Instructions for T-Baseline, Buyers

Instructions for Buyers

You are now taking part in an economic experiment. Please read the following instructions carefully. Everything that you need to know to participate in this experiment is explained below. Should you have any difficulties in understanding these instructions please notify us. We will answer your questions at your cubicle.

At the beginning of the experiment you will receive an initial sum of **8 Euro**. During the course of the experiment you can earn a further amount of money by gaining **points**. The amount of points that you gain during the experiment depends on your decisions and the decisions of other participants.

All points that you gain during the course of the experiment will be exchanged into Euro at the end of the experiment. The exchange rate will be:

1 point = 4 cents

At the end of the experiment you will receive the sum of money that you earned during the experiment in addition to your 8 Euro initial sum.

The experiment is divided into periods. In each period you have to make decisions which you will enter in a computer. There are 18 periods in all.

Please note that communication between participants is strictly prohibited during the experiment. In addition we would like to point out that you may only use the computer functions which are required for the experiment. Communication between participants and unnecessary interference with computers will lead to exclusion from the experiment. In case you have any questions we shall be glad to assist you.

Prior to the experiment the 17 participants were divided into 2 groups: buyers and sellers. In this experiment there are 10 sellers and 7 buyers.

You shall be a buyer for the entire course of the experiment. All participants have received an identification number, which they will keep for the entire experiment. Your identification number is stated on the documentation sheet in front of you.

An Overview of the Experiment Procedures

In each period of the experiment every buyer can trade a product with one seller. The seller earns a profit through the trade when he sells the product at a price that exceeds his production costs. The buyer earns a profit through the trade when the amount he pays for the product is less than what it is worth to him. How high the production costs are for the traded product, and how much it is worth to the buyer, depends on the quality of the product.

The experiment lasts 18 periods. In each period the procedures are as follows:

1. Each period commences with a **trading phase**, which lasts 150 seconds. During this phase buyers can submit trade offers, which can be accepted by sellers. When submitting an offer a buyer has to specify **three things**:
   - which price he offers to pay,
   - which product quality he desires,
   - and finally, which seller he wants to submit the offer to. Hereby, buyers can submit two types of offers; private offers and public offers. **Private offers are submitted to one seller only** and can only be accepted by that seller. **Public offers are submitted to all sellers** and can be accepted by any seller.

   Buyers can submit as many offers as they like in each period. Submitted offers can be accepted constantly. **Each buyer and each seller can only enter one trade agreement in each period.** As there are 10 sellers and 7 buyers, several sellers will not trade in each period.

2. Following the trading phase each seller who has entered a trade agreement determines which quality of product he will supply to his buyer. Hereby, **the seller is not obliged to supply the product quality desired by his buyer.**

Once all sellers have chosen their product qualities, and all buyers have chosen their actual bonuses, incomes gained by each participant in that period are determined and reported on the screen. After this the next period commences. The points gained from all 18 periods will be summed up at the end of the experiment, exchanged into Euros and paid together with your initial sum of money in cash.

Procedures in Detail

There are 7 buyers and 10 sellers in the experiment. You are a buyer for the entire course of the experiment. During the experiment you will enter your decisions on the computer. In the following we describe in detail how you can make your decisions in each period.

1. The Trading Phase

Each period commences with a trading phase. During the trading phase each buyer can enter into a trading agreement with one seller. In order to do this the buyers can submit trade offers to the sellers. **A buyer can make as many offers as he wants**. During the trading phase you will see the following screen:

Buyer trading screen

- In the top left corner of the screen you will see the current period of the experiment. In the top right corner of the screen you will see the time remaining in this trading phase, displayed in seconds. **The trading phase in each period lasts 150 seconds.** When this time is up the trading phase is over. Hereafter, no further offers can be submitted or accepted for this period.

- Once you see the above screen displayed the trading phase commences. As a buyer you can enter into a trading agreement with a seller. Here you must specify four things on the right hand side of the screen:

  a) First you must specify whether you will make a public or a private offer:

  - **Public Offers**
    Public offers are communicated to all participants in the market. All sellers see all public offers on their screens. A public offer can thus be accepted by any seller. Buyers also see all public offers of the other buyers
    If you want to make a public offer, click with the mouse on the "public" field.

  - **Private Offers**
    Private offers are addressed to only a single seller. Only this seller receives this offer, and thus only this seller can accept the offer. All other sellers and buyers in the market are not informed about this offer.
    If you want to make a private offer, click with your mouse on the "private" field. Then, you indicate in the field below to which seller you want to direct the offer. All 10 sellers have an identification number (Seller 1, Seller 2, ..., Seller 10). A seller keeps the same number for the duration of the experiment. To direct an offer to a particular seller, enter the number of that seller (for example, "4" for Seller 4).

  b) After you have specified to whom you would like to address the offer, you must determine the **price**. You enter this in the field "price". The price may not be smaller than 0 and may not be higher than 100:

  $0 \leq$ price ≤ 100

c) Finally you must indicate, which product quality you desire. You enter this in the field "desired quality". The **desired quality** may not be smaller than 1 and may not be higher than 10:

1 ≤ desired quality ≤ 10

- After you have completely specified your offer you must click on the " OK" button in order to make the offer. As long as you have not yet clicked "OK" you can still revise your offer. After you click "OK" the offer will appear to all sellers to whom it was addressed.

