iJRASET

International Journal For Research in
Applied Science and Engineering Technology

INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH

IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

Volume: 7   Issue: VII   Month of publication: July 2019

DOI: <http://doi.org/10.22214/ijraset.2019.7010>

www.ijraset.com

Call: ☎ 08813907089

E-mail ID: ijraset@gmail.com

Artificial Neural Network for Speed Control of BLDC Motor

Mr. Nikhil S. Shelke¹, Prof. B. Sampath Kumar²

^{1,2}Department of Electrical, Fabtech College of Engineering and Research, Sangola, India

Abstract: Most of the industries used induction motor for various applications but nowadays induction motors are replaced by permanent magnet brushless DC (BLDC) motor because of its high speed-torque characteristic, reduced size and so on. BLDC motor is considered as DC motor but it runs on AC supply. BLDC motor is operated smoothly with a use of inverter whose gate pulses are given by feedback signal drawn from motor using hall sensors. Brushless DC (BLDC) engine control framework is comprised of a multi-variable, non-direct, solid coupling framework, which is utilized to show strong and versatile capacities. The enthusiasm for developing insightful controller for BLDC engine has been expanded essentially. Neural Control is an ANN (Artificial Neural Network) based control technique whereby the accessible information is the aftereffect of estimating the dynamic conduct of the framework. This capacity is appropriate to be connected to versatile control frameworks where the controller requires adjustment because of changes in framework conduct. ANN was utilized to manufacture the converse model of BLDC engine speed.

Keywords: BLDC motor, BLDC motor speed; ANN; Neural Control

I. INTRODUCTION

BLDC motor has surpassed other motors as the interest for high productivity, high power factor, precise speed and torque control and low support increments. BLDC engine has become predominantly noteworthy in applications, for example, electric trains, electric car, flight and mechanical autonomy. The traditional controllers (PID and PI) are commonly connected for control activities in different engineering works. These are steady increase controllers and require exact procedure demonstrate for their design. The Brushless dc engine is an exceptionally non-direct engine and regularly it is hard to guarantee exact mathematical display. Moreover, the inward parameters like obstruction and inactivity of the engine withdraw from its true esteem because of progress in encompassing temperature condition and expanded burden condition individually. The customary controllers display debased execution because of this adjustment in the inner parameters of the engines. Demonstrate reference versatile control procedure is one among different accessible ways to deal with versatile control. The standard thought behind model reference versatile control is to structure a shut circle controller with movable parameters to such an extent that the conduct of the plant to be controlled pursues the conduct of a reference demonstrates. Fake Neural Networks (ANN) has a huge extension in control framework applications because of the various points of interest offered by them. Its high learning attribute and non-direct mapping highlights offer desired non-straight mapping for an electric drive without going into the framework unpredictability. ANN is utilized to fabricate reverse model of BLDC engine speed. This model was then utilized as controller. So as to acquire control conspire that have great powerful reaction show neural versatile BLDC engine speed control connected. The model reference versatile frameworks (MRAS) have a parameter modification component alongside the typical criticism circle and henceforth give better arrangements when there are varieties in procedure parameters. Neural systems (NNs) with their learning abilities and adaptation to internal failure have turned out to be a promising arrangement in evaluating and controlling nonlinear frameworks. By utilizing Model Reference Neural Adaptive Control the speed of engine can be controlled effectively. On the off chance that we need to control speed of engine effectively, at that point we need to actualize this proposed framework. Brushless dc engines are utilized in such huge numbers of utilizations. BLDC engine is commonly utilized in household works, for instance clothes washer, toys. BLDC engine is utilized in businesses and operations carried out on, transport line, requires the BLDC engine. Speed control of the BLDC engine is fundamental for making the engine work at wanted rate. Speed of BLDC engine can be constrained by controlling input DC voltage and current. The regular controllers (PID and PI) are commonly connected for control of speed. It is difficult to tune the PID parameters and gain fulfilled power attributes by utilizing ordinary customary PID controller. Also it has extensive reaction time, require more space. System with PI Controller has overshoot issue. So that, in this task, the Model reference neural versatile controller is utilized for appropriate controlling of criticism current and power. It will help the engine for quick and productive working. We know the significance of input circle or shut circle. For the most part, shut circle is utilized in any framework to diminish the mistake in flag.

