

Arctic cloud annual cycle biases in climate models:

Supplementary Material

Patrick C. Taylor, Robyn C. Boeke, Ying Li and David W.J. Thompson

¹NASA Langley Research Center, Climate Science Branch, Hampton, Virginia, USA

²Science Systems Applications Inc., Hampton, Virginia, USA

³Colorado State University, Department of Atmospheric Science, Fort Collins, Colorado, USA

Correspondence to: Patrick C. Taylor (Patrick.c.taylor@nasa.gov)

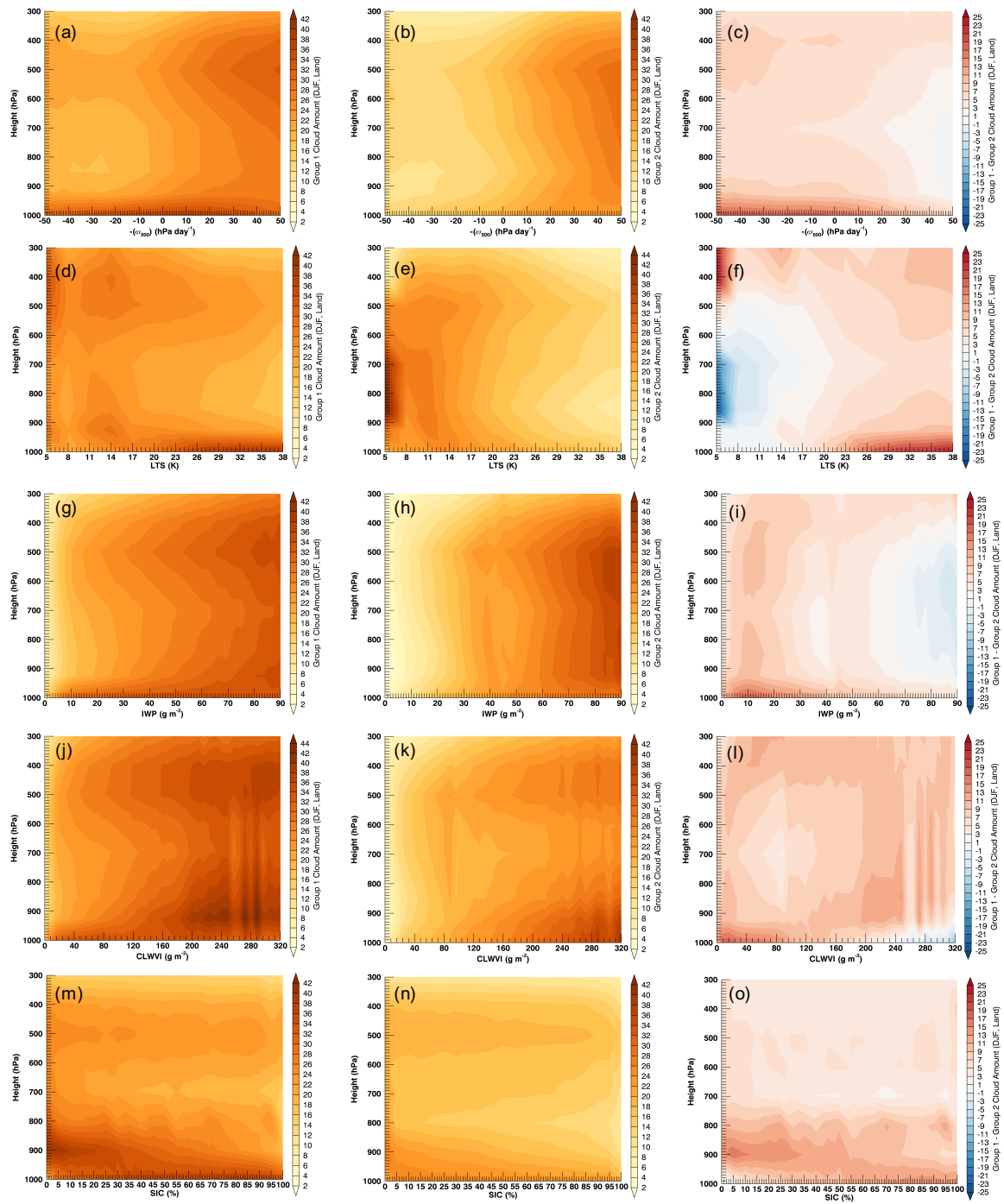


Fig. S1. Vertically-resolved, DJF average cloud amount stratified by $-\omega_{500}$ for (a) Group 1, (b) Group 2, and (c) Group 1 minus Group 2, LTS for (d) Group 1, (e) Group 2, and (f) Group 1 minus Group 2, IWP for (g) Group 1, (h) Group 2, and (i) Group 1 minus Group 2; CLWVI for (j) Group 1, (k) Group 2, and (l) Group 1 minus Group 2, and SIC for (m) Group 1, (n) Group 2, and (o) Group 1 minus Group 2. All panels are for land.

