policy Issues

Original Phrasing: „Und wie ist Ihre Position zum Thema Steuern und sozialstaatliche Leistungen? Auch hier steht 1 für weniger Steuern, auch wenn das weniger sozialstaatliche Leistungen bedeutet und 11 für mehr sozialstaatliche Leistungen, auch wenn das mehr Steuern und Abgaben bedeutet."

Translation: "And what is your position on taxes and welfare state benefits? Again, 1 stands for less taxes, even if that means less welfare state benefits, and 11 stands for more welfare state benefits, even if that means more taxes and contributions."

Immigration Issues

Original Phrasing: „Jetzt geht es um Zuzugsmöglichkeiten für Ausländer. Sollten die Zuzugsmöglichkeiten für Ausländer erleichtert oder eingeschränkt werden? Sagen Sie es mir bitte anhand dieser Skala. 1 heißt, dass die Zugangsmöglichkeiten für Ausländer erleichtert werden sollten und 11 bedeutet, dass die Zugangsmöglichkeiten für Ausländer eingeschränkt werden sollten. Mit den Werten dazwischen können Sie Ihre Meinung abstufen. Welche Politik vertritt Ihrer Meinung nach . . .?"

„Und wie ist Ihre Position zum Thema Zuzugsmöglichkeiten für Ausländer?"

Translation: "Now we are talking about immigration opportunities for foreigners. Should immigration opportunities for foreigners be made easier or restricted? Please tell me using this scale. 1 means that access opportunities for foreigners should be facilitated and 11 means that access opportunities for foreigners should be restricted. You can use the values in between to grade your opinion. In your opinion, which policy represents . . .?"

"And what is your position on the issue of access for foreigners?"

Social Policy Issues

Original Phrasing: „In diesem Politikfeld besteht ein Gegensatz zwischen folgenden Positionen: Für liberale Politik in Fragen wie Abtreibung, Homosexualität und Sterbehilfe versus gegen liberale Politik in Fragen wie Abtreibung, Homosexualität und Sterbehilfe. Sagen Sie es mir bitte anhand dieser Skala. 1 heißt, dass die Partei FÜR eine liberale Politik in diesen Fragen steht und 11 bedeutet, dass die Partei gegen liberale Politik in diesen Fragen ist. Mit den Werten dazwischen können Sie Ihre Meinung abstufen. Welche Politik vertritt Ihrer Meinung nach . . .?"

„Und Sie selbst?"

Translation: "In this policy area, there is an opposition between the following positions: For liberal policies on issues such as abortion, homosexuality, and assisted suicide versus against liberal policies on issues such as abortion, homosexuality, and assisted suicide. Tell me, please, using this scale. 1 means the party is FOR liberal policies on these issues and 11 means the party is against liberal policies on these issues. You can use the values in between to grade your opinion. In your opinion, which policy represents . . .?"

And yourself?

[1] Note that we recoded the 1-11 scale to 0-10.

3. Underlying Models for Figures 3 and 4

Table A2: Determinants of the self-placement on a societal policy dimension

	Dependent variable:	
	Selfplacement on Societal Issues	
	OLS	
	(1)	(2)
Mig. Backgr. (other)	-0.313	-0.275
	(0.275)	(0.449)
Mig. Backgr. (Italy)	-0.174	-0.192
	(0.188)	(0.284)
Mig. Backgr. (Turkey)	-0.003	-0.939***
	(0.199)	(0.355)
Mig. Backgr. (Russia)	0.404**	-0.002
	(0.199)	(0.293)
First Gen.	0.751***	0.732***
	(0.201)	(0.201)
Religious	0.702***	0.416**
	(0.132)	(0.188)
German citizenship	0.329	0.342
	(0.253)	(0.253)
High school/university diploma	-0.351***	-0.364***
	(0.129)	(0.129)
East Germany	-0.022	-0.053
	(0.166)	(0.166)
Female	-0.641***	0.627***
	(0.126)	(0.126)
Age	0.001	0.001
	(0.004)	(0.004)
MB: other X Religious		-0.003
		(0.542)
MB: Italy X Religious		0.036
		(0.373)
MB: Turkey X Religious		1.325***
		(0.414)
MB: Russia X Religious		0.705*
		(0.369)
Constant	1.794***	1.942***
	(0.347)	(0.353)
Observations	1,406	1,406
R2	0.064	0.072
Adjusted R2	0.056	0.062
Residual Std. Error	2.340	2.333
	(df = 1394)	(df = 1390)
F Statistic	8.638***	7.240***
	(df = 11; 1394)	(df = 15; 1390)

Note: Results of an OLS regression model. Respondents without a migrant background form the reference group. Numbers in parentheses are standard errors. *p<0.1;* ***p<0.05;*** p<0.01