II. LITERATURE SURVEY

The creator proposed consolidating novel model reference versatile control (MRAC) and neural system (NN) to accomplish high following accuracy for servo frameworks. Broke down impact of non-direct and dubious factors on the execution of the plant. The neural system is utilized to repay the impacts brought about by non-linearity and vulnerability in this manner the blunder between the speed circle and the reference model can be decreased. To clarify adequacy of the proposed control conspire, tests were conveyed in a 3-hub pilot test program. Tests results show that the proposed control plan can decrease the plant's affectability to parameter variety and unsettling influence and improve the following execution successfully. [1]

The creator proposed neural system based model reference versatile control approach (MRAC) for ship directing frameworks. For the nonlinearities of ship directing framework, exhibitions of conventional versatile control calculations are not acceptable. The introduced MRAC framework uses RBF neural system to rough the obscure nonlinearities so as to get a high versatile control execution. Creator likewise talked about solidness of the framework with Lyapunov steadiness hypothesis. Reenactment additionally demonstrates the adequacy and superior of the proposed calculation. [2]

The creator proposed neural system control are contrasted and the relating fluffy PI controller and ordinary PI controller. Neural system improves speed reaction and furthermore decreases torque swells. By utilizing this controller, its yield dependent on a lot of guidelines to keep up fantastic control execution even within the sight of parameter variety and drive non-linearity. This basic plan has altogether improved the execution of the BLDC framework while in the meantime keeping up the basic control structure of the BLDC. Matlab/simulink programming was utilized to reenact the proposed plan. [3]

The creator proposed a control technique of RBF neural system PID in light of the fact that regular PID controller is hard to meet the execution necessities of BLDC motor Author examined its execution both tentatively and by reproduction when the framework is exposed to step change in reference speed and unexpected burden unsettling influence. Different control framework parameters for the two controllers have been estimated, broke down and thought about. The examination demonstrates obviously that the proposed controller gives better exhibitions.

The author discussed about brushless dc engine drive framework with two kinds of speed controllers in particular PI and fluffy based controller utilizing resounding post inverter. He utilizes fluffy rationale based delicate exchanging full shaft inverter utilizing transformer, which can create dc connect voltage scores amid hacking.. Consequently all switches work in zero voltage exchanging condition. [4]

The dynamic conduct of the drive framework with the two controllers are exhibited and analyzed for a speed operation. It is seen that the fluffy rationale controller gives much better powerful reaction for the framework and is strong. The waveforms for stator current, rotor speed, torque and back emf were contemplated in correlation with the Proportional Integrated Control of BLDC engine drive. [5] The creator gives the data about displaying and control of Brushless DC (BLDC) engine utilizing the PID control with hereditary calculation. He clarifies the upsides of proposed Control of Three Phase BLDC Motor utilizing PID with Genetic Algorithm. The creator clarifies the correlation between responsel of Three Phase BLDC Motor utilizing PID with Genetic Algorithm and Ziegler Method and furthermore the MATLAB reenactment results. [6]

The creator proposed Model reference versatile sliding mode control (MRASMC) utilizing radical premise work (RBF) neural system (NN) to control the single-stage dynamic power channel (APF). The creator further used The RBF NN to estimated nonlinear capacity and takes out the demonstrating blunder. It is inferred that AC side model reference versatile current controller not just certifications the comprehensively solidness of the APF framework yet additionally create the repaying current to follow the consonant current precisely. [7] Creator proposes a control methodology dependent on fake neural systems (ANN) for a situating framework with an adaptable transmission component, considering Coulomb grinding for both engine and burden, and utilizing a variable learning rate for adjustment to parameter changes and to quicken union. In this structure, the learning rate of the criticism ANN is delicate to stack inactivity varieties. [8] The creator exhibited a MRAC framework which uses RBF neural system to surmised the obscure nonlinearities so as to get a high versatile control execution. In light of the Lyapunov solidness hypothesis, the refreshing law for the RBF neural system and down to earth strength are dissected, which considers the neural system learning mistake. Numerical recreation was done to demonstrate the handy practicality and execution of the proposed neural system based versatile control calculation. [9] The creator has demonstrated that NMRAC ready to follow any adjustments in reference display reaction and to fortify the proof over, the time steady of reference demonstrate was changed from 200s to 550s and NMRAC has indicated great execution in controlling temperature as per want reference show. Demonstrate reference for versatile control is planned utilizing first request in addition to dead time (FOPDT) exchange work. The loads of neural system are refreshed utilizing Recursive Prediction Error Method (RPEM). The execution of neural system is looked at utilizing changed number of concealed layer, energy rate and learning rate. [10]

