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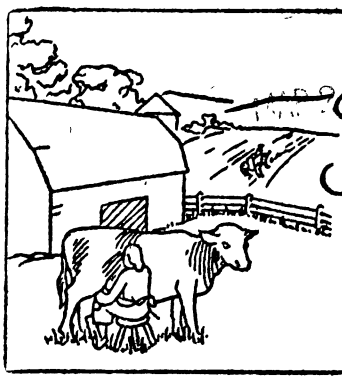

Farm Labor

AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Washington, D. C. July 9, 1954

MORE HIRED WORKERS, WAGE RATES LOWER

More persons were employed as hired workers on farms during the week of June 20-26 than a year earlier while farm wage rates were lower, the Crop Reporting Board reported today. However, the number of family workers was about 200,000 less than a year ago, which more than offset the increase in the number of hired workers. A little over 9½ million people were at work on farms. Of this total, about 7 million were farm operators and unpaid members of their families.

In comparison with a month earlier, the total number of persons working on farms was up about the usual 4 percent. The number of family workers was less than a month earlier, by more than the usual percentage while the increase in the number of hired workers was greater than usual. However, the increase in the number of hired workers was the same as a year ago.

Wage rates of hired farm workers were 2 percent lower than a year earlier. The average of all rates on an hourly basis was 66.3 cents compared with 67.5 cents a year earlier. All types of rates were lower except per day with board and room and per day with house which were the same.

Farm wage rates continued the downward movement shown in April but the decrease in the quarter just past was quite small. The wage rate index, seasonally adjusted, was 505 on July 1 compared with 507 on April 1. Individual

types of wage rates, except for per day with house rates, rose from April 1 to July 1 as they usually do at this season. However, the increas was less than usual for the season.

Farm wage rates were also lower than they were a year earlier except in three regions. They remained about the same in the East North Central States and were up slightly in the Middle Atlantic and West South Central States. In the East North Central and Middle Atlantic States, wage rates in industry probably tended to hold up farm wage rates. In the West South Central States wage rates were probably held up by more favorable crop prospects in Oklahoma and Texas than in 1953.

The wage rate level dropped from April 1 in all regions. The decreases amounted to less than a half percent in the West South Central and Pacific States. The largest decreases were a 3-percent drop in the Mountain States and a 2-percent drop in the West North Central States.

Hot, dry weather in most of the country during the week of June 20-26, made rapid progress of farm work possible. Rains in Iowa, which raised streams to flood stage, delayed work in some areas of the State. The rains and flood in southern Texas came late in the survey week and had little effect on employment.

The major jobs for the country as a whole were harvesting small grains, making hay and cultivating various crops. Small grain harvest was about over in the southern part of the country and starting in southern areas of the East North Central States. Winter wheat harvest was finished in the earlier areas of Texas and just starting in the northern High Plains. The Kansas wheat harvest was about half finished with most of the crop harvested in the South. Hay making and crop cultivation were in progress practically everywhere. Cotton hoeing and chopping were proceeding well in the South and the Southwest.

Farmers were harvesting vegetables and fruit in many parts of the country. The peach harvest in Georgia and South Carolina was well along. Early apples were being harvested in New Jersey, Maryland, and Virginia. Strawberries were being picked in Michigan, Washington, and Oregon. In California, citrus, plums, apricots, cherries, peaches, and grapes were being harvested.

The total number of persons working on farms in late June was down from a year earlier in all geographic regions except the Mountain States where there was no change and in the West South Central States where there was a small increase. The regional decreases were small with the largest drop in the East South Central States. The decline there amounted to 4 percent or about 55,000 persons.

The decreases in the total number of persons doing farm work was due to a decrease in family workers as the number of hired workers was up from a year earlier. Decreases in numbers of family workers by regions ranged from 2 to 5 percent except for the Middle Atlantic States where there was no change. As with total employment, the decrease was largest in the East South Central States. Most of the decrease was accounted for by this region and the South Atlantic and North Central States.

The number of hired workers was up from last year in more than half of the geographic areas. There was practically no change in the West North Central and Pacific States while in the New England and Middle Atlantic States there were fewer hired workers than a year earlier. The increase in the number of hired workers was greatest in the West South Central States where moisture conditions in Texas and Oklahoma were more favorable than a year ago.