Table A3: Determinants of the self-placement on an immigration policy dimension

	Dependent variable:	
	Selfplacement on Immigration Issues	
	OLS	
	(1)	(2)
Mig. Backgr. (other)	-0.215	0.019
	(0.307)	(0.512)
Mig. Backgr. (Italy)	-0.729***	-0.847***
	(0.212)	(0.321)
Mig. Backgr. (Turkey)	-0.614***	-0.755*
	(0.221)	(0.398)
Mig. Backgr. (Russia)	0.025	-0.287
	(0.223)	(0.329)
First Gen.	0.404*	0.389*
	(0.224)	(0.224)
Religious	0.145	0.017
	(0.148)	(0.211)
German citizenship	0.404	0.416
	(0.281)	(0.282)
High school/university diploma		
	-0.519***	-0.533***
	(0.144)	(0.145)
East Germany	0.265	0.257
	(0.186)	(0.187)
Female	-0.230	-0.229
	(0.140)	(0.141)
Age	0.010**	0.009**
	(0.004)	(0.004)
MB: other X Religious		-0.312
		(0.612)
MB: Italy X Religious		0.213
		(0.422)
MB: Turkey X Religious		0.224
		(0.464)
MB: Russia X Religious		0.538
		(0.414)
Constant	3.216***	3.296***
	(0.387)	(0.394)
Observations	1,417	1,417
R2	0.034	0.036
Adjusted R2	0.027	0.026
Residual Std. Error	2.622	2.624
	(df = 1405)	(df = 1401)
F Statistic	4.528***	3.475***
	(df = 11; 1405)	(df = 15; 1401)

Note: Results of an OLS regression model. Respondents without a migrant background form the reference group. Numbers in parentheses are standard errors. *p<0.1;* ***p<0.05;*** p<0.01

Table A4: Determinants of the self-placement on an economic policy dimension

Dependent variable:		
	Selfplacement on Economic Issues	
	OLS	
	(1)	(2)
Mig. Backgr. (other)	0.187	0.405
	(0.321)	(0.526)
Mig. Backgr. (Italy)	-0.167	-0.267
	(0.221)	(0.336)
Mig. Backgr. (Turkey)	0.246	0.159
	(0.233)	(0.421)
Mig. Backgr. (Russia)	0.292	0.491
	(0.235)	(0.347)
First Gen.	0.804***	0.808***
	(0.236)	(0.236)
Religious	0.113	0.148
	(0.155)	(0.220)
German citizenship	0.585**	0.603**
	(0.298)	(0.300)
High school/university diploma		
	-0.312**	-0.324**
	(0.151)	(0.152)
East Germany	0.292	0.293
	(0.195)	(0.196)
Female	0.070	0.078
	(0.147)	(0.148)
Age	-0.005	-0.005
	(0.004)	(0.004)
MB: other X Religious		-0.330
		(0.634)
MB: Italy X Religious		0.174
		(0.439)
MB: Turkey X Religious		0.108
		(0.489)
MB: Russia X Religious		-0.338
		(0.437)
Constant	4.531***	4.500***
	(0.410)	(0.417)
Observations	1,390	1,390
R2	0.022	0.023
Adjusted R2	0.014	0.012
Residual Std. Error	2.725	2.727
	(df = 1378)	(df = 1374)
F Statistic	2.802***	2.138***
	(df = 11; 1378)	(df = 15; 1374)

Note: Results of an OLS regression model. Respondents without a migrant background form the reference group. Numbers in parentheses are standard errors. *p<0.1;* ***p<0.05;*** p<0.01

4. Regression Models ‘Strength of Religiosity‘ replacing ‘Religiousness’-dummy

Table A5: Determinants of self-placement on various policy dimensions (including ‘strength of religiosity’)

