Participant ID: 2- ___ - ___

OPTIONS Provider KAP Quantitative Survey: Kenya (English)

Data Collector Name: _____

Date: _____

Self-Perception of Role as Health Worker ***The first questions of the survey are about your role in the health field, and how you see yourself in this role.***		
1.	As a health care worker, which of the following do you think is your role in the community? *Mark all that apply*	☐ Protector/guardian ☐ Caregiver ☐ Confidant/Friend ☐ Gatekeeper of information ☐ Health care provider ☐ Other, please specify: - _____
2.	Which of the following do you think are your most important jobs as a health worker? **(Choose 3)**	☐ Treat people who are sick ☐ Prevent sickness ☐ Keep the community healthy ☐ Reduce HIV ☐ Help people experiencing gender-based violence ☐ Give people the information they need to stay healthy ☐ Give people the medications they need to stay healthy ☐ Other, please specify: - _____
The statement will ask you whether you strongly agree, agree, are neutral (you don't have a feeling one way or the other), disagree or strongly disagree with the statement.		
3.	A part of my job is counseling young women (ages 20-24) and girls (ages 15-19) about sexual and reproductive health issues	☐ Strongly Agree ☐ Agree ☐ Neutral ☐ Disagree ☐ Strongly Disagree
PrEP Awareness ***Now we will move on to your familiarity with pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP), training received, and any training needs you may have to further help you in your role.***		
4.	Are you familiar with oral pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) for HIV prevention?	☐ Yes ☐ No

	If no, skip to #7	
5.	Have you received information about PrEP from any of the following sources: *Mark all that apply*	☐ National guidelines/policy ☐ Friends ☐ Other health care workers ☐ On-the-Job training ☐ Community education sessions ☐ Informational brochures/leaflets ☐ Conferences/Events ☐ Newspaper ☐ TV ☐ Radio ☐ Internet ☐ Social media (e.g. What's App) ☐ Other, please specify: - _____
6.	Have you received any training on oral PrEP? If no, skip to #7	☐ Yes ☐ No
6b.	Who provided the training? *Mark all that apply*	☐ National training rollout (NASCOP) ☐ The facility where I work ☐ Supporting implementing partner / NGO ☐ Research team (demonstration project/clinical trial) ☐ Other, please specify: - _____
6c.	What was the training on? *Mark all that apply*	☐ National guidelines ☐ Eligibility criteria ☐ Clinical monitoring and management ☐ Side effects ☐ Resistance risk ☐ Prevention ☐ Effective use/adherence counseling ☐ Monitoring & Evaluation (M&E) ☐ Other, please specify: - _____

6d.	What would you like additional training on? *Mark all that apply*	☐ National guidelines ☐ Eligibility criteria ☐ Clinical monitoring and management ☐ Side effects ☐ Resistance risk ☐ Prevention ☐ Effective use/adherence counseling ☐ Monitoring & Evaluation (M&E) ☐ Other, please specify: - _____

7.	Have you received training in any of the following?	Meeting the specific health needs of:
		Mark all that apply
		    ☐ adolescent girls (ages 15-19)
		    ☐ young women (ages 20-24)
		    ☐ sex workers
		    ☐ men who have sex with men
		    ☐ transgender women (A woman who was allocated male sex at birth)
		    ☐ serodiscordant couples (one is HIV positive and the other is HIV negative)
		    ☐ pregnant women
		    ☐ people with injecting drug use
		    ☐ None of the above
		
		Training in any of the following:
		Mark all that apply
		
		☐ Providing confidential services
		☐ Couples' HIV counseling and testing
		☐ Identifying and supporting people experiencing gender-based violence
		☐ Identifying and addressing my own feelings about PrEP
		☐ Counseling partners of people using PrEP
		☐ Counseling people who seroconvert (become HIV+) and referring them to care and treatment
		☐ Other, please specify: _____
		☐ None of the above

PrEP Knowledge		

Thank you. The following questions about PrEP all have True, False, or 'I don't know' responses. We understand that at this stage of PrEP rollout, knowledge of PrEP varies greatly. Your response to this section will help determine what training is needed for further rollout of oral PrEP in Kenya

