

Structure of (*R,R*)-4-bromo-2-(4-(4-bromo-1-tosyl-1*H*-pyrrol-2-yl)-1,3-dinitrobutan-2-yl)-1-tosyl-1*H*-pyrrole, another ostensible by-product in the synthesis of *geminal*-dimethyl hydrodipyrins.

Harry C. Sample,^{a*} Brendan Twamley^b and Mathias O. Senge^a

^aSchool of Chemistry, Chair of Organic Chemistry, Trinity Biomedical Sciences Institute, Trinity College Dublin, 152–160 Pearse St., D02 R590, Dublin, Ireland, and ^bSchool of Chemistry, Trinity College Dublin, College Green, Dublin 2, Ireland

Correspondence email: sampleh@tcd.ie

SUPPORTING INFORMATION

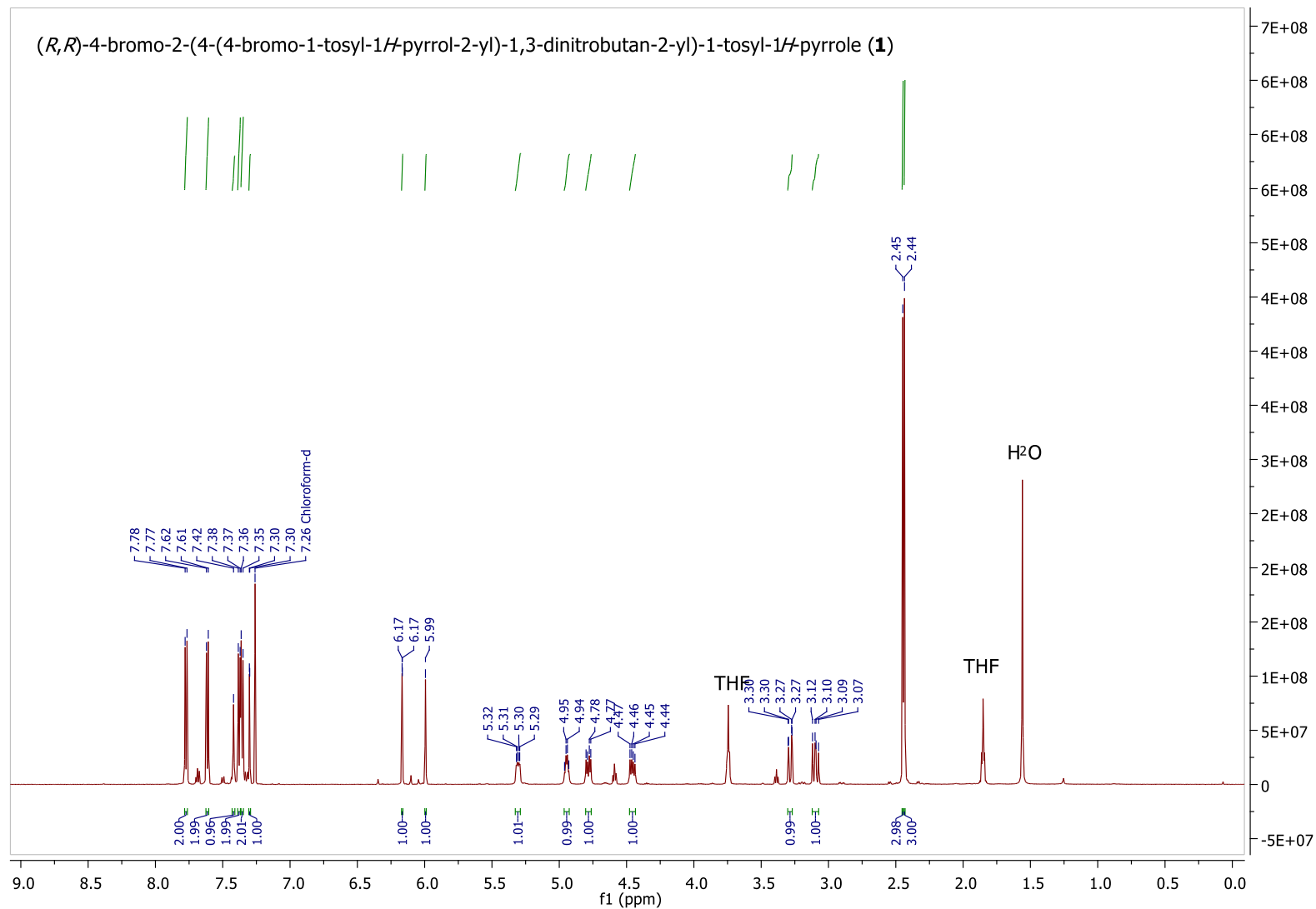


Figure S1. ¹H NMR spectra of *(R,R)*-4-bromo-2-(4-(4-bromo-1-tosyl-1*H*-pyrrol-2-yl)-1,3-dinitrobutan-2-yl)-1-tosyl-1*H*-pyrrole (**1**) (CDCl₃, 600 MHz, 298 K). Chemical shifts were determined with respect to the residual solvent peak. Residual THF and H₂O from the reaction mixture have been annotated.

