Data and Code for:

Why should we integrate income and employment support? A conceptual and empirical investigation

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Shared Data and Stata Do-Files

While we cannot make the data for Figure 1 publicly available, we share the data and code underlying Figure 2. This includes:

- "analysis_SSPTW.do": The Stata do-file replicating Figure 2
- "SSPTW_extracted_data": the variables we coded from the original data, as described above
- "ILO regional groupings 2018.dta", "worldcoord.dta" and "worldmap.dta": additional data containing regional classifications and geographical information to produce the map

Description of Data and Methods underlying Figure 2

The information for Figure 2 stems from the *Social Security Programs Throughout the World* (SSPTW) database, which has been maintained by the United States Social Security Administration and the International Social Security Association. These data capture details on country's social security programmes, focusing on those that are a part of national legislation.[1] Our data refer to years 2016 through 2018.

For our analysis, we restricted our attention to unemployment insurance and unemployment assistance schemes. For each country, we assessed the descriptions that systematically characterize these schemes according to major programme features. Through this case-by-case text analysis, we coded variables capturing whenever an ALMP was mentioned as an integral part of the unemployment insurance or assistance scheme. Again, we validated this effort through the parallel work of two of the authors.

Note that the SSPTW data only capture ALMPs that are mandatory. In other words, Figure 2 refers to cases where recipients of unemployment benefits are required to participate in an ALMP to be eligible for these benefits. As in the previous figure, we include a few countries that are high-income countries according to the World Bank's categorization since they share similar ALMP and income support experiences with other countries in their region.

[1] See https://ww1.issa.int/ssptw (accessed February 8, 2023) for general information.