For the country as a whole, the number of persons at work on farms increased from May to June by about the usual percentage. In most regions, the change from the previous month was about usual. In the West North Central States there was a larger than seasonal increase while in the Pacific States the increase was less than usual. In the East South Central States there was a small decrease in total employment compared to the usual small rise.

The number of family workers ordinarily declines during June mainly because of decreases in the South, the West North Central and the Mountain States. This year the decrease was greater than usual because of slightly larger than usual decreases in most regions and a decrease of about 5 percent in the East South Central States where there is usually little change.

The number of hired workers increased from May by a little over 600,000 persons. More than two-thirds of this increase was in the North Central and South Atlantic States. Increases were considerably larger than usual in the North Central States and a little more than usual in the New England, West South Central, and Mountain States. There were less than the usual increases in the Middle Atlantic and Pacific States.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
Agricultural Marketing Service

DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

Employment

Farm employment estimates of the Agricultural Marketing Service cover persons doing farm work on all farms. Mailed questionnaires are received every month from 15,000 to 20,000 farmers who report the number of persons working on their farms. Interview surveys of farmers are used less frequently to provide bench mark data on employment. The survey week for the mailed questionnaire each month is the last complete calendar week in the month except when that week includes the last day of the month; in that case, the survey week is the next to the last full calendar week.

Employment concepts

All farm operators are counted as employed if they spend one hour or more during the survey week at farm work, chores, or in the transaction of farm business. Members of the operator's family or household doing unpaid farm work or chores, are counted if they put in 15 hours or more during the survey week. Operators plus unpaid members of their families or household who meet these criteria of employment are called family workers. All persons doing one or more hours of farm work or chores for pay during the survey week are counted as hired workers. Members of the operator's family doing farm work for cash wages are counted as hired workers. Croppers are considered family workers when working on their own crops, but hired workers when doing farm work for pay off their own tracts. If a person is employed both as a family worker and a hired worker during the week on the same farm, he is counted as a hired worker.

Comparability with other data

The data on farm employment published by the Agricultural Marketing Service differ from those on agricultural employment published by the Bureau of the Census in the Monthly Report on The Labor Force. The Agricultural Marketing Service collects information from the employer (the farmer) who reports the number of persons working on his farm during the week regardless of the other jobs held by those workers. The Census data, on the other hand, are obtained through interviews with approximately 25,000 farm and nonfarm households with the housewife or some other member of the household reporting on the labor force status of the household members. They relate only to persons 14 years of age and over, who are in the civilian population and not in institutions.

The difference between the Agricultural Marketing Service and the Census data is attributable mainly to the different treatment of three groups of workers. Children under 14 years of age who meet the criteria

of employment are included in the Agricultural Marketing Service estimates, but not in the Census Bureau's. It is estimated that this number may reach a summer peak as high as two million. Persons working on more than one farm during the survey week are counted only once by the Census Bureau, but they are counted by the Agricultural Marketing Service on each farm where they work and meet the minimum hour requirements. This group is also more numerous during the harvest season when the demand for farm labor is greatest. The additional count of workers attributable to this duplication is estimated at a minimum of a quarter of a million and may be considerably larger. The third group is composed of persons who work in both agricultural and nonagricultural employment, but work longer at the nonagricultural employment; they are classified by Census as working on nonagricultural employment, but by the Agricultural Marketing Service as working on a farm. This last group may range from one-half million to a million in different seasons of the year.

Other groups counted by the Agricultural Marketing Service but not by the Census Bureau are imported foreign workers and some migratory workers not living in private households. On the other hand, the Census Bureau includes in its estimates of agricultural employment certain classes of workers which the Agricultural Marketing Service does not include. Persons with "nonfarm" occupations who are working on farms, such as bookkepers and typists, some persons in certain agricultural processing activities and farm operators with no other job who did no farm work are considered as employed in agriculture by the Census Bureau, but are not included by the Agricultural Marketing Service in its estimates of agricultural employment.

Because the volume of agricultural employment is affected by changes both in season and in weather, the difference in the week of the month for which the data are collected may also make some difference. The Agricultural Marketing Service data relate to the last full calendar week ending at least one day before the end of the month while the Census Bureau information relates to the week containing the eighth of the month.

