Codebook – qualitative analysis

Codes

Name	Description	Files	References
Actors	Agents in general mentioned by the text - even if they are not taking any political activity.	406	5819
Bureaucrats or government employees		364	2062
Lower tier officers or junior		6	8
Military official or armed forces		3	6
Street-level bureaucrats		11	16
Top public officers or senior		80	250
Citizens (public)		46	97
Interest groups		158	750
Lobbyists		40	106
Ministers		91	325
NGOs or nonprofit organisations		19	28
Political parties		201	867
Politicians or elected officials		272	968
President, PM or Executive leader		124	578
Social movements		5	20
Trade unions or professional associations		8	13

Name	Description	Files	References
Classification IGs	Stakeholders undertaking lobbying activities or clearly framed as interest groups or organisations. General categories were based on Baroni et al. (2014), Chalmers (2014) - Transparency Register	100	573
Academic institutions		3	3
Citizen or public interest groups		32	60
Social movements		2	2
Firms, trade associations or business groups		73	192
Government officials or agencies		17	25
NGOs or nonprofit organisations		17	33
Politicians or elected officials		4	5
Religious organisations		2	4
Think tanks or research institutions		12	16
Unions or professional associations		25	47
Countries or regions	Countries or regions mentioned by studies	397	3810
Afghanistan		1	2
Africa		17	25
Argentina		19	55
Armenia		1	1
Asia		11	18
Australia		32	49
Austria		21	36
Bangladesh		8	19
Belgium		18	39
Benin		3	23

Name	Description	Files	References
Bolivia		3	4
Botswana		4	5
Brazil		43	120
Bulgaria		10	17
Cambodia		2	6
Canada		42	79
Chile		19	71
China		25	70
Colombia		12	17
Congo		1	1
Costa Rica		5	7
Croatia		7	9
Cuba		3	4
Cyprus		3	3
Czech Republic		17	56
Denmark		46	152
Dominican Republic		7	29
Ecuador		6	11
Egypt		2	2
El Salvador		2	4
Eritrea		1	3
Estonia		14	33
Ethiopia		2	3
Europe or European Union		97	244

Name	Description	Files	References
Finland		11	29
France		51	85
Germany		59	147
Ghana		13	40
Greece		19	34
Guatemala		2	4
Honduras		1	1
Hong Kong		1	2
Hungary		28	139
Iceland		3	5
India		21	44
Indonesia		13	26
Iraq		2	3
Ireland		15	19
Israel		7	13
Italy		30	73
Japan		23	39
Kenya		4	4
Korea		25	60
Kosovo		3	14
Kyrgyzstan		0	0
Lao		1	1
Latin America		32	80
Latvia		11	22

Name	Description	Files	References
Liberia		1	1
Libya		1	1
Lithuania		12	22
Luxembourg		2	2
Macedonia		1	1
Madagascar		1	1
Malawi		2	2
Malaysia		7	23
Mexico		18	52
Montenegro		1	2
Mozambique		1	1
Namibia		0	0
Nepal		5	8
Netherlands		34	64
New Zealand		21	44
Nicaragua		2	5
Niger		1	1
Nigeria		4	4
Norway		15	35
Pakistan		11	24
Panama		3	3
Paraguay		6	18
Peru		8	24
Philippines		7	27

Name	Description	Files	References
Poland		18	64
Portugal		17	48
Romania		10	13
Russia		16	46
Rwanda		2	2
Senegal		3	3
Serbia		5	6
Singapore		6	8
Slovakia		17	41
Slovenia		10	36
Somalia		1	1
South Africa		11	37
Spain		27	48
Sri Lanka		4	17
Sweden		36	103
Switzerland		6	6
Taiwan		9	27
Tanzania		2	3
Thailand		6	29
Timor Leste		1	1
Trinidad and Tobago		0	0
Tunisia		1	2
Turkey		13	38
Uganda		5	7

Name	Description	Files	References
Ukraine		5	6
United Kingdom		101	255
United States		216	467
Uruguay		4	8
Venezuela		6	12
Vietnam		3	3
Yugoslavia		1	1
Zambia		2	2
Zimbabwe		1	1
Dichotomies or tensions	Divisions	116	318
Loyalty x Competence		19	41
Merit x Trust		15	30
Politics x Administration		110	272
blurred boundaries between politics and administration		4	6
politics separated from administration		5	7
Technical (Merit) x Political		44	81
Interactions and relationships	interactions and relationships between actors.	159	1020
Bureaucrats and elites		2	6
Bureaucrats and firms		3	13
Bureaucrats and parties		16	20
Bureaucrats and politicians or elected officials		72	154
Bureaucrats and the public		13	18

Name	Description	Files	References
IGs and bureaucrats		86	293
IGs and elected officials		32	97
IGs and parties		8	20
IGs, bureaucrats, and parties		2	2
Patronage	Any mention to patronage	144	905
Concept of patronage	It encompasses a series of definitions found in previous studies.	43	59
allocation of public offices by political parties		19	30
clientelistic relationship		2	2
concept of patronage is not clear		3	3
discretionary distribution of posts		8	8
distribution of posts by merit-based criteria		0	0
distribution of posts by non-merit criteria		11	11
distribution of public jobs by political criteria		2	2
distribution of public jobs to allies		11	14
exchange of goods for electoral support		4	6
patron-client relationships		7	8
pork-barrel allocations		1	1
selection by political leaders		2	2
Patronage goals	Purposes on patronage. Based on Bearfield's typology (2009) and bibliometrics research.	19	54
Control over the government	It includes not only control over policies but also linkages with the State (Di Mascio,	15	32

