## Nomenclature

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\mathcal{A}(\mathbf{r}) Local Volumetric Rate of Photons Absorbed (LVRPA) [\text{mol}_{h\nu}.\text{m}^{-3}.\text{s}^{-1}]
    \langle \mathcal{A} \rangle Mean Volumetric Rate of Photons Absorbed (MVRPA) [mol<sub>h\nu</sub>.m<sup>-3</sup>.s<sup>-1</sup>]
       A Absorbance [-]
       C Concentration [mol.m<sup>-3</sup>]
      \mathbf{e}_x Unit vector along the x abscissa [-]
       E Molar cross-section [m<sup>2</sup>.mol<sup>-1</sup>]
        f Probability that a photon absorbed within the reactor is absorbed by the
           photosensitizer [-]
       G Irradiance [\text{mol}_{h\nu}.\text{m}^{-2}.\text{s}^{-1}]
   H_{H_2} Henry constant of hydrogen in triethylamine and water [m<sup>3</sup>.Pa.mol<sup>-1</sup>]
        I Intensity [\text{mol}_{h\nu}.\text{m}^{-2}.\text{sr}^{-1}.\text{s}^{-1}]
        k Extinction coefficient [m^{-1}]
        l Extinction length [m]
       L Slab thickness [m]
      N Number of Monte Carlo algorithm iterations [-]
       P Pressure [Pa]
    P^{(j)} Distribution of a scattering orders [-]
   p(\lambda) Spectral source probability density function [nm<sup>-1</sup>]
p(\mu|\mu') Phase function [sr<sup>-1</sup>]
     \mathcal{P}_A Absorptance [-]
      q_0 Photon flux density [\text{mol}_{h\nu}.\text{m}^{-2}.\text{s}^{-1}]
       R Gas constant [J.K<sup>-1</sup>.mol<sup>-1</sup>]
        \mathbf{r} Location (\|\mathbf{r}\| = [m])
   r_i(\mathbf{r}) Local volumetric chemical reaction rate [mol<sub>i</sub>.m<sup>-3</sup>.s<sup>-1</sup>]
    \langle r_i \rangle Mean volumetric chemical reaction rate [mol<sub>i</sub>.m<sup>-3</sup>.s<sup>-1</sup>]
        t Time [s]
       u Unit propagation direction [-]
      V_L Liquid volume in the photoreactor [mL]
      V_G Gas volume in the headspace of the photoreactor [mL]
       w Monte Carlo algorithm weight [-]
        x = \mathbf{r} \cdot \mathbf{e}_x Abscissa in the slab [m]
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Greek letters
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- $\alpha$  Single-scattering albedo with catalyst absorption [-]
- $\delta$  Relative difference between overall quantum yields [-]
- $\Delta$  Relative difference between absorptance models [-]
- $\lambda$  Radiation wavelength [m]
- $\mu = \mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{e}_x$  Cosine of propagation direction [-]
- $\sigma$  Standard error [-]
- $\tau$  Optical thickness [-]
- $\Phi$  Luminescence quantum yield  $\equiv$  single-scattering albedo [-]
- $\varphi$  Overall quantum yield  $[\text{mol}_i.\text{mol}_{h\nu}^{-1}]$
- Subscripts/Superscripts
- A Refers to absorption
- cat Refers to catalyst
  - $\lambda$  Refers to wavelength
- min Minimum value
- max Maximum value
  - S Refers to scattering
- elastic Refers to elastic approximation
  - exp Refers to experimental measurement
  - gray Refers to gray approximation
    - i Refers to incident source
    - j Refers to the  $j^{th}$  order in the successive order of scattering expansion
    - L Refers to the luminescence source
    - P1 Relative to P1 approximation
      - r Relative to rear face of the photoreactor
    - S Refers to scattered (luminescence) radiation
    - SS Refers to Single-Scattering approximation
      - Refers to gray value
      - ^ Refers to elastic value
    - 1\* Refers to singlet state
    - 3\* Refers to triplet state

Acronyms

Et<sub>3</sub>N Triethylamine

 $\mathrm{E}\mathrm{Y}^{2-}$  Eosin Y molecule

F Fluorescence

FeFe Diiron thilate complex catalyst

ISC Intersystem-crossing

MVRPA Mean Volumetric Rate of Photons Absorbed

NR Non Radiative

RTE Radiative Transfer Equation