- You can see on the left-hand side of your screen the heading "public offers". Here will be shown all public offers of the current trading phase. Both your own public offers, and the public offers of the other buyers are indicated. You can see which buyer made the offer, to which price she committed herself, and which quality she desires. All buyers have an identification number, which is fixed for the entire duration of the experiment (Buyer 1, Buyer 2,…, Buyer 7).

- In the center of your screen, under the heading "private offers", are listed all of the private offers that you have submitted during the current trading phase. Here you see, to which sellers the offers have been made, the price to which the contract commits you, and the quality you wish.

- **As long as none of your offers has been accepted by a seller, you can make in every period as many private and public contract offers as you wish.** Each offer that you have made can be accepted during the trading phase at any time.

- **Each buyer can conclude only a single trade in each period.** As soon as one of your offers has been accepted, you learn which seller has accepted which of your offers. On the bottom right of your screen you see the number of the seller who has accepted your offer, the price, and your desired quality. Since you can have only a single trade in each period, your other offers are cancelled automatically at the same time. At this point you can submit no further offers.

- **Each seller can accept at most one offer in each period.** As a buyer you are constantly informed about which sellers have still not accepted any offer. Under the heading "the following sellers have already accepted a contract" you see 10 fields. If a seller has accepted a contract, a + appears in the small box underneath his identification number. As a buyer you cannot make private offers to those sellers who have already accepted a contract.

- Once all 7 buyers have entered a trade agreement or after 150 seconds have elapsed, the trading phase is over.

- No buyer is obliged to submit trade offers, and no seller is obliged to accept a trade offer.

2. Determination of the Product Quality

- Following the trading phase, all sellers who have entered a trade agreement then determine which product quality they will supply to their respective buyers. **The product quality you desired is not binding for your seller.** Your seller can choose the exact quality you desired, but also a higher or lower product quality.

- The quality that the seller chooses must be an integer value between 1 and 10:

$1 \leq$ actual product quality ≤ 10

- While your seller is choosing the actual product quality, you will be asked on a separate screen, which actual product quality you expect to receive. You will also be asked how certain you are about this expectation.

How are the incomes calculated?

Your income:

- If you have **not entered a trade agreement** during a trading phase, you receive in that period an income of **0 points.**

- If one of your offers has been accepted, your income depends on the price you agreed to pay, and which actual product quality is chosen by the seller. Your income will be calculated as follows:

Your income = 10* product quality – price

- As you see from the formula above, your income is higher the higher is the actual product quality supplied by your seller. Your income is also higher, the lower is the price that you must pay for the product.

The income of your seller:

- If a seller has **not entered a trade agreement** during a trading phase, the seller gains an income of **5 points** for that period.

- If a seller has accepted a contract offer, his income depends on the price, minus the production cost that he has to pay. The income of your seller will be calculated as follows:

Income of your seller = price– production costs

- The production costs of a seller are higher, the higher the quality of the product he chooses to deliver. The production costs for each product quality are displayed in the table below:

Quality	**1**	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**
Production cost	0	1	2	4	6	8	10	12	15	18

- The income of your seller is therefore higher, the higher is the price. Also, the seller's income is higher, the lower is the actual quality he chooses to deliver.

The income of all buyers and sellers are determined in the same way. **Each buyer can therefore calculate the income of his seller and each seller can calculate the income of his buyer.** Furthermore, each buyer and seller is informed of the identification number of his trading partner in each period.

Please note that buyers and sellers can incur losses in each period. These losses have to be paid from your initial sum of money or from earnings in other periods.

You will be informed of your income and the income of your seller on an "**income screen**". On the screen (see below) the following will be displayed:

- Which seller you traded with
- Which price you paid
- Your desired quality
- The actual quality chosen by your seller
- The income of your seller in this period
- Your income in this period.

Buyer income screen

Please enter all the information in the documentation sheet supplied to you. After the income screen has been displayed, the respective period is concluded. Thereafter the trading phase of the following period commences. Once you have finished studying the income screen please click on the "next" button.

The sellers also view an income screen, which displays the above information. They see the ID of their trading partner, the price, the desired and supplied product qualities, as well as both incomes.

The experiment will not commence until all participants are completely familiar with all procedures. In order to secure that this is the case we kindly ask you to solve the exercises below.

In addition we will conduct **a training trial of the trading phase**, so that you can get accustomed to the computer. This trial phase will not be added to the result of the experiment and therefore not remunerated. Following the trial phase we will begin the experiment, which will last for 18 periods

Exercises

Please solve the following problems including the solution approach. If you have any questions please ask the experimenter. Wrong answers have no consequences whatsoever.

Problem 1

None of your offers was accepted during the trading phase. How high is your income for that period?

Your income =

Problem 2:

Your offer with a price of 30 and a desired quality of 9 was accepted. Your seller chose an actual quality of 8.

Your income =

Income of your seller =

Problem 3:

Your offer with a price of 60 and a desired quality of 9 was accepted. Your seller chose an actual quality of 6.

Your income =

Income of your seller =

Problem 4:

Your offer with a price of 70 and a desired quality of 2 was accepted. Your seller chose an actual quality of 2.

Your income =

Income of your seller =

Problem 5:
Your offer with a price of 10 and a desired quality of 6 was accepted. Your seller chose an actual quality of 3.

Your income =

Income of your seller =

Problem 6
A seller did not accept any offer during the trading phase. How high is the income of the seller for that period?

Income of the seller =