The Agricultural Marketing Service estimates farm employment from current reports made by a selected group of farmers adjusted to enumerative survey bench mark data. The Bureau of the Census bases its figures on a sample of dwelling units. Accordingly, the figures in both cases are subject to a sampling variation and may differ from the results of a complete census.

Wage rates

Wage rates are reported quarterly by the same sample of farm operators that reports employment. The farmer is asked to report average wage rates being paid "at this time" in his locality. The "at this time" on the average probably represents the second or third day before the end of the month.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
Agricultural Marketing Service

Farm employment: Persons employed during week of June 20-26, 1954, United States, with comparisons

	June average 1948-52 1/	June 21-27, 1953	May 23-29, 1954	June 20-26, 1954
FARM EMPLOYMENT (Thousands of persons):				
Total	10,600	9,784	9,285	9,642
Family labor	7,986	7,205	7,251	6,994
Hired labor	2,614	2,579	2,034	2,648
FARM EMPLOYMENT INDEXES (Adjusted for seasonal variation, 1910-14 = 100)				
Total	70	64	64	63
Family labor	72	65	65	63
Hired labor	63	61	60	63

1/ Employment during the last full calendar week ending at least one day before the end of the month.

Farm wage rates: Wage rates, indexes and related data, July 1, 1954, United States, with comparisons 1/

	April 1, 1953	July 1, 1953	April 1, 1954	July 1 1954
FARM WAGE RATES				
Per month with board and room	$119.00	$124.00	$117.00	$122.00
Per month with house	144.00	161.00	144.00	160.00
Per week with board and room	29.00	31.50	28.50	29.75
Per week without board or room	36.25	39.50	37.00	38.75
Per day with board and room	4.70	5.80	4.70	5.80
Per day with house	4.00	4.05	4.05	4.05
Per day without board or room	5.00	5.30	5.00	5.20
Per hour with house	.63	.81	.63	.80
Per hour without board or room	.85	.89	.84	.87
Composite rate per hour 2/	.581	.675	.580	.66
FARM WAGE RATE INDEXES (1910-14 = 100):				
Adjusted for seasonal variation	508	514	507	505
RELATED INDEXES (1910-14 = 100)				
Prices received by farmers 3/	262	259	256	248*
Ratio of prices received to farm wage rates	52	50	50	49

1/ Wage rates on the average refer to a date two or three days before the first of the month.
2/ Weighted average of all rates on a per hour basis.
3/ Average of the 15th of the given and the 15th of the previous month.
* June 15, 1954.

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Farm employment: Persons employed during week of June 20-26, 1954, United States and geographic divisions, with comparisons

Geographic division	June average 1948-52 1/	May 24-30, 1953	June 21-27, 1953	May 23-29, 1954	June 20-26 1954
	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands
		TOTAL FARM EMPLOYMENT			
United States	10,600	9,372	9,784	9,285	9,642
New England	211	191	211	191	204
Middle Atlantic	658	520	622	535	601
East North Central	1,642	1,457	1,567	1,448	1,553
West North Central	1,915	1,725	1,826	1,652	1,789
South Atlantic	2,008	1,743	1,821	1,719	1,797
East South Central	1,596	1,443	1,440	1,425	1,385
West South Central	1,372	1,235	1,142	1,205	1,170
Mountain	443	407	417	405	415
Pacific	755	651	738	705	728
		FAMILY WORKERS 2/			
United States	7,986	7,392	7,205	7,251	6,994
New England	143	124	140	129	135
Middle Atlantic	457	396	431	407	433
East North Central	1,371	1,282	1,280	1,261	1,253
West North Central	1,572	1,523	1,460	1,457	1,422
South Atlantic	1,477	1,375	1,303	1,334	1,250
East South Central	1,357	1,186	1,175	1,172	1,112
West South Central	976	891	814	872	800
Mountain	264	270	243	267	239
Pacific	369	345	359	352	350
		HIRED WORKERS 3/			
United States	2,614	1,980	2,579	2,034	2,648
New England	68	67	71	62	69
Middle Atlantic	201	124	191	128	168
East North Central	271	175	287	187	300
West North Central	343	202	366	195	367
South Atlantic	531	368	518	385	547
East South Central	239	257	265	253	273
West South Central	396	344	328	333	370
Mountain	179	137	174	138	176
Pacific	386	306	379	353	378

1/ Persons employed during the last full calendar week ending at least one day before the end of the month.

