STATUS AND VOCAL ACCOMMODATION DATA FOR REPLICATION: CODEBOOK*

* Codebook accompanying data set for the article:
Dippong, Joseph. "Status and Vocal Accommodation in Small Groups." Forthcoming in *Sociological Science*.

SESSION INFORMATION:

SessionID

Group identification number. Each group consists of two actors.

PartID

Binary variable indicating participants' randomized room assignment.
0 = Room A, lower status actor; 1 = Room B, higher status actor

cond3_dummy

Binary variable indicating study condition.
0 = Condition 1, one differentiating characteristic; 1 = Condition 2, three characteristics

	Freq	*Pct*
0	36	43.90
1	46	56.10

status

Binary variable indicating participants' manipulated status position.
Lower status=0, Higher status=1

	Freq	*Pct*
0	41	50.00
1	41	50.00

DEMOGRAPHIC VARIABLES:

Age

Participants' self-reported age

	Mean	*SD*	*Min*	*Max*
Full Sample (n = 82)	20.50	3.01	18	33
Room A (n = 41)	20.76	3.22	18	30
Room B (n = 41)	20.24	2.80	18	33

Race

Participants' self-reported race.

	Freq	*Percentage*
1 = White non-Hispanic	35	42.68
2 = Hispanic	8	9.76
3 = Black	12	14.63
4 = Asian	21	25.61
5 = Multi-Ethnic	3	3.66
6 = Other	3	3.66

Race_dummy

Binary variable indicating participants' race.
Non-White=0, White=1

	Freq	*Pct*
0	47	57.32
1	35	42.68

Acad

Participants' self-reported academic year.

	Freq	*Percentage*
1 = Freshman	34	41.46
2 = Sophomore	14	17.07
3 = Junior	9	10.98
4 = Senior	11	13.41
5 = Other	14	17.07

GT_Fresh

Binary variable indicating if participant is a freshman or greater than freshman.
0= Freshman, 1= Greater than Freshman

	Freq	*Pct*
0	34	41.46
1	48	58.54

Female

Binary variable indicating participants' self-reported gender.
0= Male, 1= Female

	Freq	*Pct*
0	31	37.80
1	51	62.20

VOCAL CHARACTERISTICS:

AAR

Acoustic Analysis Result statistic is a continuous variable which indicates patterns of paraverbal accommodation.

	Mean	*SD*	*Min*	*Max*
Full Sample (n = 82)	.589	.284	-.173	.951
Room A (n = 41)	.447	.279	-.173	.929
Room B (n = 41)	.733	.208	.116	.951

PeakFreq

Continuous variable that indicates the overall vocal pitch, divided by 100.

	Mean	*SD*	*Min*	*Max*
Full Sample (n = 82)	2.45	2.24	.13	5.56
Room A (n = 41)	2.47	2.19	.13	5.56
Room B (n = 41)	2.43	2.31	.13	5.56

SpeakingTime

Continuous variable that indicates number of seconds the participant spoke divided by 100.

	Mean	*SD*	*Min*	*Max*
Full Sample (n = 82)	2.03	1.18	.61	.617
Room A (n = 41)	1.74	.954	.62	.439
Room B (n = 41)	2.32	1.31	.61	.617

QUESTIONNAIRE VARIABLES:

ZW_A

Variable that indicates the average of three questions questions from the Zeller and Warnecke (1973) index measuring subjective performance expectations on their expectations for the person in room A (1 = low ability, 9 = high ability).

	Mean	*SD*	*Min*	*Max*
Full Sample (n = 82)	6.73	1.16	3.67	9
Room A (n = 41)	6.68	1.01	4.33	8.33
Room B (n = 41)	6.78	1.29	3.67	9

ZW_B

Variable that indicates the average of three questions questions from the Zeller and Warnecke (1973) index measuring subjective performance expectations on their expectations for the person in room B (1 = low ability, 9 = high ability).

	Mean	*SD*	*Min*	*Max*
Full Sample (n = 82)	7.48	.849	5.33	9
Room A (n = 41)	7.58	.843	5.33	9
Room B (n = 41)	7.39	.856	5.67	9

Prestige_A

Variable that indicates the average of twelve questions from Cheng et al's (2013) index measuring perceptions of prestige for the person in room A (1 = strongly disagree, 7 = strongly agree).

	Mean	*SD*	*Min*	*Max*
Full Sample (n = 82)	5.29	.842	2.33	6.83
Room A (n = 41)	5.39	.924	2.33	6.67
Room B (n = 41)	5.19	.747	3.5	6.83

Prestige_B

Variable that indicates the average of twelve questions from Cheng et al's (2013) index measuring perceptions of prestige for the person in room B (1 = strongly disagree, 7 = strongly agree).

	Mean	*SD*	*Min*	*Max*
Full Sample (n = 82)	5.62	.659	4.25	7
Room A (n = 41)	5.73	.617	4.67	7
Room B (n = 41)	5.50	.687	4.25	6.75

Dominance_A

Variable that indicates the average of ten questions from Cheng et al's (2013) index measuring perceptions of dominance for the person in room A (1 = strongly disagree, 7 = strongly agree).

	Mean	*SD*	*Min*	*Max*
Full Sample (n = 82)	2.95	.992	1	6.1
Room A (n = 41)	3.17	1.15	1.2	6.1
Room B (n = 41)	2.73	.755	1	4.4

Dominance_B

Variable that indicates the average of ten questions from Cheng et al's (2013) index measuring perceptions of dominance for the person in room B (1 = strongly disagree, 7 = strongly agree).

	Mean	*SD*	*Min*	*Max*
Full Sample (n = 82)	3.09	.999	1	6.4
Room A (n = 41)	2.84	.815	1.1	4.6
Room B (n = 41)	3.34	1.11	1	6.4

Ability_A

Variable that indicates, on a scale from 1-9 (low to high ability), perceptions of person in room A regarding problem solving ability.

	Mean	*SD*	*Min*	*Max*
Full Sample (n = 82)	6.69	1.41	3	9
Room A (n = 41)	6.78	1.41	3	9
Room B (n = 41)	6.61	1.43	4	9

Ability_B

Variable that indicates, on a scale from 1-9 (low to high ability), perceptions of person in room B regarding problem solving ability.

	Mean	*SD*	*Min*	*Max*
Full Sample (n = 82)	7.76	.924	5	9
Room A (n = 41)	7.93	.877	6	9
Room B (n = 41)	7.59	.948	5	9

StatusSelf_Subj

Variable that indicates single-item indicator measuring subjective impressions of own status (1 = strongly disagree, 7 = strongly agree).

	Mean	*SD*	*Min*	*Max*
Full Sample (n = 82)	4.71	1.32	1	7
Room A (n = 41)	4.09	1.20	1	7
Room B (n = 41)	5.32	1.15	3	7

StatusPart_Subj

Variable that indicates single-item indicator measuring subjective impressions of partner's status (1 = strongly disagree, 7 = strongly agree).

	Mean	*SD*	*Min*	*Max*
Full Sample (n = 82)	4.80	1.40	1	7
Room A (n = 41)	5.24	1.37	1	7
Room B (n = 41)	4.37	1.29	2	7

Status_subj_diff

Variable that indicates the differences in subjective status differences between self and partner.

	Mean	*SD*
Full Sample (n = 82)	-.10	1.99
Room A (n = 41)	-1.15	1.74
Room B (n = 41)	.951	1.64