8.	PrEP is the use of antiretroviral drugs before HIV exposure to prevent HIV infection	☐ True ☐ False ☐ I don't know
9.	Taking an HIV test is a requirement before one can be given PrEP	☐ True ☐ False ☐ I don't know
10.	A person cannot take PrEP if they are HIV positive	☐ True ☐ False ☐ I don't know
11.	A person cannot take PrEP if they are pregnant	☐ True ☐ False ☐ I don't know
12.	A person who is using PrEP correctly reduces their risk of HIV infection	☐ True ☐ False ☐ I don't know
13.	Condom use is still advised when using PrEP	☐ True ☐ False ☐ I don't know
14.	PrEP users may experience minimal side effects (e.g. diarrhea, nausea, decreased appetite, abdominal cramping)	☐ True ☐ False ☐ I don't know
15.	PrEP can be stopped once the user is no longer at substantial risk of HIV	☐ True ☐ False ☐ I don't know
16.	A person who tests HIV-positive whilst taking PrEP can continue taking PrEP drugs as usual	☐ True ☐ False ☐ I don't know
17.	PrEP does not protect from contracting sexually transmitted infections (STIs)	☐ True ☐ False ☐ I don't know
18.	A person who thinks that they may be at risk of contracting HIV is eligible for PrEP	☐ True ☐ False ☐ I don't know
19.	A person taking PrEP should undergo routine adherence counselling	☐ True ☐ False ☐ I don't know

20.	A person taking PrEP must undergo routine HIV testing at least every 3 months	☐ True ☐ False ☐ I don't know
21.	A person can stop taking PrEP when their HIV infected partner who is on anti-retroviral therapy (ART) is virally suppressed (has a reduced amount of HIV virus in their blood).	☐ True ☐ False ☐ I don't know
22.	A man who is circumcised has no need for PrEP	☐ True ☐ False ☐ I don't know
23.	The following can prescribe PrEP: *Mark all that apply*	☐ Doctor ☐ Nurse ☐ Pharmacist ☐ Researcher ☐ Counsellor ☐ Peer educator ☐ Community Health Worker ☐ Program Manager

Perceptions Around HIV Prevention, PrEP Use, and Acceptability

The next questions will ask you about your thoughts around HIV, what it would be like to provide PrEP at your facility, and the use of PrEP within the community generally. Depending on your role, some of these questions may not be relevant to you and it's OK to skip them.

24.	How sure are you that PrEP works to prevent HIV, if used correctly?	☐ Very sure ☐ Sure ☐ Somewhat sure ☐ Not sure at all

The next couple of statements will ask you whether you strongly agree, agree, are neutral (you don't have a feeling one way or the other), disagree or strongly disagree with the statement.

25.	I need additional skills and experience to provide PrEP	☐ Strongly Agree ☐ Agree ☐ Neutral ☐ Disagree ☐ Strongly Disagree
26.	The use of PrEP will cause people to engage in riskier behaviour	☐ Strongly Agree ☐ Agree ☐ Neutral ☐ Disagree ☐ Strongly Disagree
27.	The use of PrEP will result in less frequent condom use	☐ Strongly Agree ☐ Agree

		☐ Neutral ☐ Disagree ☐ Strongly Disagree
28.	Clients should try using other HIV prevention options (such as condoms, risk reduction counseling, or voluntary medical male circumcision) before using PrEP	☐ Strongly Agree ☐ Agree ☐ Neutral ☐ Disagree ☐ Strongly Disagree
29.	Use of PrEP will lead to resistance to ARVs	☐ Strongly Agree ☐ Agree ☐ Neutral ☐ Disagree ☐ Strongly Disagree
30.	Use of PrEP will lead to intimate partner violence	☐ Strongly Agree ☐ Agree ☐ Neutral ☐ Disagree ☐ Strongly Disagree

PrEP Beliefs

The next questions will ask you about your beliefs in providing PrEP to a variety of different sub populations. Yes, Maybe, No are the response options.