III. PROPOSED SYSTEM

BLDC engine has outperformed different engines as the interest for high productivity, high power factor, exact speed and torque control and low support increments. BLDC engine has turned out to be prevalently noteworthy in applications, for example, electric trains, electric car, aeronautics and mechanical autonomy. The ordinary controllers (PID and PI) are commonly connected for control activities in various designing works. These are consistent increase controllers and require exact procedure model for their plan. The Brushless dc engine is a profoundly non-straight engine and frequently it is hard to guarantee accurate numerical model. Furthermore, the inner parameters like opposition and dormancy of the engine leave from its actual incentive because of progress in surrounding temperature condition and expanded burden condition separately. The ordinary controllers display debased execution because of this adjustment in the interior parameters of the engines. This has driven scientists to investigate smart and versatile controllers that can perform tastefully under a wide scope of conditions.

Model reference versatile control strategy is one among different accessible ways to deal with versatile control. The standard thought behind model reference versatile control is to structure a shut circle controller with flexible parameters to such an extent that the conduct of the plant to be controlled pursues the conduct of a reference model. Fake Neural Networks (ANN) has a huge extension in control framework applications because of the various favourable circumstances offered by them. Its high learning characteristic and non-straight mapping highlights offer an ideal non-direct mapping for an electric drive without going into the framework unpredictability. To make activity increasingly solid, progressively productive and less loud the BLDC engine is utilized. Brushed engine can likewise give same power yield at the same time, brush in this engine may cause starting and it additionally needs upkeep, in this way brushed Dc engine is failing to be utilized for activity that request long life and dependability. Brushes may leave time (for example short life time).

In armature control of independently energized BLDC engines, the voltage connected to the armature of the engine is balanced without changing the voltage connected to the field.

Fig 1 BLDC motor model

Where

V_a = armature voltage (V)

R_a = armature resistance (Ω)

L_a = armature inductance (H)

i_a = armature current (A)

e_b = Back emf (V)

ω = angular speed (rad/sec) T_m = motor torque (Nm)

T_l = load torque (Nm)

Θ = angular position of rotor shaft (rad)

J_m = rotor inertia (kg/m^2)

B_m = friction coefficient (Nms/rad)

K = torque constant (Nm/A)

K_b = Back emf constant (Vs /rad)

Figure 2- Position of sensor

Sensor decides the situation of the rotor and dependent on this data the controller chooses which loops to invigorate. Regularly Hall impact sensor is utilized for this reason. BLDC engine referenced above is out sprinter type. In BLDC engine, curl is on stator (stationary part) and changeless magnets on the rotor.

IV. ARTIFICIAL NEURAL NETWORK

ANN is made out of components that copy the human natural sensory system. The system work is dictated by connection among components and it is prepared to construct a specific capacity. Preparing is directed by improving the weighted an incentive until the yield of ANN equivalent to the objective yield, this is called Supervised Learning. The Feed forward Multi-Layer architecture of ANN is shown in Fig.

Fig 3 Feed forward Multi-Layer architecture of ANN

Back propagation algorithm tracks the weighted value to minimize network total error through training sets. Each iteration in back propagation algorithm can be expressed by:

$$w_{k+1} = w_k + \Delta w_k$$

$$\Delta w_k = -\alpha \frac{\partial E}{\partial w_k}$$

Where Δw_k is update weighted of k w and α : is learning rate ANN was use to build dynamic inverse model of BLDC motor. This model is then used as controller.

