FARM WAGE RATES UP 12 PERCENT FROM LAST YEAR
FARM EMPLOYMENT REMAINS BELOW

Wage rates paid hired farm workers on July 1 were up 12 percent from a year ago, the Bureau of Agricultural Economics reported today. Farm Wage rates which rose in the two preceding quarters, held about the same on a seasonally adjusted basis from April 1 to July 1.

There were 360,000 fewer persons at work on farms the week of June 17-23 than a year earlier, a decrease of 3 percent The number of family workers was down 4 percent, and hired workers 1 percent. People at work on farms totalled 11,334,000 compared with the 1945-49 average of 12,414,000.

The index of farm wage rates, adjusted for seasonal variation, was 475 on July 1 compared with 425 a year ago. All the increase from last year has come since October 1950, about half of it between October 1 and January 1 and the remainder from January 1 to April 1.

Individual types of rates increased about equally from a year ago except the monthly rates and rates per week with board and room. These rates, generally used for workers hired for year-round work, advanced more than other types.

The average of all rates was 62.4 cents per hour, an increase of 6.6 cents from a year ago. This is the average of all non-hourly rates converted to hourly equivalents and the reported hourly rates weighted by the proportion of workers receiving each rate. It is a good measure of the average hourly cash earnings of hired workers but does not include the value of perquisites such as a rent free house, board and room, or meals received by some workers.

Individual types of farm wage rates advanced about the usual seasonal amount from April 1 to July 1. Percentagewise, increases in individual types of rates ranged from 4 percent for rates per day with house to 32 percent for rates per hour with house. The large increase in rates per hour with house results from a much greater use of this rate in the West, the highest farm wage rate area, in July than in April.

Increases from a year ago in farm wage rates varied by regions from 11 to 16 percent, as measured by the average of all types of rates. The largest increases occurred in the New England, East North Central and West South Central States and the smallest in the West North Central and the Pacific States.

Rates per hour without board or room ranged from a low of 40 cents in South Carolina to a high of $1.07 in Oregon. Other States reporting rates of $1.00 per hour or more were Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Iowa, South Dakota, Nebraska, Idaho, Wyoming, Nevada and Washington. Other States with average hourly rates of less than 50 cents were Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana.

Heavy rains covering most of Kansas and Missouri during the survey week interrupted and delayed most field work in these areas. Wheat harvest in Kansas has proceeded very slowly. Continued wet weather has broken the orderly progress of harvest from south to north. The crop will be ready for harvest in most parts of the State at about the same time, which will place a heavy load on the supply of machines and labor available. An area from the northeast corner of Nebraska to Lake Superior including most of Minnesota and northern Wisconsin also had heavy rains during the week of the survey. The remaining parts of the North Central Region and parts of the Northeast also had heavy showers which interrupted field work at times. Rainfall was light in most of the South and West except in parts of Alabama, Florida, Tennessee, and Montana.

Farm work generally made good progress in most parts of the country. Most crops were planted and cultivation was under way. Small grain harvest was proceeding well in Texas and southern Oklahoma and had reached Virginia and Kentucky, with some barley being harvested in Pennsylvania. Corn cultivation and hay making in the North Central and Northeastern States were going slowly because of frequent rains.

Cotton chopping was slowed by rains in Missouri, Arkansas, and parts of Tennessee. Fields were becoming grassy and dry weather was needed here and in north-central and northeastern parts of Texas to control weeds. In most other areas, cultivation of cotton was proceeding satisfactorily.

Work on fruit crops varied from picking peaches in Georgia and South Carolina, strawberries in New York and Michigan, and cherries in the Pacific Northwest to thinning apples and spraying most fruit trees in northern areas. Sugar beet thinning was about completed in all beet areas. Peas for canning were being harvested in Pennsylvania and Illinois and the harvest was starting in Wisconsin and Minnesota. Truck crop operations ranged from planting to harvest in many parts of the country.

