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Resume Classification using Machine Learning

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Abstract: Nowadays searching for jobs is a difficult and tedious process for both the employees and the employers. The traditional method for classifying resumes is very time consuming and the concerned authorities need to go through every resumes sent by the large number of candidates. This process becomes very complicated because there are millions of engineering graduates passing out every year runs for getting a job. For making the process easier there needs to be match between qualification, experience and many more criteria of candidate and company expectation. In our proposed system, candidates will be sending resume and Classification will be done using Machine Learning.

I. INTRODUCTION

Traditional recruitment methods have been used by employers across the world. There are different traditional methods for hiring such as, paper advertisement, internal hiring, referrals and word-of-mouth, however these methods within hiring and recruitment are simply not enough to get the talented candidate. In this era of technology, recruitment process has become more smart and easier at the same time. However, there are more than enough applicants for a single job, and it is very difficult and time consuming for an employer to go through each resume and select one candidate. To solve this problem there are automated hiring processes where candidates have to upload their CV/Resumes to the respected company and then the system classifies the resume according to company criteria. Our Proposed system is initially concerned with the I.T sector where machine itself classifies the resumes according to criteria. Classification will be done using Machine Learning (NLP) on the basis of criteria, job profile, experience & specialization.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

Proposed system is developed by Mr. Yadav A.B, Pooja Bhosale, Bhumika Gardi, Sajid Pawaskar, where resumes are generated from portal provided to student. Candidates have to provide information that is asked in form. In this system there are two modules 1. Generate Resume 2.Sorting. When candidates provide information the resumes get generated in structured manner. Then they get sorted according to scores of candidates or required criteria to company.[4]

Proposed system is developed by Vishnunarayanan. R, Shreekrishna Prasad, Krishnan. A. N, Palanivel. S, Umamakeswari. A, where process of resume screening is performed in order to qualify and disqualify the candidates according to the requirements of company. As during the hiring process various rounds are performed for filtering the deserving candidates in every round. In resume screening various filtration algorithms are used to do the same. This mainly aims in reducing the number of resumes in the corresponding/subsequent rounds of hiring they explored the importance of making the process as cost effective as possible. The study also says that this process should be like an investment, instead of expense. The primary difficulty that was faced in automating the hiring process is that a resume does not clearly specify how prolific the candidate may be. This can be determined only through human intervention which can be done through an interview. Thus it can be said that there is a need for automation of the hiring process that is robust but there is a trade-off involved. Means the resumes should be classified and filtered and after that the selected candidates should be interviewed personally so that the candidates are not eliminated completely.[1]

Proposed system is developed by Juan Zhang, Yi Niu, Huabei Nie, where web document classification using fuzzy K-NN and SVM methods are used. With an increasing amount of datasets, it has become very important to retrieve the relevant data from huge web data. Web document classification is an important part of web mining. Web pages classification has been studied since internet has become a huge dataset. Many algorithms have been adapted for classifying this huge data, for example support vector machine (SVM), KNN, decision tree etc. Most of web document classification techniques considered classes of mutually exclusive concepts. Few took the concept of overlap of classes so the classification result wasn't very [good](#). In this algorithm of fuzzy KNN was used for classification of web document. Some experimental results illustrated that classification performance of fuzzy KNN is better than k-NN and SVM, but the speed of classification for their work has a bit slower than k-NN. They also plan to design scientific measures to select vector size and the value of k in k-NN dynamically according to the characteristic of source web documents.[2]

Proposed system is developed by Swapil Sonar, Bhagwan Bankar where

resume parsing with named entity clustering algorithm is used. Recent improvements in information technology have provided many changes in conversion of raw information into structured data. Resume classification allows parsing and conversion of unstructured data into structured format. Although there are many commercial products present for resume parsing such as sovren cv parser. There are four methods in information extraction named entity based, rule based ,statistical and rule based. These methods are usually used in many applications in combinations. In order to parse the resumes efficiently system should not depend on the form of data provided in the document. An assumption was made that resumes have three level hierchical structure where top most level contains segments, where segment contains blocks which contains information.[3]

Proposed system is developed by Suhas Tangadle Gopalakrishna ,Vijayaraghavan Varadharajan where symentic analysis technique is used .this is developed using two modules 1.Natural Language Processing Pipeline , 2.Classification module. First step includes 4 steps Tokenization, Stop Word Deletion, POS Tagging, Named Entity Recognition . After completion of these steps tokens for classification get generated. And in second step by applying classification algorithm system can classify resumes according to criteria. This system classifies resumes according to interest of candidates in different systems. So it is easy to HR or concerned authority to allocate projects to candidates according to their interests.[5]

III. PROPOSED SYSTEM

A. System Architecture

Fig. System Architecture

B. Algorithm/ Methodology

- 1) Sentence Segmentation: Sentence segmentation is the problem of dividing a string of written language into its component sentences.
- 2) Word Tokenization: Tokenization is the process of tokenizing or splitting a string, text into a list of tokens
- 3) Predicting Parts of speech of each token (using parts of speech model):In this subprocess, each word is classified into parts of speech
- 4) Text Lemmatization (considering the base word : ponies =>pony): Lemmatization usually refers to doing things properly with the use of a vocabulary and analysis of words.

- 5) Identifying Stop Words: A stop word is a commonly used word such as the, a, an, in that a search engine has been programmed to ignore
- 6) Dependency Parsing : Dependency parsing is the task of extracting a dependency parse of a sentence that represents its grammatical structure and defines the relationships
- 7) Finding Noun Phrases: It finds the noun phrase includes a noun-a person, place, or thing and the modifiers which distinguish it.
- 8) Named Entity Recognition (NER) : In this subprocess, only nouns and pronouns are considered and if there is any institute or company name then it should be deleted.
- 9) Classification using various Algorithm: Classification is done by various algorithms like K-NN, Naive Base, SVM.
- 10) Call for Joining: Lastly the candidates are called for the joining to the company.

IV. CONCLUSION

Our system will provide better and efficient solution to current hiring process. This will decrease the hard work and valuable time of the concern authorities required for classifying resumes into specific format.

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