2/ Includes farm operators doing one or more hours of farm work and members of their families working 15 hours or more during the survey week without cash wages.

3/ Includes all persons doing one or more hours of farm work during the survey week for pay.

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Farm employment: Average number of persons employed per month, January through June 1954, United States and geographic divisions, with comparisons 1/

Geographic division	1948-52	1951	1952	1953	1954
	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands
		TOTAL FARM EMPLOYMENT			
United States	8,642	8,224	7,960	7,918	7,851
New England	173	161	162	161	164
Middle Atlantic	534	512	499	500	499
East North Central	1,372	1,317	1,297	1,282	1,283
West North Central	1,614	1,531	1,493	1,495	1,457
South Atlantic	1,556	1,473	1,410	1,384	1,378
East South Central	1,276	1,210	1,156	1,168	1,157
West South Central	1,182	1,113	1,050	1,040	1,024
Mountain	356	344	335	335	331
Pacific	579	563	558	553	558
		FAMILY WORKERS 2/			
United States	6,973	6,628	6,406	6,341	6,246
New England	123	113	113	112	113
Middle Atlantic	401	383	375	377	379
East North Central	1,196	1,148	1,133	1,121	1,113
West North Central	1,420	1,350	1,315	1,320	1,285
South Atlantic	1,224	1,150	1,102	1,070	1,055
East South Central	1,109	1,052	999	982	970
West South Central	919	873	818	811	789
Mountain	246	236	231	231	227
Pacific	335	323	320	317	315
		HIRED WORKERS 3/			
United States	1,669	1,596	1,554	1,577	1,605
New England	50	48	49	49	51
Middle Atlantic	133	129	124	123	120
East North Central	176	169	164	161	170
West North Central	194	181	178	175	172
South Atlantic	332	323	308	314	323
East South Central	167	158	157	186	187
West South Central	263	240	232	229	235
Mountain	110	108	104	104	104
Pacific	244	240	238	236	243

1/ Persons employed during the last full calendar week ending at least one day before the end of the month.

2/ Includes farm operators doing one or more hours of farm work and members of their families working 15 hours or more during the survey week without cash wages.

3/ Includes all persons doing one or more hours of farm work during the survey week for pay.

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Farm wage rates: Wage rates by geographic divisions, July 1, 1954, with comparisons

Geographic division	April 1, 1953	July 1, 1953	April 1, 1954	July 1, 1954
	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
PER MONTH WITH BOARD AND ROOM				
New England	118.00	121.00	123.00	125.00
Middle Atlantic	118.00	119.00	118.00	118.00
East North Central	122.00	122.00	120.00	121.00
West North Central	125.00	126.00	122.00	128.00
Mountain	154.00	154.00	148.00	150.00
Pacific	175.00	186.00	178.00	182.00
PER MONTH WITH HOUSE				
New England	152.00	161.00	164.00	163.00
Middle Atlantic	160.00	161.00	164.00	166.00
East North Central	161.00	157.00	159.00	158.00
West North Central	156.00	156.00	155.00	160.00
Mountain	195.00	194.00	191.00	191.00
Pacific	223.00	233.00	231.00	231.00
PER WEEK WITH BOARD AND ROOM				
New England	32.50	34.75	32.25	31.75
Middle Atlantic	31.50	32.00	31.25	31.75
PER WEEK WITHOUT BOARD OR ROOM				
New England	44.00	45.75	46.25	45.00
Middle Atlantic	42.75	43.25	43.50	44.50
PER DAY WITH BOARD AND ROOM				
East North Central	5.90	6.10	5.90	6.10
West North Central	6.30	6.70	6.10	6.70
PER DAY WITH HOUSE				
South Atlantic	4.20	4.00	4.15	4.00
East South Central	3.25	3.30	3.30	3.25
West South Central	4.60	4.75	4.60	4.80
PER DAY WITHOUT BOARD OR ROOM				
New England	7.70	7.80	8.00	7.90
Middle Atlantic	7.30	7.50	7.40	7.40
East North Central	7.30	7.50	7.30	7.50
West North Central	7.90	8.30	7.70	8.30
South Atlantic	4.80	4.80	4.85	4.65
East South Central	3.90	4.05	3.85	3.90
West South Central	5.20	5.30	5.10	5.40
Mountain	7.60	7.90	7.50	7.50
PER HOUR WITH HOUSE				
South Atlantic	.55	-	.56	-
East South Central	.44	-	.44	-
West South Central	.54	-	.55	-
Pacific	1.00	1.01	.99	1.00
PER HOUR WITHOUT BOARD OR ROOM				
New England	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01
Middle Atlantic	.95	.95	.96	.97
East North Central	.98	1.00	.98	1.00
West North Central	.98	1.02	.97	1.00
South Atlantic	.64	.60	.65	.59
East South Central	.54	.54	.53	.52
West South Central	.63	.62	.64	.64
Mountain	.95	.97	.94	.93
Pacific	1.08	1.09	1.07	1.08