Name	Description	Files	References
	2014) and control over state resources (usually connected with party-building).		
Creation of political organisations		2	2
Democratic goals		0	0
Policy goals		5	7
Political support or loyalty		15	27
Reforms		2	2
Reward to partisans or allies		12	21
State building		0	0
Value of patronage		17	59
Benefits		9	16
Costs		11	15
Rent-seeking benefits		5	5
Views on patronage		29	110
Negative		26	41
Neutral		0	0
Positive		9	20
Political institutions		97	429
Electoral system		6	8
Informal institutions		4	7
Other variables		8	16
Organisation structure		1	1
Policy domain		6	14
Party system		33	50
Multi party		16	18

Name	Description	Files	References
Single party		5	5
Two parties		1	1
Political regime		41	83
Autocracy		20	35
Democracy		28	46
Flawed democracy		0	0
Hybrid regime		1	1
Separation of powers		6	7
Federalist system		3	3
Unitary system		1	1
System of government		35	66
Coalitional presidentialism		9	12
Parliamentarism		17	24
Presidentialism		20	32
Semi-presidentialism		2	2
Politicisation of the bureaucracy		186	1411
Bureaucrats as technocrats		1	1
Bureaucrats' ideology or interest in politics		1	1
Bureaucrats' political roles		17	35
Discretionary choice		2	2
Loyalty to the president or superiors		9	20
Partisan loyalty or influence	Partisan loyalty from bureaucrats or partisan power in appointing individuals to positions. It includes partisan affiliation and other types of engagement.	22	47
Other types of partisan		0	0

Name	Description	Files	References
engagement			
Partisan affiliation		1	1
Political interference in bureaucratic activities		2	2
Political intervention in appointments	Political influence in selecting, deselecting or promoting bureaucrats.	14	22
Political links of bureaucrats		6	8
Political or personal connections	Broad definition: political connections of bureaucrats in general (no specification).	10	10
Political vs merit-based criteria		37	62
Politician-civil servant interaction		3	4
Profile of bureaucrats		53	152
Age		11	15
Career type	outsider or career civil servant	14	22
Education		20	25
Gender		16	23
Other political activities		5	5
Partisan affiliation or engagement		21	45
Professional experience		16	20
experience in the private sector		1	1
experience in the public sector		3	4
Race		2	3
Social background		4	4
Related topics		392	4730
Administrative traditions		19	59
Bureaucratic autonomy		63	184

Name	Description	Files	References
Civil service reform		59	211
Civil-military relations		3	15
Clientelism		42	123
Control over the bureaucracy or policies	Control over the bureaucracy by the political authority (ministers, president, etc)	108	294
Corruption		101	328
Democracy		71	141
Division of Powers		17	40
Evaluation or performance assessment		2	4
Executive-legislative relations		18	41
IGs strategies		23	93
Interest group influence		46	134
Interest representation		7	29
Oversight and accountability		48	112
Policymaking		111	190
Political appointments		228	1355
Professionalisation of the bureaucracy		69	152
Recruitment processes		118	417
Representative bureaucracy		24	49
Responsiveness		83	189
Revolving doors		24	94
Service delivery		32	52
State capacity		21	48

Name	Description	Files	References
State capture		32	59
State-society relations		6	9
Turnover or tenure		59	236
Venue choice		22	71
Research and methods		343	2852
Data sources		135	209
Gaps in the literature		143	223
General methodology		71	80
Formal modeling		32	36
Interpretive-Phenomenology		1	1
Mixed methods		10	13
Qualitative		34	38
Quantitative		47	55
Theoretical discussion		2	2
Measurement and variables		69	174
Corruption		5	11
IG influence		5	5
Party engagement		2	4
Patronage		14	30
Politicisation		27	49
Professionalism or competence		8	10
Methods and techniques		238	440
Case studies		53	62
Comparative studies		12	15

Name	Description	Files	References
Content analysis		8	8
Descriptive statistics		7	7
Discourse analysis		0	0
Documentary research		33	37
Ethnographic research		6	8
Focus group		5	5
In-depth interviews		82	111
Inferential statistics		1	1
Literature review		12	14
Methods not clear		1	1
Network analysis		7	14
Participant observation		5	5
QCA		2	5
Quasi-experimental designs		3	3
Regression models		155	195
Surveys		89	129
Theoretical framework		87	289
Game theory		6	6
Informational theories		1	6
Institutional theories	Institutional theories in political science.	13	27
Organizational theories		2	3
Political economy		6	7
Political sociology		1	1
Principal-agent theory or		54	88

Name	Description	Files	References
delegation			
Rational choice	It includes social/public choice theories as they are based on the concept of rationality and economic analytical models.	13	17
Spatial models		0	0