Codebook for the variables used in the article "Attitudinal consistency in citizens' social policy preferences" - Ares, Häusermann, Enggist & Pinggera
Original data: *welfarepriorities*

For a full description of the dataset, questionnaire and detailed question wording see: http://welfarepriorities.eu/wp-content/uploads/2020/08/HausermannEtal2020.pdf

Variable name	Description
id	Respondent's unique identifier
country	Respondent's country of residence
age	Respondent's age
exp_pension	Support for the policy reform proposal: "The government should increase old age pension benefits."
ret_pension	Support for the policy reform proposal: "The government should reduce old age pension benefits."
exp_child	Support for the policy reform proposal: "The government should increase the availability of good-quality childcare services."
ret_child	Support for the policy reform proposal: "The government should increase the fees for public childcare services."
exp_univ	Support for the policy reform proposal: "The government should expand access to good-quality university education for students from lower-income families."
ret_univ	Support for the policy reform proposal: "The government should increase student fees for university education for students from middle- and higher- income families."
exp_unemp	Support for the policy reform proposal: "The government should increase unemployment benefits."
ret_unemp	Support for the policy reform proposal: "The government should reduce unemployment benefits."
exp_almp	Support for the policy reform proposal: "The government should expand services that help reintegrate the long-term unemployed into the labour market."
ret_almp	Support for the policy reform proposal: "The government should provide labour market reintegration services only to the long-term unemployed (rather than all unemployed)."
exp_immig	Support for the policy reform proposal: "The government should expand social assistance benefits for [COUNTRY] nationals only."
ret_immig	Support for the policy reform proposal: "The government should reduce social assistance benefits only for the non-[COUNTRY NATIONALITY] ."
trade_off	Level of agreement with the statement "Nowadays, the welfare state can't offer everything that one may wish for. If you increase benefits for some people, sooner or later someone else will have to accept lower benefits."
fiscal_const	Level of agreement with the statement "Taxes are already high. The government should not levy more money from citizens via taxes anymore."

tradeoff_pension	Degree to which the respondent finds acceptable that "The government guarantees decent old age pension benefits for all future pensioners, at a cost of somewhat lowering benefits for current pensioners".
tradeoff_child	Degree to which the respondent finds acceptable that "The government increases the availability of good-quality childcare, at a cost of lowering child benefits."
tradeoff_unemppen	Degree to which the respondent finds acceptable that "The government increases benefits for the unemployed, at a cost of slightly lowering the maximum old age pension benefits."
tradeoff_univ	Degree to which the respondent finds acceptable that "The government increases financial support for university students from low-income families, at a cost of raising fees for students from middle- and high-income families."
tradeoff_migrpen	Degree to which the respondent finds acceptable that "The government provides more services to help migrants find a job, at a cost of slightly lowering old age pensions for everyone."
tradeoff_childpen	Degree to which the respondent finds acceptable that "The government increases the availability of good-quality childcare, at the cost of slightly lowering the maximum old age pension benefits."
rr_exp_minpen	Points allocated in the rating task presenting different reforms that expand social benefits to the reform: "increase the minimum level of old age pension benefits"
rr_exp_penbft	Points allocated in the rating task presenting different reforms that expand social benefits to the reform: "increase old age pension benefits for everyone."
rr_exp_childli	Points allocated in the rating task presenting different reforms that expand social benefits to the reform: "increase the availability of good-quality childcare services only for lower-income families."
rr_exp_child	Points allocated in the rating task presenting different reforms that expand social benefits to the reform: "increase the availability of good-quality childcare services for everyone."
rr_exp_univ	Points allocated in the rating task presenting different reforms that expand social benefits to the reform: "expand access to good quality university education for all students"
rr_exp_univli	Points allocated in the rating task presenting different reforms that expand social benefits to the reform: "expand access to good quality university education only for students from lower-income families"
rf_exp_pension	Points allocated in the rating task presenting expansion across different social policy fields to the field: "Old age pensions"
rf_exp_child	Points allocated in the rating task presenting expansion across different social policy fields to the field: "Childcare"
rf_exp_univ	Points allocated in the rating task presenting expansion across different social policy fields to the field: "University education"

rf_exp_unemp	Points allocated in the rating task presenting expansion across different social policy fields to the field: “Unemployment benefits”
rf_exp_almp	Points allocated in the rating task presenting expansion across different social policy fields to the field: “Labour market reintegration services”
rf_exp_immig	Points allocated in the rating task presenting expansion across different social policy fields to the field: “Services for the social and labour market integration of immigrants”
rr_ret_pensbft	Points allocated in the rating task presenting different reforms that retrench social benefits to the reform: “reduce old age pension benefits for everyone.”
rr_ret_maxpen	Points allocated in the rating task presenting different reforms that retrench social benefits to the reform: “reduce only the maximum level of old age pension benefits, but preserve the minimum level as it is.”
rr_ret_childcarehi	Points allocated in the rating task presenting different reforms that retrench social benefits to the reform: “increase the fees for public childcare services only for middle- and higher-income families.”
rr_ret_child	Points allocated in the rating task presenting different reforms that retrench social benefits to the reform: “increase the fees for public childcare services for everyone”
rr_ret_univhi	Points allocated in the rating task presenting different reforms that retrench social benefits to the reform: “increase student fees for university education except for students from lower-income families”
rr_ret_univ	Points allocated in the rating task presenting different reforms that retrench social benefits to the reform: “increase student fees for university education.”
rf_ret_pension	Points allocated in the rating task presenting retrenchment across different social policy fields to the field: “Old age pensions”
rf_ret_child	Points allocated in the rating task presenting retrenchment across different social policy fields to the field: “Childcare”
rf_ret_univ	Points allocated in the rating task presenting retrenchment across different social policy fields to the field: “University education”
rf_ret_unemp	Points allocated in the rating task presenting retrenchment across different social policy fields to the field: “Unemployment benefits”
rf_ret_almp	Points allocated in the rating task presenting retrenchment across different social policy fields to the field: “Labour market reintegration services”
rf_ret_immig	Points allocated in the rating task presenting retrenchment across different social policy fields to the field: “Services for the social and labour market integration of migrants”
pol_interest	Interest in politics

income	Household's yearly total income decile (after tax and compulsory deductions)
ideology	Ideological self-placement on 0-10 ideological scale
female	Respondents' reported sex: female
education_rec	Highest level of education completed by the respondent
timeconjoint	Time taken to respond to conjoint tasks in the survey