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
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Farm wage rates: Wage rates by States and regions, July 1, 1953 1/

State and region	Per month		Per week		Per day			Per hour		Composite rate per hour	Indexes of composite rates 1910-14=100 2/
	With board and room	With house	With board and room	Without board or room	With board and room	With house	Without board or room	With house	Without board or room		
	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	
Maine	110.00	138.00	34.50	43.50	-	-	7.20	-	.95	.782	471
N. H.	122.00	168.00	36.00	49.50	-	-	8.20	-	1.00	.860	566
Vt.	121.00	156.00	33.00	43.00	-	-	8.00	-	1.00	.818	533
Mass.	130.00	180.00	36.50	48.50	-	-	8.20	-	1.06	.876	573
R. I.	130.00	180.00	35.50	48.50	-	-	8.00	-	1.06	.868	597
Conn.	130.00	182.00	35.50	48.00	-	-	7.80	-	1.08	.866	585
New Eng.	121.00	161.00	34.25	45.75	-	-	7.80	-	1.01	.831	543
N. Y.	126.00	167.00	34.25	45.75	-	-	8.00	-	.99	.843	472
N. J.	138.00	188.00	34.75	48.00	-	-	7.90	-	.98	.848	561
Penna.	106.00	147.00	28.75	39.50	-	-	6.90	-	.91	.757	560
Mid. Atl.	119.00	161.00	32.00	43.25	-	-	7.50	-	.95	.806	513
Ohio	120.00	145.00	-	-	6.00	-	7.40	-	.98	.754	534
Ind.	110.00	145.00	-	-	5.60	-	6.80	-	1.00	.739	539
Ill.	137.00	172.00	-	-	6.80	-	8.20	-	1.02	.815	564
Mich.	122.00	165.00	-	-	6.10	-	7.60	-	1.01	.780	524
Wis.	125.00	167.00	-	-	6.00	-	7.50	-	.98	.767	495
E.N.Cent.	122.00	157.00	-	-	6.10	-	7.50	-	1.00	.768	528
Minn.	131.00	157.00	-	-	7.00	-	8.60	-	1.04	.890	490
Iowa	137.00	163.00	-	-	7.50	-	9.30	-	1.09	.939	503
Mo.	100.00	133.00	-	-	5.00	-	6.60	-	.93	.754	596
N. Dak.	149.00	179.00	-	-	6.60	-	8.50	-	1.02	.885	450
S. Dak.	137.00	160.00	-	-	6.80	-	8.70	-	1.03	.887	480
Nebr.	140.00	175.00	-	-	7.10	-	9.10	-	1.06	.918	537
Kans.	127.00	161.00	-	-	7.50	-	8.60	-	1.03	.890	619
W.N.Cent.	126.00	156.00	-	-	6.70	-	8.30	-	1.02	.869	516
Del.	-	-	-	-	-	5.50	6.80	-	.84	.724	671
Md.	-	-	-	-	-	5.20	6.50	-	.86	.710	724
Va.	-	-	-	-	-	4.30	5.40	-	.67	.575	645
W. Va.	-	-	-	-	-	4.20	4.95	-	.63	.536	434
N. C.	-	-	-	-	-	4.20	5.00	-	.57	.518	613
S. C.	-	-	-	-	-	3.15	3.70	-	.46	.396	569
Ga.	-	-	-	-	-	3.35	3.95	-	.51	.429	514
Fla.	-	-	-	-	-	4.80	5.10	-	.72	.576	619
S. Atl.	-	-	-	-	-	4.00	4.80	-	.60	.513	606
Ky.	-	-	-	-	-	3.60	4.65	-	.64	.458	491
Tenn.	-	-	-	-	-	3.20	3.95	-	.53	.393	446
Ala.	-	-	-	-	-	3.20	3.70	-	.49	.375	474
Miss.	-	-	-	-	-	3.20	3.70	-	.49	.375	463
E.S.Cent.	-	-	-	-	-	3.30	4.05	-	.54	.403	461
Ark.	-	-	-	-	-	4.15	4.45	-	.54	.473	480
La.	-	-	-	-	-	3.65	4.10	-	.49	.430	509
Okla.	-	-	-	-	-	5.70	6.50	-	.78	.680	530
Tex.	-	-	-	-	-	5.00	5.70	-	.65	.586	515
W.S.Cent.	-	-	-	-	-	4.75	5.30	-	.62	.555	517
Mont.	167.00	204.00	-	-	-	-	8.70	-	1.06	.821	443
Idaho	171.00	217.00	-	-	-	-	9.20	-	1.07	.851	519
Wyo.	152.00	201.00	-	-	-	-	7.70	-	1.18	.805	453
Colo.	142.00	190.00	-	-	-	-	7.90	-	.94	.733	525
N. Mex.	112.00	156.00	-	-	-	-	6.00	-	.71	.567	516
Ariz.	155.00	200.00	-	-	-	-	7.00	-	.78	.682	499
Utah	190.00	208.00	-	-	-	-	8.40	-	1.10	.847	573
Nev.	168.00	190.00	-	-	-	-	8.00	-	1.10	.803	465
Mountain	154.00	194.00	-	-	-	-	7.90	-	.97	.755	493
Wash.	198.00	229.00	-	-	-	-	-	1.07	1.11	1.069	543
Oreg.	173.00	210.00	-	-	-	-	-	1.01	1.10	1.048	521
Calif.	185.00	240.00	-	-	-	-	-	.99	1.08	1.037	495
Pacific	186.00	233.00	-	-	-	-	-	1.01	1.09	1.045	500
U. S.	124.00	161.00	31.50	39.50	5.80	4.05	5.30	.81	.89	.675	514