The total number of people working on farms during the survey week was about the same as a year ago in New England and the Pacific States. In all other regions except the West North Central, decreases in total employment ranged from 2 to 4 percent. The decrease in the West North Central States amounted to 7 percent, reflecting the heavy rains in Kansas, Missouri, much of Minnesota, and in parts of Iowa and Nebraska.

Total employment increased about the usual amount from late May to late June for the country as a whole. There were increases in all regions except the East and West South Central where about the usual decreases occurred. Increases were largest in the New England, Middle Atlantic and Mountain Regions where spring work usually starts later than in other parts of the country. The increase in the Middle Atlantic and Mountain States was not as large as usual. Total employment also increased less than

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seasonally in the West North Central States but was up more than usual in the South Atlantic and Pacific States.

Farm operators and members of their families at work on farms during the week totalled 4 percent less than a year ago. The only region which differed by more than 1 percent from the national change was the West South Central. Here the decrease amounted to only 1 percent.

The number of family workers decreased during June for all the regions except New England and the Middle Atlantic. This is a seasonal change as the rush of spring planting is usually completed by the end of June and most harvest operations are not ready to start. However, in the West North Central and Mountain States, family employment usually increases slightly from May to June while this year there were small decreases in these regions. The increase in the number of family workers was less than usual in New England but the decreases were larger in the East North Central and the East South Central States.

Total hired farm workers employed in the entire country were about the same as a year ago. Decreases from last year in the Middle Atlantic, West North Central, West South Central and Mountain Regions about equalled increases for the remaining regions. In the West North Central States there were about a fifth fewer hired farm workers. Weather here prevented field work especially wheat harvest in Kansas.

Hired farm employment rose about a third from late May to late June. In recent years, the increase has averaged about a fourth. In all regions except New England and the West South Central, increases amounted to 20 percent or more. The largest changes were 78 percent in the South Atlantic and 70 percent in the West North Central States. The increase in the South Atlantic States was larger than usual but in the West North Central States, the increase was less than seasonal. In the West South Central States, the number of hired workers decreased less than the seasonal amount. With the exception of the West South Central Region, regions with increases over a year ago in hired employment had greater than seasonal increases while in regions with declines from last year, increases from a month earlier were less than usual.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
Bureau of Agricultural Economics

DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

Employment

Farm employment estimates of the Bureau of Agricultural Economics
cover persons doing farm work on all farms. Mailed questionnaires are
received every month from 15,000 to 20,000 farmers who report the number
of persons working on their farms. Interview surveys of farmers are used
less frequently to provide bench mark data on employment. The survey week
for the mailed questionnaire each month is the last complete calendar
week in the month except when that week includes the last day of the
month; in that case, the survey week is the next to the last full calen-
dar week.

Employment concepts

All farm operators are counted as employed if they spend one hour
or more during the survey week at farm work, chores, or in the trans-
action of farm business. Members of the operator's family or household
doing unpaid farm work, or chores, are counted if they put in 15 hours
or more during the survey week. Operators plus unpaid members of their
families or households who meet these criteria of employment are called
family workers. All persons doing one or more hours of farm work or
chores for pay during the survey week are counted as hired workers.
Members of the operator's family doing farm work for cash wages are
counted as hired workers. Croppers are considered family workers when
working on their own crops, but hired workers when doing farm work for
pay off their own tracts. If a person is employed both as a family
worker and a hired worker during the week on the same farm he is counted
as a hired worker.

Comparability with other data

The data on farm employment published by the Bureau of Agricultural
Economics differ from those on agricultural employment published by the
Bureau of the Census in The Monthly Report On The Labor Force. The Bu-
reau of Agricultural Economics collects information from the employer
(the farmer) who reports the number of persons working on his farm during
the week, regardless of the other jobs held by those workers. The Census
data, on the other hand, are obtained through interviews with approxi-
mately 25,000 farm and nonfarm households with the housewife or some
other member of the household reporting on the labor force status of the
household members. They relate only to persons 14 years of age and over,
who are in the civilian population and not in institutions.

