**Supplemental Table 3. Sex-stratified regression models\* of estimated salt intake (g/day) with systolic blood pressure and prevalent hypertension, with and without outlier\*\* exclusion**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Outliers\*\* excluded | |  | All participants | |
|  |  | 95% CI |  |  | 95% CI |
| Systolic Blood Pressure (mmHg) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men | β = -0.12 | -0.83, 0.58 |  | β = -0.10 | -0.79, 0.59 |
| Women | β = -0.06 | -0.73, 0.61 |  | β = -0.07 | -0.56, 0.43 |
| Hypertension\*\*\* |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men | RR = 0.97 | 0.87, 1.09 |  | RR = 0.97 | 0.87, 1.07 |
| Women | RR = 0.92 | 0.83, 1.02 |  | RR = 0.91 | 0.83, 1.01 |

\*Models include adjustment for age, height, weight, smoking, total cholesterol, diabetes, and physical inactivity

\*\*Salt consumption of less than 3 or greater than 17 grams per day

\*\*\*Systolic blood pressure ≥ 140mmHg or diastolic blood pressure ≥ 90mmHg