1/ Certain wage rates are not estimated for some States because they are relatively unimportant.
2/ Adjusted for seasonal variation.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
Agricultural Marketing Service

Farm wage rates: Wage rates by States and regions, July 1, 1954 1/

State and region	Per Month		Per Week		Per Day			Per Hour		Composite rate per hour	Indexes of composite rates 1910-14=100 2/
	With board and room	With house	With board and room	Without board or room	With board and room	With house	Without board or room	With house	Without board or room		
	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	
Maine	117.00	150.00	31.50	43.50	-	-	7.50	-	.97	.793	478
N. H.	130.00	173.00	35.50	48.00	-	-	8.20	-	1.00	.854	562
Vt.	125.00	155.00	30.50	41.00	-	-	7.90	-	.99	.798	520
Mass.	130.00	176.00	32.00	48.00	-	-	8.20	-	1.05	.862	563
R. I.	130.00	179.00	31.50	49.00	-	-	8.30	-	1.05	.868	597
Conn.	130.00	179.00	31.00	49.00	-	-	8.30	-	1.10	.882	596
New Eng.	125.00	163.00	31.75	45.00	-	-	7.90	-	1.01	.827	541
N. Y.	123.00	169.00	32.75	45.75	-	-	8.00	-	1.02	.857	479
N. J.	134.00	194.00	35.25	51.00	-	-	7.80	-	.98	.854	565
Pa.	107.00	151.00	29.50	41.00	-	-	6.80	-	.92	.767	568
Mid. Atl.	118.00	166.00	31.75	44.50	-	-	7.40	-	.97	.818	520
Ohio	108.00	143.00	-	-	5.50	-	6.80	-	1.00	.733	519
Ind.	116.00	151.00	-	-	5.70	-	7.10	-	.99	.748	545
Ill.	137.00	172.00	-	-	6.90	-	8.20	-	1.04	.823	570
Mich.	125.00	170.00	-	-	6.50	-	8.00	-	1.02	.797	536
Wis.	123.00	160.00	-	-	5.90	-	7.40	-	.96	.751	485
E.N. Cent.	121.00	158.00	-	-	6.10	-	7.50	-	1.00	.770	529
Minn.	132.00	155.00	-	-	6.60	-	8.30	-	1.04	.881	485
Iowa	139.00	166.00	-	-	7.50	-	9.10	-	1.07	.926	496
Mo.	104.00	137.00	-	-	5.40	-	6.40	-	.85	.714	565
N. Dak.	145.00	179.00	-	-	6.50	-	8.50	-	1.03	.888	451
S. Dak.	138.00	161.00	-	-	6.80	-	8.30	-	1.02	.876	474
Nebr.	134.00	178.00	-	-	6.80	-	9.00	-	1.03	.894	523
