RE: Darwish et al. “Ethibond Suture Granuloma Formation Following Repair of Acute Achilles Tendon Ruptures”

Amol Saxena¹, Nicola Maffulli²

Journal of Foot and Ankle Surgery (Asia Pacific) (2021): 10.5005/jp-journals-10040-1151

Dear Editor,

We read with great interest the above-referenced article. In our paper from 2008, out of 219 various Achilles surgeries including acute repairs, we had approximately 3% suture and granuloma reactions, respectively.¹ The granuloma formations occurred after 6 months. They were more associated with non-absorbable braided polyester suture. We admit, we did not do a statistical analysis at the time, including specifically analyzing rupture wound complications. Nonetheless, we think this information would have enhanced the discussion and significance of Darwish et al.'s paper.

REFERENCE

1. Saxena A, Maffulli N, Nguyen A, et al. Wound complications from surgeries pertaining to the Achilles tendon: an analysis of 219 surgeries. *J Am Podiatr Med Assoc.* 2008;98(2):95–101.

¹Department of Sports Medicine, Sutter Health-Palo Alto Medical Foundation, Palo Alto, California, USA

²Department for Centre for Sports and Exercise Medicine, Queen Mary University of London, Barts and the London School of Medicine and Dentistry, Mile End Hospital, London, UK

Corresponding Author: Amol Saxena, Department of Sports Medicine, Sutter Health-Palo Alto Medical Foundation, Palo Alto, California, USA, Phone: +1 650 853 2943, e-mail: heysax@aol.com

How to cite this article: Saxena A, Maffulli N. RE: Darwish et al. “Ethibond Suture Granuloma Formation Following Repair of Acute Achilles Tendon Ruptures”. *J Foot Ankle Surg (Asia Pacific)* 2021;8(2):91.

Source of support: Nil

Conflict of interest: None