The difference between the BAE and the Census data is attributable
mainly to the different treatment of three groups of workers. Children

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under 14 years of age who meet the criteria of employment are included in the BAE estimates, but not in the Census Bureau's. It is estimated that this number may reach a summer peak as high as two million. Persons working on more than one farm during the survey week are counted only once by the Census Bureau, but they are counted by the BAE on each farm where they work and meet the minimum hour requirements. This group is also more numerous during the harvest season when the demand for farm labor is greatest. The additional count of workers attributable to this duplication is estimated at a minimum of a quarter of a million and may be considerably larger. The third group is composed of persons who work in both agricultural and nonagricultural employment, but work longer at the nonagricultural job; they are classified by Census as working on nonagricultural employment, but by BAE as working on a farm. This last group may range from one-half million to a million in different seasons of the year.

Other groups counted by the BAE but not by the Census Bureau are imported foreign workers and some migratory workers not living in private households. On the other hand, the Census Bureau includes in its estimates of agricultural employment certain classes of workers which the BAE does not include. Persons with "nonfarm" occupations who are working on farms, such as bookkeepers and typists, some persons in certain agricultural processing activities, and farm operators with no other job who did no farm work are considered as employed in agriculture by the Census Bureau, but are not included by the BAE in its estimates of agricultural employment.

Because the volume of agricultural employment is affected by changes both in season and in weather, the difference in the week of the month for which the data are collected may also make some difference. The BAE data relate to the last full calendar week ending at least one day before the end of the month while the Census Bureau information relates to the week containing the 8th of the month.

The BAE estimates farm employment from current reports made by a selected group of farmers adjusted to enumerative survey bench mark data. The Bureau of the Census bases its figures on a sample of dwelling units. Accordingly, the figures in both cases are subject to a sampling variation and may differ from the results of a complete census.

Wage rates

Wage rates are reported quarterly by the same sample of farm operators that reports employment. The farmer is asked to report average wage rates being paid "at this time" in his locality. The "at this time" on the average probably represents the second or third day before the end of the month.

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Farm employment: Persons employed during week of June 17-23, 1951, United
States, with comparisons

	: June : average :1945-49 1/	: June : 18-24, : 1950	: May : 20-26, : 1951	: June : 17-23, : 1951
FARM EMPLOYMENT (Thousands of persons):				
Total .... :	12,414	11,692	11,010	11,334
Family labor .... :	9,319	8,586	8,747	8,274
Hired labor .... :	3,095	3,106	2,263	3,060
FARM EMPLOYMENT INDEXES (Adjusted for seasonal variation, 1910-14=100) :				
Total .... :	91	85	83	83
Family labor .... :	93	86	85	83
Hired labor .... :	82	83	76	82

1/ Employment during the last full calendar week ending at least one day
before the end of the month.

Farm wage rates: Wage rates, indexes and related data, July 1,
1951, with comparisons 1/

	: April 1, : 1950	: July 1, : 1950	: April 1, : 1951	: July 1, : 1951
FARM WAGE RATES				
Per month with board and room ..... :	$ 92.00	$ 98.00	$107.00	$115.00
Per month with house .... :	113.00	126.00	128.00	146.00
Per week with board and room ...... :	22.25	23.75	26.00	28.00
Per week without board or room .... :	29.50	32.25	33.50	35.25
Per day with board and room .... :	3.80	4.80	4.35	5.40
Per day with house .... :	3.30	3.45	3.75	3.90
Per day without board or room ..... :	4.15	4.40	4.70	4.95
Per hour with house .... :	.51	.67	.57	.75
Per hour without board or room .... :	.70	.73	.78	.82
Composite rate per hour 2/ .... :	.474	.558	.535	.624
FARM WAGE RATE INDEXES (1910-14=100) :				
Adjusted for seasonal variation ..... :	424	425	479	475
RELATED INDEXES (1910-14=100) :				
Prices received by farmers 3/...... :	239	255	310	301 *
Ratio of prices received to farm :				
wage rates .... :	56	60	65	63