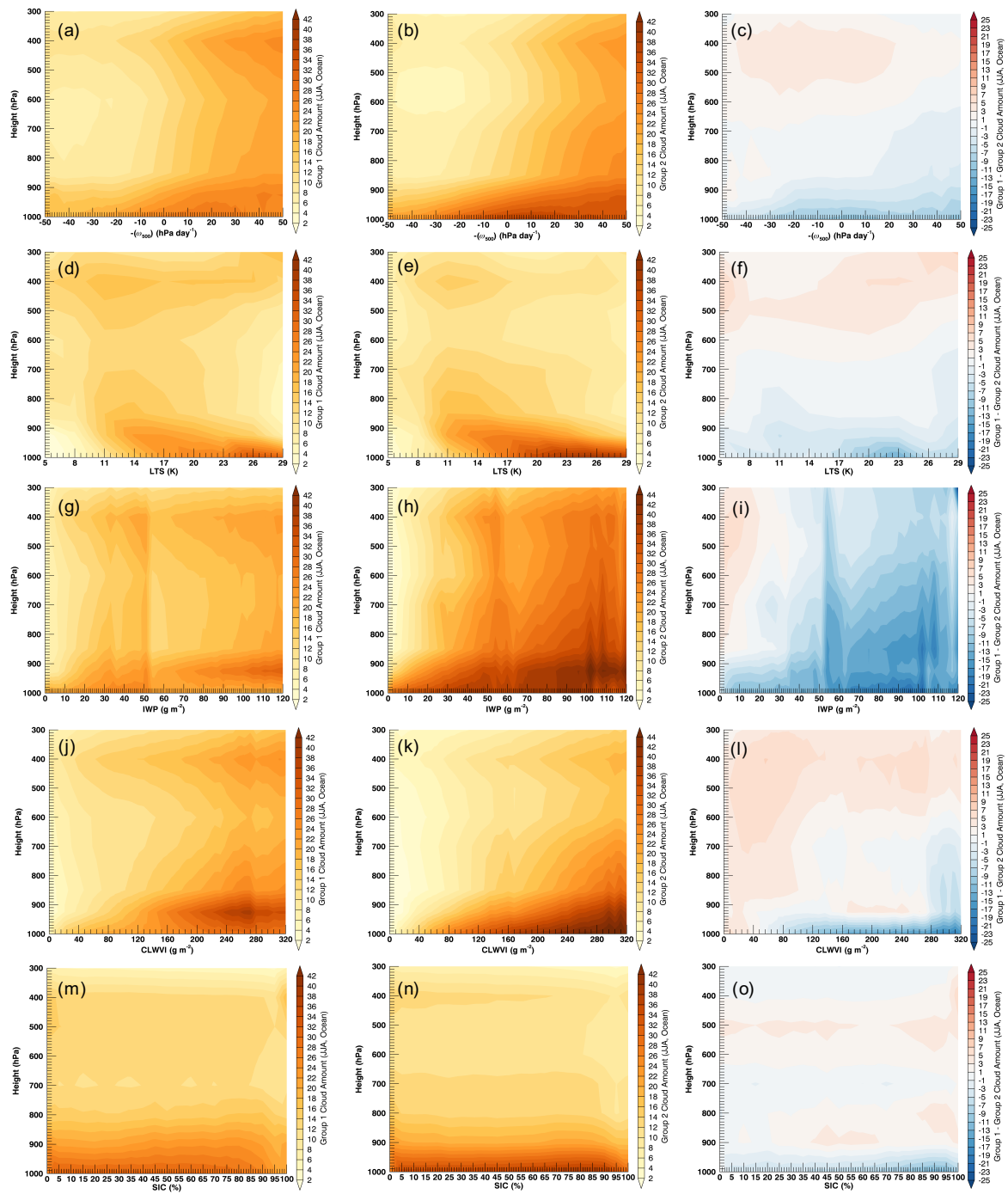


Fig. S2. Vertically-resolved, JJA cloud amount stratified by $-\omega_{500}$ for (a) Group 1, (b) Group 2, and (c) Group 1 minus Group 2, LTS for (d) Group 1, (e) Group 2, and (f) Group 1 minus Group 2, IWP for (g) Group 1, (h) Group 2, and (i) Group 1 minus Group 2; CLWVI for (j) Group 1, (k) Group 2, and (l) Group 1 minus Group 2, and SIC for (m) Group 1, (n) Group 2, and (o) Group 1 minus Group 2. All panels are for ocean.