V. MODEL REFERENCE ADAPTIVE CONTROLLER

Artificial neural system has high learning ability. In this way, it is utilized for the distinguishing proof and the control of non-direct frameworks. Neural system based MRAC gives promising arrangement when process parameters differ. This controller has the inclination that the plant reaction can be guided by a reference model reaction which gives the ideal transient reaction. A model that gives the ideal transient reaction particulars is normally taken as the reference model. A first request under-damped exchange work as appeared in Fig. underneath, having fantastic advance reactions and zero relentless state blunders is picked as reference model so controller can be prepared to dole out ideal reactions.

Fig 4 Reference Model for BLDC Motor

The neural model reference control design utilizes two neural systems: a controller arranges and plant identifiers organize. The plant model is distinguished first and after that the controller is prepared with the goal that the plant yield pursues the reference model yield. The plant identifier utilizes the Back-spread learning calculation. The plant identifier is prepared with the info yield sets got from plant model. Levenberg-Marquardt calculation is received for the preparation of the plant model. The blunder for the plant recognizable proof was of the request of 10-9.

VI. CONCLUSION

Neural Control is an ANN based control method that requires only a set of data from measurement of system dynamics behaviour. This capability is well suited to be applied to adaptive control systems such as BLDC motor control system. ANN was used to build the inverse model of BLDC motor speed. This model was then used as controller. Performance requirement of BLDC motor is represented by reference model. Simulation result showed that the Model Reference Neural Adaptive Control produce the same system response with the reference model.

REFERENCES

- [1] Didi Susilo Budi Utomo ; Ansar Rizal ; Achmad Fanany Onnilita Gaffar, "Model reference neural adaptive control based BLDC motor speed control" 2007 IEEE International Conference on Control and Automation
- [2] Patel Singh, A.K. Pandey, "Modelling and Performance Analysis BLDC Motor and Difference Schemes of PWM Controlled BLDC Motor", *International Journal of Scientific and Research Publications*, vol. 3, no. 4, April 2013, ISSN 2250-3153.
- [3] G. Prasad, N. SreeRamya, "Modelling and Simulation Analysis of the Brushless DC Motor by using MATLAB", *International Journal of Innovative Technology and Exploring Engineering (IJITEE)*, vol. 1, no. 5, October 2012, ISSN 2278-3075.
- [4] Tao Fu, Xiaoyuan Wang, "Desgin of Brushless DC Motor Controller Based on Adaptive RBF Neural Network", *International Journal of Control and Automation*, vol. 9, no. 1, pp. 459-470, 2016.
- [5] S. Sivakotiah, J. Rekha, "Speed Control of Brushless DC Motor on Resonant Pole Inverter Using Fuzzy Logic Controller", *International Journal of Engineering Science and Technology*, vol. 3, no. 10, pp. 7360-7357, 2011.
- [6] U. Ansari, S. Alam, S. Minhaj, N. Jafri, "Modelling and Control of Three Phase BLDC Motor using PID with Genetic Algorithm", *Computer Modelling and Simulation UkSim 13th International Conference on IEEE*, 2011.
- [7] Yunmei Fang, Juntao Fei, & Kaiqi Ma. "Neural network-based model reference adaptive control of active power filter based on sliding mode approach", *IECON 2015 - 41st Annual Conference of the IEEE Industrial Electronics Society*.
- [8] Chaoui, H., Sicard, P., Lakhsasi, A., & Schwartz, H. "Neural network based model reference adaptive control structure for a flexible joint with hard nonlinearities". 2004 IEEE International Symposium on Industrial Electronics.
- [9] Jin Cheng, Jianqiang Yi, Dongbin Zhao "Neural Network Based Model Reference Adaptive Control for Ship Steering System" *International Journal of Information Technology*, Vol. 11 No. 6 2005
- [10] Azli Azmi, M. K., Kasuan, N., Fazalul Rahiman, M. H., & Taib., M. N. "Neural network based model reference adaptive control (NMRAC) for steam temperature regulation in steam distillation process" 2011 IEEE Symposium on Industrial Electronics and Applications

10.22214/IJRASET

45.98

IMPACT FACTOR:
7.129

IMPACT FACTOR:
7.429

INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH

IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

Call : 08813907089 (24*7 Support on Whatsapp)