	Societal Issues		Immigration Issues		Economic Issues	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Mig. Backgr. (other)	-0.398	-1.158	-0.185	0.220	0.060	-1.377
	(0.351)	(0.872)	(0.376)	(0.950)	(0.399)	(0.995)
Mig. Backgr. (Italy)	-0.153	-1.045	-0.548*	-0.536	-0.114	-0.389
	(0.260)	(0.669)	(0.283)	(0.734)	(0.298)	(0.768)
Mig. Backgr. (Turkey)	0.023	-1.472**	-0.576**	-0.183	0.163	-0.492
	(0.250)	(0.736)	(0.269)	(0.805)	(0.287)	(0.850)
Mig. Backgr. (Russia)	0.588**	0.678	0.383	0.332	0.214	-1.229
	(0.269)	(0.663)	(0.291)	(0.724)	(0.312)	(0.776)
First Gen.	1.114***	1.121***	0. 338	0.345	0.573**	0.577**
	(0.255)	(0.255)	(0.273)	(0.275)	(0.292)	(0.293)
Strength of Religiosity	0.331***	0.226***	0.066	0.089	0.121*	-0.011
	(0.057)	(0.086)	(0.062)	(0.095)	(0.065)	(0.098)
German citizenship	0.372	0.367	0.477	0.486	0.314	0.304
	(0.311)	(0.312)	(0.333)	(0.335)	(0.359)	(0.360)
High school/university diploma	-0.442***	-0.429**	-0.425**	-0.435**	-0.490**	-0.458**
	(0.172)	(0.172)	(0.185)	(0.187)	(0.196)	(0.197)
East Germany	-0.208	-0.223	-0.044	-0.048	0.107	0.104
	(0.260)	(0.260)	(0.284)	(0.285)	(0.300)	(0.301)
Female	-0.726***	-0.731***	-0.308*	-0.306*	0.055	0.061
	(0.166)	(0.166)	(0.179)	(0.180)	(0.191)	(0.191)
Age	-0.005**	-0.003	0.015***	0.015***	-0.006	-0.004
	(0.005)	(0.005)	(0.005)	(0.006)	(0.006)	(0.006)
MB: other X Strength of Religiosity		0.202		-0.108		0.381
		(0.212)		(0.230)		(0.243)
MB: Italy X Strength of Religiosity		0.241		-0.001		0.066
		(0.169)		(0.186)		(0.193)
MB: Turkey X Strength of Religiosity		0.366**		-0.096		0.169
		(0.170)		(0.185)		(0.196)
MB: Russia X Strength of Religiosity		-0.032		0.014		0.385**
		(0.163)		(0.176)		(0.189)
Constant	1.486***	1.789***	2.716***	2.646***	4.634***	5.057***
	(0.469)	(0.509)	(0.508)	(0.556)	(0.542)	(0.588)
Observations	840	840	845	845	827	827
R^2	0.105	0.112	0.044	0.044	0.021	0.028
Adjusted R^2	0.093	0.096	0.031	0.027	0.008	0.010
Residual Std. Error	2.397 (df = 828)	2.393 (df = 824)	2.594 (df = 833)	2.600 (df = 829)	2.731 (df = 815)	2.728 (df = 811)
F Statistic	8.795*** (df = 11; 828)	6.923*** (df = 15; 824)	3.461*** (df = 11; 833)	2.562*** (df = 15; 829)	1.611* (df = 11; 815)	1.564* (df = 15; 811)

Note: Results of an OLS regression model. Respondents without a migrant background form the reference group. Numbers in parentheses are standard errors. *p<0.1;* ***p<0.05;*** p<0.01
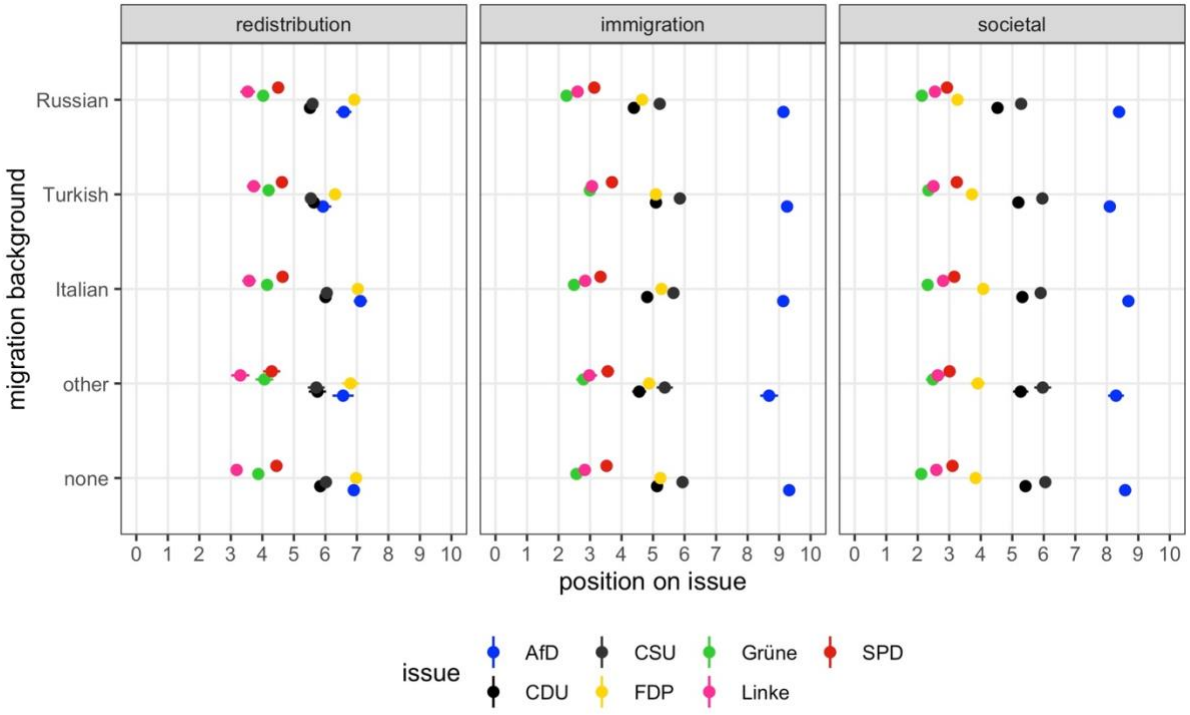
Figure A1. Party placement on various policy dimensions by respondents