1/ Wage rates on the average refer to a date two or three days before the
first of the month.
2/ Weighted average of all rates on a per hour basis.
3/ Average of the 15th of the given and the 15th of the previous month.
* June 15, 1951.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
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Farm employment: Persons employed during week of June 17-23, 1951, United
States and geographic divisions, with comparisons

Geographic division	June average 1945-49 1/	May 21-27, 1950	June 18-24, 1950	May 20-26, 1951	June 17-23, 1951
	Thousands			Thousands	
	TOTAL FARM EMPLOYMENT				
United States	12,414	11,525	11,692	11,010	11,334
New England	273	241	258	239	260
Middle Atlantic	742	624	725	608	695
East North Central	1,807	1,689	1,730	1,676	1,695
West North Central	2,205	1,831	2,086	1,817	1,931
South Atlantic	2,639	2,403	2,498	2,273	2,454
East South Central	1,936	1,976	1,741	1,757	1,706
West South Central	1,659	1,728	1,543	1,630	1,502
Mountain	488	417	480	421	459
Pacific	665	616	631	589	632
	FAMILY WORKERS 2/				
United States	9,319	9,149	8,586	8,747	8,274
New England	202	172	186	166	180
Middle Atlantic	548	454	517	448	502
East North Central	1,506	1,442	1,421	1,434	1,375
West North Central	1,766	1,625	1,639	1,608	1,576
South Atlantic	1,867	1,930	1,695	1,799	1,610
East South Central	1,546	1,620	1,369	1,457	1,317
West South Central	1,242	1,291	1,148	1,234	1,132
Mountain	306	287	293	281	278
Pacific	336	328	318	320	304
	HIRED WORKERS 3/				
United States	3,095	2,376	3,106	2,263	3,060
New England	71	69	72	73	80
Middle Atlantic	194	170	208	160	193
East North Central	301	247	309	242	320
West North Central	439	206	447	209	355
South Atlantic	772	473	803	474	844
East South Central	390	356	372	300	389
West South Central	417	437	395	396	370
Mountain	182	130	187	140	181
Pacific	329	288	313	269	328

1/ Persons employed during the last full calendar week ending at least one day
before the end of the month.

2/ Includes farm operators doing one or more hours of farm work and members of
their families working 15 hours or more during the survey week without cash
wages.

3/ Includes all persons doing one or more hours of farm work during the survey
week for pay.

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Farm employment: Average number of persons employed per month, January through June 1951, United States and geographic divisions, with comparisons 1/

Geographic division	1945-49	1948	1949	1950	1951
	Thousands			Thousands	
	TOTAL FARM EMPLOYMENT				
United States	10,296	10,356	10,035	9,808	9,435
New England	223	221	222	217	213
Middle Atlantic	585	580	578	575	564
East North Central	1,545	1,568	1,495	1,479	1,443
West North Central	1,788	1,813	1,723	1,684	1,614
South Atlantic	2,103	2,119	2,077	2,009	1,932
East South Central	1,632	1,614	1,592	1,545	1,450
West South Central	1,538	1,556	1,488	1,453	1,394
Mountain	365	367	358	356	345
Pacific	517	518	501	490	480
	FAMILY WORKERS 2/				
United States	8,358	8,381	8,059	7,905	7,600
New England	169	168	167	161	156
Middle Atlantic	464	459	449	444	437
East North Central	1,337	1,354	1,286	1,275	1,246
West North Central	1,580	1,600	1,521	1,488	1,438
South Atlantic	1,655	1,659	1,602	1,555	1,478
East South Central	1,344	1,325	1,295	1,261	1,186
West South Central	1,228	1,235	1,185	1,170	1,127
Mountain	273	274	261	260	251
Pacific	308	307	293	291	281
	HIRED WORKERS 3/				
United States	1,938	1,975	1,976	1,903	1,835
New England	54	53	55	56	57
Middle Atlantic	121	121	130	131	127
East North Central	208	214	209	204	197
West North Central	208	213	202	196	176
South Atlantic	448	460	475	454	454
East South Central	288	289	297	284	264
West South Central	310	321	303	283	267
Mountain	92	93	97	96	94
Pacific	209	211	208	199	199

