15% gls
5% bls

40
J41
44
47 A bl B gl C bl D gl
J46
mlgc lam - 0.1-0.2 mm black & gray (Ld⁴4, As+?)
12 mm / 9 couplets = 1.3 mm/yr
48.5
darker value
← lam are much more visible (gls) in oxidized core of 4/96. ∴ black wispy zones are just mlgcs with fat bls.
← But can still count accurately on photos.
50
52
fine fibrous & decomposed organics
gcl
(Ld³3, Dg¹1, Ga+?)
7.5Y 3/2 sand fines upward?
DE1
300 BP
55
57
base
← Ga+ at base
0.2 mm
gl
60
lam -
60% brown
30% gls
10% black
gl
F53
1 mm
62.5 bl
partly lam
no gls
black = Ld⁴4
70
0.5 mm
lam - 0.5-1.2 mm
well
brown & black
no gls
(Ld2, As1, Ag1)
BS1
TS2
gl broken
E74
80
gl
lam - probably whole interval 69.9-80.5
- top 3 cg 2 oxidized
- 0.4-1.2 mm (Ld2, As1, Ag1)
lam - faint
100% brown & gray-brown
to black (Ld2, As1, Ag1)
liberal count
179 DE1-2
3 mm
90
lam - 0.3-0.7 mm
100% brown
to gray
to black (Ld2, As1, Ag1)
F88
0.2 mm
lam - 0.5-1.2 mm
gls - 99-105 cm
(Ld2, As1, Ag1)
J99
100
loaded gls
101.5
lam - 0.4-1.2 mm
105 A bl
105 B gl ss
105 C bl ss
105 D gl ss
gl ss
appear dropped with 8-10 mm relief
How determine where top of mlgc is?
0.3 mm ← correlation with H
DE2
1000 BP
mlgc
lam - fine 0.4-0.8 mm
10-14 couplets
30 mm / 35? couplets = 0.86 mm/yr
106.5 A bl
106.5 B
0.2 mm