I believe PrEP should be provided to the following groups:

31.	Adolescent girls (ages 15-19)	☐ Yes ☐ Maybe ☐ No
32.	Young women (ages 20-24)	☐ Yes ☐ Maybe ☐ No
33.	People who inject drugs	☐ Yes ☐ Maybe ☐ No
34.	People who change sex partners frequently	☐ Yes ☐ Maybe ☐ No
35.	People who exchange sex for money, drugs or other goods and services	☐ Yes ☐ Maybe ☐ No
36.	Sex workers	☐ Yes ☐ Maybe

		☐ No
37.	People experiencing intimate partner violence	☐ Yes ☐ Maybe ☐ No
38.	Serodiscordant couples (one is HIV positive and the other is HIV negative)	☐ Yes ☐ Maybe ☐ No
39.	Men who have sex with men (MSM)	☐ Yes ☐ Maybe ☐ No
40.	Transgender women (A woman who was allocated male sex at birth)	☐ Yes ☐ Maybe ☐ No
41.	Pregnant women	☐ Yes ☐ Maybe ☐ No
42.	A person who believes they are at high risk of HIV infection	☐ Yes ☐ Maybe ☐ No
43.	Which 3 groups do you think it is most important to provide PrEP to? *(Choose 3)*	☐ Adolescent girls (ages 15-19) ☐ Young women (ages 20-24) ☐ People who inject drugs ☐ People who change sex partners frequently ☐ People who exchange sex for money, drugs or other goods and services ☐ Sex workers ☐ People experiencing intimate partner violence ☐ Serodiscordant couples (one is HIV positive and the other is HIV negative) ☐ Men who have sex with men ☐ Transgender women (A woman who was allocated male sex at birth) ☐ Pregnant women ☐ A person who believes they are at high risk of HIV infection ☐ Other, please specify: _____
44.	What do you think are the benefits of PrEP? *Mark all that apply*	☐ Increases the number of HIV prevention options ☐ Can be used without sexual partner(s) knowing ☐ Can be used without anyone knowing

		☐ Allows a person to have sex without worrying about HIV ☐ Sexual pleasure ☐ Security ☐ Empowerment ☐ Comfort ☐ Peace of mind ☐ Other, please specify: _____
45.	What do you think are the barriers of PrEP <u>uptake</u>? *Mark all that apply*	☐ Being judged ☐ Not trusting that it will work/product effectiveness ☐ Sexual partners not approving ☐ Peers or family members not approving ☐ Side effects ☐ Lack of access ☐ Availability ☐ Experiencing intimate partner violence ☐ Fear of disapproval from healthcare worker ☐ Other, please specify: _____
46.	What do you think are the barriers of PrEP <u>use</u>? *Mark all that apply*	☐ Being judged ☐ Not trusting that it will work/product effectiveness ☐ Sexual partners not approving ☐ Peers or family members not approving ☐ Side effects ☐ Lack of access ☐ Availability ☐ Experiencing intimate partner violence ☐ Fear of disapproval from healthcare worker ☐ Other, please specify: _____

The next questions will ask about your beliefs with respect to providing PrEP to adolescent girls ages 15-19 specifically. The response options are the same as earlier.

I believe PrEP should be provided to ADOLESCENT GIRLS (ages 15-19) in the following situations:

47.	If she is experiencing intimate partner violence	☐ Yes ☐ Maybe ☐ No
48.	If she has a sexually transmitted infection	☐ Yes ☐ Maybe

		☐ No
49.	If she changes sexual partners frequently	☐ Yes ☐ Maybe ☐ No
50.	If she has sex with persons of unknown HIV status	☐ Yes ☐ Maybe ☐ No
51.	If she engages in exchanging sex for goods and services	☐ Yes ☐ Maybe ☐ No
52.	If she has sex under the influence of alcohol	☐ Yes ☐ Maybe ☐ No
53.	If she is unable / unwilling to use condoms consistently	☐ Yes ☐ Maybe ☐ No
54.	If she is married	☐ Yes ☐ Maybe ☐ No
55.	If she in a serodiscordant relationship (one is HIV positive and the other is HIV negative)	☐ Yes ☐ Maybe ☐ No
56.	If she has a partner who is considerably older	☐ Yes ☐ Maybe ☐ No
57.	Any adolescent girl who requests PrEP	☐ Yes ☐ Maybe ☐ No
58.	Any other situation:	☐ Yes, please specify: _____ ☐ Maybe, please specify: _____ ☐ No

The next questions will ask about your beliefs with respect to providing PrEP to young women ages 20-24 specifically. The response options are the same as earlier.