1/ Persons employed during the last full calendar week ending at least one day before the end of the month.

2/ Includes farm operators doing one or more hours of farm work and members of their families working 15 hours or more during the survey week without cash wages.

3/ Includes all persons doing one or more hours of farm work during the survey week for pay.

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Farm wage rates: Wage rates by geographic divisions,
July 1, 1951, with comparisons

Geographic divisions	April 1, 1950	July 1, 1950	April 1, 1951	July 1, 1951
	Dollars		Dollars	
PER MONTH WITH BOARD AND ROOM				
New England	92.00	93.00	106.00	112.00
Middle Atlantic	90.00	91.00	102.00	109.00
East North Central	91.00	93.00	107.00	111.00
West North Central	96.00	104.00	113.00	120.00
Mountain	122.00	123.00	142.00	146.00
Pacific	144.00	150.00	160.00	164.00
PER MONTH WITH HOUSE				
New England	123.00	124.00	144.00	148.00
Middle Atlantic	124.00	128.00	138.00	143.00
East North Central	118.00	118.00	135.00	140.00
West North Central	121.00	126.00	141.00	144.00
Mountain	157.00	152.00	176.00	176.00
Pacific	187.00	184.00	202.00	209.00
PER WEEK WITH BOARD AND ROOM				
New England	24.25	24.00	28.00	31.00
Middle Atlantic	24.50	25.00	27.75	28.25
PER WEEK WITHOUT BOARD OR ROOM				
New England	35.00	35.50	40.00	41.00
Middle Atlantic	34.00	35.00	37.75	38.25
PER DAY WITH BOARD AND ROOM				
East North Central	4.55	4.90	5.20	5.50
West North Central	4.80	5.50	5.60	6.30
PER DAY WITH HOUSE				
South Atlantic	3.30	3.25	3.75	3.70
East South Central	2.75	2.80	3.05	3.20
West South Central	3.70	4.05	4.25	4.65
PER DAY WITHOUT BOARD OR ROOM				
New England	6.30	6.30	7.10	7.30
Middle Atlantic	5.90	6.00	6.60	7.10
East North Central	5.70	6.00	6.50	6.90
West North Central	6.10	6.90	7.00	7.80
South Atlantic	3.90	3.90	4.40	4.40
East South Central	3.25	3.35	3.65	3.85
West South Central	4.30	4.50	4.75	5.20
Mountain	6.30	6.50	6.90	7.30
PER HOUR WITH HOUSE				
South Atlantic	.43	-	.49	-
East South Central	.38	-	.42	-
West South Central	.46	-	.51	-
Pacific	.83	.85	.91	.94
PER HOUR WITHOUT BOARD OR ROOM				
New England	.82	.83	.92	.94
Middle Atlantic	.77	.80	.87	.90
East North Central	.78	.82	.88	.92
West North Central	.82	.86	.88	.95
South Atlantic	.51	.48	.57	.54
East South Central	.46	.45	.50	.51
West South Central	.53	.53	.59	.61
Mountain	.79	.80	.88	.90
Pacific	.89	.91	.98	1.01

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Farm wage rates: Wage rates by States and regions, July 1, 1950 1/

