Zdravstvena njega kod bolesnika s trajnim jednokomornim elektrostimulatorom srca – prikaz slučaja

Nursing care in patient with permanent single chamber cardiac pacemaker – a case report

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Iako se ugradnja trajnog srčanog elektrostimulatora već smatra rutinskim postupkom moguće su brojne komplikacije uoči samog zahvata ili nakon nekoliko dana ili mjeseci.¹ Zbrinjavanje bolesnika neposredno nakon ugradnje srčanog elektrostimulatora te edukacija bolesnika i obitelji može spriječiti nastanak nekih komplikacija.

U ovom radu biti će prikazan slučaj bolesnika starog 47 godina koji je hospitaliziran na Zavodu za bolesti srca i krvnih žila Kliničke bolnice Dubrava zbog sinkope te od ranije poznate arterijske hipertenzije. Bolesniku je nakon utvrđenog atrioventrikularnog bloka drugog stupnja u elektrokardiogramu ugrađen trajni srčani jednokomorni elektrostimulator te je otpušten na kućno liječenje. Nakon nekoliko dana bolesnik se ponovno zaprima na odjel zbog dislokacije elektrode srčanog elektrostimulatora. Nakon repozicije elektrode bolesnik ima pozitivan postoperativni period te se nakon sedam dana otpušta na kućno liječenje uz redovne kontrole u ambulanti za elektrostimulaciju srca.

Although the implantation of a permanent cardiac pacemaker is already considered a routine procedure it can have many complications on the day of the operation or after a few days or months.¹ Nursing care of the patient immediately after implantation of the pacemaker and education of patients and families can help prevent some complications.

In this study we will present the case of a 47-year-old patient who was hospitalized at the Department of Cardiology at University Hospital Dubrava because of syncope and previously known hypertension. The patient was diagnosed with the second degree atrioventricular block in the electrocardiogram. Treatment of the patient is with implementation of a permanent single-chamber cardiac pacemaker and is discharged to home treatment. After a few days, the patient is readmitted in the Department of Cardiology due to dislocation of the electrode of pacemaker. After repositioning the electrode, the patient has a positive postoperative period and seven days later released on home treatment with regular check-in infirmary for pacing.

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