I believe PrEP should be provided to YOUNG WOMEN (ages 20-24) under the following situations:

59.	If she is experiencing intimate partner violence	☐ Yes ☐ Maybe ☐ No
60.	If she has a sexually transmitted infection	☐ Yes ☐ Maybe

		☐ No
61.	If she changes sexual partners frequently	☐ Yes ☐ Maybe ☐ No
62.	If she has sex with persons of unknown HIV status	☐ Yes ☐ Maybe ☐ No
63.	If she engages in exchanging sex for goods and services	☐ Yes ☐ Maybe ☐ No
64.	If she has sex under the influence of alcohol	☐ Yes ☐ Maybe ☐ No
65.	If she is unable to use condoms consistently	☐ Yes ☐ Maybe ☐ No
66.	If she is married	☐ Yes ☐ Maybe ☐ No
67.	If she in in a serodiscordant relationship (one is HIV positive and the other is HIV negative)	☐ Yes ☐ Maybe ☐ No
68.	If she has a partner who is considerably older	☐ Yes ☐ Maybe ☐ No
69.	Any young woman who requests PrEP	☐ Yes ☐ Maybe ☐ No
70.	Any other situation:	☐ Yes, please specify: _____ ☐ Maybe, please specify: _____ ☐ No

Attitudes and Perceptions pf PrEP

Attitudes and perceptions about PrEP for adolescent girls (ages 15-19) and young women (ages 20-24)

The next couple of statements are about your thoughts on use of PrEP among ADOLESCENT GIRLS (ages 15-19). I will ask you whether you strongly agree, agree, are neutral (you don't have a feeling one way or the other), disagree or strongly disagree with the statement.

71.	PrEP should be available to all adolescent girls	☐ Strongly Agree

		☐ Agree ☐ Neutral ☐ Disagree ☐ Strongly Disagree
72.	Providing PrEP to adolescent girls would result in negative reactions from the community	☐ Strongly Agree ☐ Agree ☐ Neutral ☐ Disagree ☐ Strongly Disagree
73.	Providing PrEP to unmarried adolescent girls promotes sexual promiscuity	☐ Strongly Agree ☐ Agree ☐ Neutral ☐ Disagree ☐ Strongly Disagree
74.	It is better to tell sexually active unmarried adolescent girls to abstain from sex rather than give her PrEP	☐ Strongly Agree ☐ Agree ☐ Neutral ☐ Disagree ☐ Strongly Disagree
75.	Health workers should provide PrEP to both married and unmarried adolescent girls	☐ Strongly Agree ☐ Agree ☐ Neutral ☐ Disagree ☐ Strongly Disagree
76.	Information on PrEP should be part of HIV prevention education for adolescent girls	☐ Strongly Agree ☐ Agree ☐ Neutral ☐ Disagree ☐ Strongly Disagree
77.	An adolescent girl should tell her partner if she is using PrEP	☐ Strongly Agree ☐ Agree ☐ Neutral ☐ Disagree ☐ Strongly Disagree
78.	Unmarried adolescents (ages 15-19) should get parental consent to use PrEP	☐ Strongly Agree ☐ Agree ☐ Neutral ☐ Disagree ☐ Strongly Disagree

79.	PrEP should not be given to adolescent girls because they should not be having sex	☐ Strongly Agree ☐ Agree ☐ Neutral ☐ Disagree ☐ Strongly Disagree
80.	Adolescent girls are responsible enough to be able to use PrEP consistently	☐ Strongly Agree ☐ Agree ☐ Neutral ☐ Disagree ☐ Strongly Disagree
81.	Adolescent girls should be comfortable to ask their provider for PrEP	☐ Strongly Agree ☐ Agree ☐ Neutral ☐ Disagree ☐ Strongly Disagree
82.	Parents should be comfortable if their adolescent daughters (ages 15-19) use PrEP	☐ Strongly Agree ☐ Agree ☐ Neutral ☐ Disagree ☐ Strongly Disagree
The next couple of statements are about your thoughts on use of PrEP among YOUNG WOMEN (ages 20-24). I will ask you whether you strongly agree, agree, are neutral (you don't have a feeling one way or the other), disagree or strongly disagree with the statement.		
83.	PrEP should be available to all young women	☐ Strongly Agree ☐ Agree ☐ Neutral ☐ Disagree ☐ Strongly Disagree
84.	Providing PrEP to young women would result in negative reactions from the community	☐ Strongly Agree ☐ Agree ☐ Neutral ☐ Disagree ☐ Strongly Disagree
85.	Providing PrEP to unmarried young women promotes sexual promiscuity	☐ Strongly Agree ☐ Agree ☐ Neutral ☐ Disagree ☐ Strongly Disagree
86.	It is better to tell sexually active unmarried young women to abstain from sex rather than give her PrEP	☐ Strongly Agree ☐ Agree ☐ Neutral