State and region	Per Month With board and room	Per Month With house	Per Week With board and room	Per Week Without board or room	Per Day With board and room	Per Day With house	Per Day Without board or room	Per Hour With house	Per Hour Without board or room	Composite rate per hour	Indexes of composite rates 1910-14=100 2/
	Dollars		Dollars		Dollars			Dollars			
Maine	81.00	100.00	22.00	32.00	-	-	5.90	-	.75	.602	356
N. H.	92.00	130.00	24.00	36.00	-	-	6.60	-	.87	.684	441
Vt.	95.00	122.00	25.00	35.00	-	-	6.10	-	.85	.660	430
Mass.	98.00	141.00	24.00	37.50	-	-	6.60	-	.85	.686	448
R. I.	98.00	140.00	24.50	38.00	-	-	6.70	-	.87	.697	479
Conn.	103.00	140.00	27.50	39.50	-	-	6.70	-	.90	.720	492
N. ENG.	93.00	124.00	24.00	35.50	-	-	6.30	-	.83	.661	428
N. Y.	95.00	133.00	26.50	37.50	-	-	6.30	-	.87	.716	397
N. J.	98.00	145.00	27.00	36.50	-	-	6.60	-	.85	.710	469
Pa.	85.00	115.00	22.50	32.00	-	-	5.50	-	.72	.601	445
M. ATL.	91.00	128.00	25.00	35.00	-	-	6.00	-	.80	.666	420
Ohio	83.00	104.00	-	-	4.65	-	5.60	-	.81	.591	415
Ind.	87.00	107.00	-	-	4.70	-	5.50	-	.81	.594	442
Ill.	104.00	125.00	-	-	5.30	-	6.40	-	.85	.654	457
Mich.	91.00	125.00	-	-	4.90	-	6.20	-	.81	.619	416
Wis.	99.00	130.00	-	-	4.90	-	6.10	-	.79	.617	399
E. N. CENT.	93.00	118.00	-	-	4.90	-	6.00	-	.82	.615	426
Minn.	105.00	127.00	-	-	5.70	-	7.20	-	.87	.740	411
Iowa	117.00	132.00	-	-	6.30	-	7.60	-	.97	.816	437
Mo.	79.00	101.00	-	-	4.15	-	5.00	-	.68	.564	446
N. Dak.	123.00	141.00	-	-	5.30	-	6.90	-	.87	.742	361
S. Dak.	111.00	136.00	-	-	5.50	-	7.30	-	.91	.767	412
Nebr.	112.00	139.00	-	-	5.80	-	7.40	-	.90	.767	452
Kans.	104.00	130.00	-	-	5.90	-	7.50	-	.89	.759	528
W.N.CENT.	104.00	126.00	-	-	5.50	-	6.90	-	.86	.729	430
Del.	-	-	-	-	-	4.50	5.60	-	.67	.591	547
Md.	-	-	-	-	-	4.60	5.70	-	.66	.595	613
Va.	-	-	-	-	-	3.60	4.50	-	.55	.478	542
W. Va.	-	-	-	-	-	3.25	4.00	-	.51	.431	353
N. C.	-	-	-	-	-	3.45	4.15	-	.48	.433	519
S. C.	-	-	-	-	-	2.50	3.00	-	.36	.318	448
Ga.	-	-	-	-	-	2.65	3.05	-	.42	.340	402
Fla.	-	-	-	-	-	3.80	4.20	-	.56	.464	503
S. ATL.	-	-	-	-	-	3.25	3.90	-	.48	.414	484
Ky.	-	-	-	-	-	3.10	3.90	-	.54	.388	411
Tenn.	-	-	-	-	-	2.60	3.20	-	.41	.317	368
Ala.	-	-	-	-	-	2.65	3.10	-	.38	.310	383
Miss.	-	-	-	-	-	2.70	2.95	-	.40	.306	378
E.S.CENT.	-	-	-	-	-	2.80	3.35	-	.45	.337	386
Ark.	-	-	-	-	-	3.35	3.60	-	.43	.381	391
La.	-	-	-	-	-	2.95	3.35	-	.41	.354	410
Okla.	-	-	-	-	-	5.00	5.60	-	.67	.589	455
Tex.	-	-	-	-	-	4.40	4.90	-	.56	.507	451
W.S.CENT.	-	-	-	-	-	4.05	4.50	-	.53	.471	434
Mont.	140.00	157.00	-	-	-	-	6.80	-	.90	.669	357
Idaho	145.00	167.00	-	-	-	-	7.50	-	.91	.704	425
Wyo.	118.00	165.00	-	-	-	-	6.20	-	.88	.628	350
Colo.	110.00	150.00	-	-	-	-	6.50	-	.76	.591	423
N. Mex.	90.00	115.00	-	-	-	-	5.00	-	.57	.455	414
Ariz.	130.00	170.00	-	-	-	-	5.50	-	.65	.562	411
Utah	140.00	160.00	-	-	-	-	6.80	-	.87	.663	449
Nev.	124.00	150.00	-	-	-	-	7.00	-	.90	.656	383
MOUNT.	123.00	152.00	-	-	-	-	6.50	-	.80	.612	403
Wash.	154.00	183.00	-	-	-	-	-	.88	.94	.900	447
Oreg.	148.00	175.00	-	-	-	-	-	.90	.95	.906	451
Calif.	150.00	187.00	-	-	-	-	-	.83	.89	.855	404
PACIFIC	150.00	184.00	-	-	-	-	-	.85	.91	.872	413
U. S.	98.00	126.00	23.75	32.25	4.80	3.45	4.40	.67	.73	.558	425

