VARIABLE CODEBOOK
Replication Data

"Legislating at the Intersections: Race, Gender and Representation"
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Unit of Analysis
legislator-year

Sample
All *Democratic* legislators serving in the following state houses (lower chambers) in 1997 and 2005 (unless otherwise indicated): Arizona, California, Florida, Maryland, Mississippi, Nevada, New Jersey (1998 and 2006), New Mexico, North Dakota, Ohio, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, and Utah

Excluding Asian American (only) and Native American (only) representatives (N=22)
N = 1,460

Identifier Variable

slerv19_candname – Name of legislator (format: LAST/SURNAME, FIRST/GIVEN)

Source: Klarner, Carl, William Berry, Thomas Carsey, Malcolm Jewell, Richard Niemi, Lynda Powell, and James Snyder. 2013. *State Legislative Election Returns (1967-2010)*. [Computer file] ICPSR34297-v1. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor]. doi:10.3886/ICPSR34297.v1.

Dependent Variables
Various measures of *race-gender policy leadership*, defined here as sponsoring bills that address the interests of both women and racial/ethnic minorities, or of disadvantaged subgroups thereof. See article and Online Appendix for more details.

Source: Data collected by authors from state legislative websites and Lexis Nexis State Capital online database

DV1ofeach – Sponsorship of at least one women's interest only bill AND at least one minority (Black and/or Latinx) interest only bill

1 = yes
0 = no

DVsimultD – Sponsorship of at least one bill that addresses the interests of women AND at least one racial or ethnic minority group simultaneously

1 = yes
0 = no

DVwelf_allD – Sponsorship of at least one bill that addresses the interests of disadvantaged subgroups of women and racial/ethnic minorities, namely poor, low-income, or economically disadvantaged individuals and communities

1 = yes
0 = no

DVany – Participation in any type of race-gender policy activity defined above (=1 on DV1ofeach OR DVsimultD OR DVdisadvD)

1 = yes
0 = no

Single-axis measures of race or gender policy leadership:

DVWomen – Sponsorship of at least one women's interest only bill

1 = yes
0 = no

DVBlack – Sponsorship of at least one Black interest only bill

1 = yes
0 = no

DVLatinx – Sponsorship of at least one Latinx interest only bill

1 = yes
0 = no

<u>Independent Variables</u>

Race-gender identity
NOTE: 'White' is operationalized as NOT Black/African American, Latinx, Asian American, Native American, or multiracial

Sources:

Bratton, Kathleen A., Kerry L. Haynie, and Beth Reingold. 2008. "Gender, Race, Ethnicity and Representation: The Changing Landscape of Legislative Diversity." In *The Book of the States 2008*. Lexington, KY: Council of State Governments.

Directories published or provided by:
Center for Women in American Politics (CAWP)
Joint Center for Political and Economic Studies (JCPES), Black Elected Officials database
National Association of Latino Elected and Appointed Officials (NALEO)
UCLA Asian American Studies Center, *National Asian Pacific American Political Almanac*
National Council of State Legislatures (NCSL), State Tribal Institute

white_man – Not Black/African American, Latina, Asian American, Native American, or multiracial AND male

1 = yes
0 = no

white_woman – Not Black/African American, Latina, Asian American, Native American, or multiracial AND female

1 = yes
0 = no

minority_woman – Black/African American and/or Latina AND female

1 = yes
0 = no

minority_man – Black/African American and/or Latina AND male

1 = yes
0 = no

race_gender6 – race and gender identity combined

White man
White woman
Black man
Black woman
Latino
Latina
[missing (N=3): Black woman and Latina]

Control Variables

District characteristics:

D_Black – percentage of district population who are Black/African American

Sources:
Barone, Michael, William Lilley III, and Laurence J. DeFranco. 1998. *State Legislative Elections: Voting Patterns and Demographics*. Washington, DC: CQ Press.

Lilley III, William, Laurence J. DeFranco, Mark F. Bernstein, and Kari L. Ramsby. 2008. *The Almanac of State Legislative Elections: Voting and Demographics 2000-2006*, 3rd edition. Washington, DC: CQ Press.

D_Hisp – percentage of district population who are of Hispanic origin
Sources: Barone et al. 1998; Lilley et al. 2008

D_color – D_Black + D_Hisp
Sources: Barone et al. 1998; Lilley et al. 2008

D_AveInc – average household income of district population, in thousands of dollars
Sources: Barone et al. 1998; Lilley et al. 2008

dper – percentage of the two-party vote cast for the Democratic state house candidate(s) in the preceding election
Sources:
Klarner, Carl, 2018, "102slersuoacontest20181024-1.tab", *State Legislative Election Returns, 1967-2016: Restructured For Use*, https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/DRSACA/HJFG1K, Harvard Dataverse, V1, UNF:6:eqlEaHuLdph00pTX/7yCrw== [fileUNF].

Preuhs, Robert R., and Eric Gonzalez Juenke. 2011. "Latino U.S. State Legislators in the 1990s: Majority-Minority Districts, Minority Incorporation, and Institutional Position." *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 11(1): 48-75.

prs00dem2party – Validated Democratic vote share in the 2000 presidential election (Bush v. Gore), pre- and post-redistricting state legislative districts (AZ, CA, FL, MD, MN, NJ, NM, OH, and TX only)
Source: McDonald, Michael P. 2014. "Presidential Vote within State Legislative Districts." *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 14(2): 196-204.

Legislator characteristics:

sler_seniority – number of years served consecutively in state house, prior to observed session
Source: Klarner, Carl, William Berry, Thomas Carsey, Malcolm Jewell, Richard Niemi, Lynda Powell, and James Snyder. 2013. *State Legislative Election Returns (1967-2010)*. [Computer file] ICPSR34297-v1. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor]. doi:10.3886/ICPSR34297.v1.

chair_wo – chair of a women's interest/issue committee (a standing committee to which at least 10% of women's interest only bills are referred)

1 = yes
0 = no
Source: State Yellow Book, Spring 1997 and Spring 2005 editions. Washington, DC: Leadership Directories, Inc.

chair_we – chair of a welfare/poverty committee (a standing committee to which at least 10% of welfare/poverty bills are referred)

1 = yes
0 = no
Source: State Yellow Book, Spring 1997 and Spring 2005 editions

chair_b – chair of a Black interest committee (a standing committee to which at least 10% of Black interest only bills are referred)

1 = yes
0 = no
Source: State Yellow Book, Spring 1997 and Spring 2005 editions

chair_l – chair of a Latinx interest committee (a standing committee to which at least 10% of Latinx interest only bills are referred)

1 = yes
0 = no
Source: State Yellow Book, Spring 1997 and Spring 2005 editions

chair_wobl – chair of a women's, Black, or Latinx interest committee

chair_all – chair of a women's, Black, or Latinx interest committee or a welfare/poverty committee

bills_intro – total number of regular house bills introduced as primary sponsor during the entire annual or biannual legislative session (does not include resolutions, memorials, etc.)

Source: Data collected by authors from state legislative websites

Fixed Effects

State_f – postal abbreviation of state (e.g., AZ)

Year

1997
1998 (NJ only)
2005
2006 (NJ only)