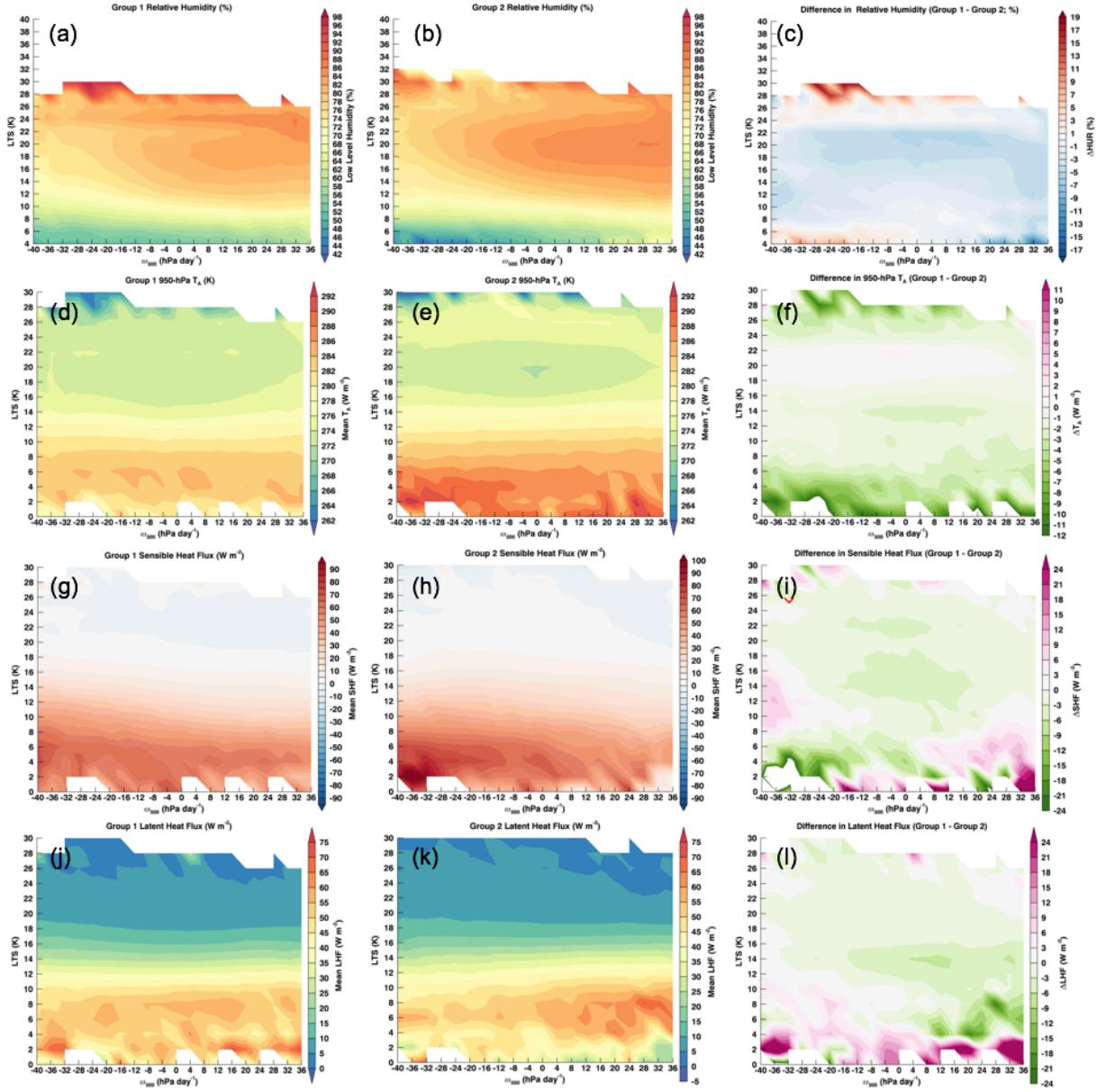


Fig. S3. Contours of JJA atmospheric and surface conditions in the LTS and $-\omega_{500}$ joint distribution for (left column) Group 1, (middle column) Group 2, and (right column) Group 1 minus Group 2 for (a-c) RH, (d-f) T_A at 950hPa, (g-l) SHF, and (j-l) LHF.