1/ Certain wage rates are not estimated because they are relatively unimportant.
2/ Adjusted for seasonal variation.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
Bureau of Agricultural Economics

Farm wage rates: Wage rates by States and regions, July 1, 1951 1/

State and region	Per Month With board and room	With house	Per Week With board and room	Without board or room	Per Day With board and room	With house	Without board or room	Per Hour With house	Without board or room	Composite rate per hour	Indexes of composite rates 1910-14=100 2/
	Dollars		Dollars		Dollars			Dollars		Dollars	
Maine	95.00	125.00	28.00	39.00	-	-	6.50	-	.85	.696	411
N. H.	111.00	146.00	30.50	41.00	-	-	7.10	-	.92	.751	484
Vt.	117.00	145.00	30.50	39.50	-	-	7.10	-	.94	.751	489
Mass.	119.00	165.00	33.00	43.00	-	-	8.00	-	1.00	.818	535
R. I.	122.00	168.00	33.50	44.00	-	-	8.10	-	1.00	.827	568
Conn.	122.00	168.00	33.50	44.50	-	-	8.20	-	1.01	.835	570
N. ENG.	112.00	148.00	31.00	41.00	-	-	7.30	-	.94	.765	495
N. Y.	113.00	149.00	30.00	40.50	-	-	7.50	-	.97	.803	446
N. J.	124.00	164.00	31.00	41.00	-	-	7.80	-	.93	.792	524
Pa.	99.00	128.00	25.50	35.00	-	-	6.50	-	.81	.678	502
M. ATL.	109.00	143.00	28.25	38.25	-	-	7.10	-	.90	.750	472
Ohio	101.00	128.00	-	-	5.10	-	6.40	-	.89	.667	468
Ind.	99.00	127.00	-	-	5.20	-	6.40	-	.92	.678	504
Ill.	122.00	147.00	-	-	6.10	-	7.40	-	.96	.747	522
Mich.	112.00	150.00	-	-	5.60	-	7.30	-	.92	.718	483
Wis.	119.00	151.00	-	-	5.60	-	7.10	-	.91	.716	462
E.N.CENT.	111.00	140.00	-	-	5.50	-	6.90	-	.92	.704	489
Minn.	125.00	147.00	-	-	6.70	-	8.40	-	.98	.845	469
Iowa	130.00	148.00	-	-	7.00	-	8.50	-	1.03	.880	471
Mo.	90.00	114.00	-	-	4.60	-	5.60	-	.75	.625	494
N. Dak.	143.00	164.00	-	-	6.20	-	8.10	-	.98	.845	412
S. Dak.	133.00	154.00	-	-	6.60	-	8.30	-	1.05	.886	475
Nebr.	132.00	161.00	-	-	6.70	-	8.30	-	1.00	.860	507