Kans.	128.00	165.00	-	-	7.40	-	8.70	-	1.03	.891	620
W.N. Cent.	128.00	160.00	-	-	6.70	-	8.30	-	1.00	.860	511
Del.	-	-	-	-	-	5.50	6.80	-	.85	.733	679
Md.	-	-	-	-	-	5.40	6.60	-	.88	.730	744
Va.	-	-	-	-	-	4.30	5.30	-	.65	.563	632
W. Va.	-	-	-	-	-	4.10	4.80	-	.63	.523	423
N. C.	-	-	-	-	-	4.30	4.95	-	.58	.518	613
S. C.	-	-	-	-	-	3.05	3.60	-	.44	.382	549
Ga.	-	-	-	-	-	3.35	3.85	-	.52	.425	508
Fla.	-	-	-	-	-	4.70	5.20	-	.72	.581	624
So. Atl.	-	-	-	-	-	4.00	4.65	-	.59	.502	594
Ky.	-	-	-	-	-	3.60	4.50	-	.63	.449	482
Tenn.	-	-	-	-	-	3.10	3.85	-	.50	.381	433
Ala.	-	-	-	-	-	3.15	3.65	-	.47	.369	466
Miss.	-	-	-	-	-	3.15	3.45	-	.45	.356	440
E.S. Cent.	-	-	-	-	-	3.25	3.90	-	.52	.391	448
Ark.	-	-	-	-	-	4.20	4.45	-	.53	.471	478
La.	-	-	-	-	-	3.75	4.15	-	.53	.447	529
Okla.	-	-	-	-	-	6.00	6.90	-	.81	.715	557
Tex.	-	-	-	-	-	4.90	5.70	-	.65	.583	513
W.S. Cent.	-	-	-	-	-	4.80	5.40	-	.64	.564	525
Mont.	171.00	204.00	-	-	-	-	8.00	-	1.02	.794	429
Idaho	165.00	210.00	-	-	-	-	8.50	-	1.04	.812	495
Wyo.	145.00	192.00	-	-	-	-	8.40	-	1.07	.786	442
Colo.	133.00	179.00	-	-	-	-	7.30	-	.90	.690	494
N. Mex.	110.00	156.00	-	-	-	-	6.00	-	.73	.571	519
Ariz.	150.00	210.00	-	-	-	-	7.20	-	.79	.693	506
Utah	190.00	210.00	-	-	-	-	8.00	-	1.00	.811	550
Nev.	165.00	190.00	-	-	-	-	7.40	-	1.00	.756	438
Mountain	150.00	191.00	-	-	-	-	7.50	-	.93	.729	475
Wash.	193.00	230.00	-	-	-	-	-	1.05	1.12	1.075	546
Oreg.	172.00	202.00	-	-	-	-	-	1.01	1.08	1.030	512
Calif.	180.00	238.00	-	-	-	-	-	.98	1.06	1.019	486
Pacific	182.00	231.00	-	-	-	-	-	1.00	1.08	1.033	495
U. S.	122.00	160.00	29.75	38.75	5.80	4.05	5.20	.80	.87	.663	505

1/ Certain wage rates are not estimated for some States because they are relatively unimportant.
2/ Adjusted for seasonal variation.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
Washington 25, D. C.

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