		☐ Disagree ☐ Strongly Disagree
87.	Health workers should provide PrEP to both married and unmarried young women	☐ Strongly Agree ☐ Agree ☐ Neutral ☐ Disagree ☐ Strongly Disagree
88.	Information on PrEP should be part of HIV prevention education for young women	☐ Strongly Agree ☐ Agree ☐ Neutral ☐ Disagree ☐ Strongly Disagree
89.	A young woman should tell her partner if she is using PrEP	☐ Strongly Agree ☐ Agree ☐ Neutral ☐ Disagree ☐ Strongly Disagree
90.	PrEP should not be given to young women because they should not be having sex	☐ Strongly Agree ☐ Agree ☐ Neutral ☐ Disagree ☐ Strongly Disagree
91.	Young women are responsible enough to be able to use PrEP consistently	☐ Strongly Agree ☐ Agree ☐ Neutral ☐ Disagree ☐ Strongly Disagree
92.	Young women should be comfortable to ask their provider for PrEP	☐ Strongly Agree ☐ Agree ☐ Neutral ☐ Disagree ☐ Strongly Disagree

Service Delivery Considerations

Almost there! This final section is around service delivery considerations.

93.	Which is the best setting for providing PrEP services to ADOLESCENT GIRLS (ages 15-19)? ***Select upto three options***	☐ Public health facilities ☐ Non-governmental organizations ☐ Youth-friendly health service locations ☐ STI prevention and treatment sites ☐ Family planning and reproductive health sites ☐ Maternal health settings

		☐ Gender-based violence counselling sites ☐ Private hospitals or clinics ☐ School health services ☐ Campus health services ☐ Faith-based organisations ☐ HIV counselling and testing sites ☐ Mobile health services ☐ Outreach services ☐ Pharmacies ☐ Other, please specify: _____
94.	Which is the best setting for providing PrEP services to YOUNG WOMEN (20-24)? ***Select upto three options***	☐ Public health facilities ☐ Non-governmental organizations ☐ Youth-friendly health service locations ☐ STI prevention and treatment sites ☐ Family planning and reproductive health sites ☐ Maternal health settings ☐ Gender-based violence counselling sites ☐ Private hospitals or clinics ☐ School health services ☐ Campus health services ☐ Faith-based organisations ☐ HIV counselling and testing sites ☐ Mobile health services ☐ Outreach services ☐ Pharmacies ☐ Other, please specify: _____
95.	Are there barriers for health care workers giving PrEP? **If No, skip to question 98.**	☐ Yes ☐ No
96.	What barriers do health workers have in giving PrEP to ADOLESCENT GIRLS (ages 15-19)? *Mark all that apply*	☐ Environment is not adolescent-friendly ☐ Adolescents unwilling to come ☐ Health workers don't have training to work with adolescents ☐ Providers are too busy to provide this service ☐ No barriers ☐ Other, please specify: _____

97.	What barriers do health workers have in giving PrEP to YOUNG WOMEN (ages 20-24)? *Mark all that apply*	☐ Environment is not youth-friendly ☐ Young women unwilling to come ☐ Health workers don't have training to work with young women ☐ Providers are too busy to provide this service ☐ No barriers ☐ Other, please specify: _____
98.	What concerns might you have about providing / delivering PrEP? *Mark all that apply*	☐ Is it safe? ☐ Are there side effects? ☐ Is it effective? ☐ Will it lead to drug resistance? ☐ Will it encourage risky behaviors? ☐ Will patients be able to adhere? ☐ Will it be consistently available? ☐ Drug should be prioritized for treatment ☐ Other, please specify: _____
99.	What concerns do you have regarding adherence to PrEP? *Adherence is defined as taking PrEP when you need it as a daily pill as prescribed.* *Mark all that apply*	☐ Patients might not take it if they fear being 'found out' ☐ Patients may not be able to come back to the clinic for resupply ☐ Patients may not take the pill correctly ☐ Patients will forget ☐ Other, please specify: _____

Any Comment