Kans.	113.00	147.00	-	-	6.30	-	8.10	-	.96	.819	570
W.N.CENT.	120.00	144.00	-	-	6.30	-	7.80	-	.95	.811	478
Del.	-	-	-	-	-	5.20	6.50	-	.82	.699	647
Md.	-	-	-	-	-	5.20	6.50	-	.82	.701	722
Va.	-	-	-	-	-	4.15	5.20	-	.60	.540	612
W. Va.	-	-	-	-	-	3.90	4.65	-	.61	.507	414
N. C.	-	-	-	-	-	3.80	4.50	-	.53	.472	566
S. C.	-	-	-	-	-	2.85	3.35	-	.40	.353	497
Ga.	-	-	-	-	-	3.10	3.75	-	.50	.412	488
Fla.	-	-	-	-	-	4.30	4.70	-	.59	.507	550
S. ATL.	-	-	-	-	-	3.70	4.10	-	.54	.471	551
Ky.	-	-	-	-	-	3.45	4.40	-	.59	.433	458
Tenn.	-	-	-	-	-	3.05	3.80	-	.50	.376	437
Ala.	-	-	-	-	-	3.05	3.60	-	.45	.360	445
Miss.	-	-	-	-	-	3.05	3.40	-	.45	.349	431
E.S.CENT.	-	-	-	-	-	3.20	3.85	-	.51	.385	441
Ark.	-	-	-	-	-	4.00	4.40	-	.52	.462	475
La.	-	-	-	-	-	3.40	3.85	-	.49	.413	478
Okla.	-	-	-	-	-	5.40	6.10	-	.75	.646	498
Tex.	-	-	-	-	-	4.95	5.50	-	.63	.569	505
W.S.CENT.	-	-	-	-	-	4.65	5.20	-	.61	.540	498
Mont.	167.00	192.00	-	-	-	-	7.80	-	.98	.766	409
Idaho	168.00	199.00	-	-	-	-	8.40	-	1.01	.796	479
Wyo.	139.00	180.00	-	-	-	-	7.00	-	1.00	.711	396
Colo.	129.00	165.00	-	-	-	-	7.00	-	.84	.652	467
N. Mex.	122.00	140.00	-	-	-	-	6.40	-	.72	.581	529
Ariz.	140.00	190.00	-	-	-	-	6.30	-	.72	.625	457
Utah	160.00	180.00	-	-	-	-	7.50	-	.99	.744	504
Nev.	145.00	175.00	-	-	-	-	7.40	-	1.02	.731	427
MOUNT.	146.00	176.00	-	-	-	-	7.30	-	.90	.699	460
Wash.	174.00	220.00	-	-	-	-	-	.96	1.05	1.005	500
Oreg.	164.00	199.00	-	-	-	-	-	1.01	1.07	1.020	507
Calif.	160.00	208.00	-	-	-	-	-	.92	.98	.939	443
PACIFIC	164.00	209.00	-	-	-	-	-	.94	1.01	.965	457
U. S.	115.00	146.00	28.00	35.25	5.40	3.90	4.95	.75	.82	.624	475

1/ Certain wage rates are not estimated for some States because they are relatively unimportant.
2/ Adjusted for seasonal variation.

Penalty for private use to avoid
payment of postage $300

IN THIS ISSUE