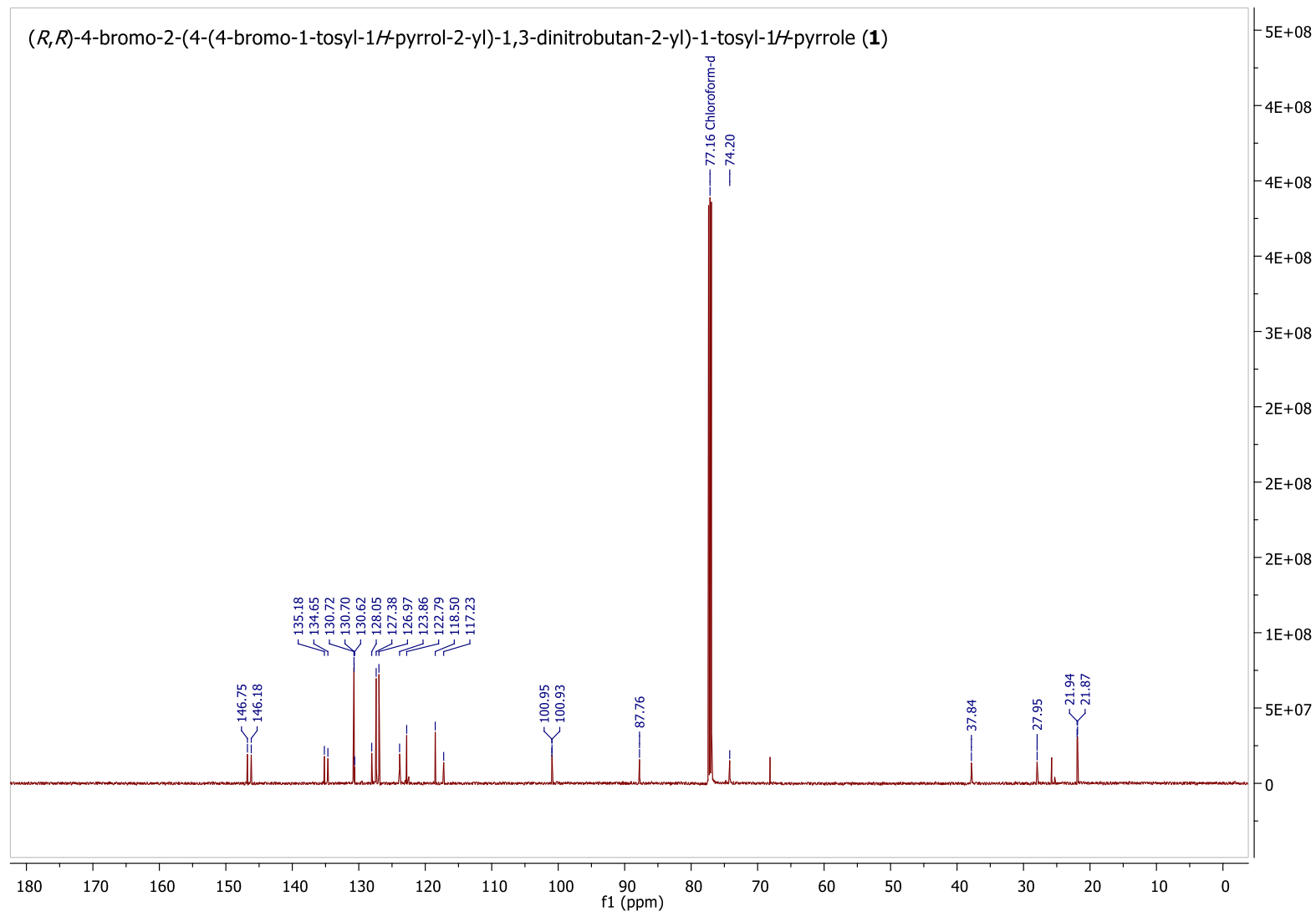


Figure S2. ^{13}C NMR spectra of (*R,R*)-4-bromo-2-(4-(4-bromo-1-tosyl-1*H*-pyrrol-2-yl)-1,3-dinitrobutan-2-yl)-1-tosyl-1*H*-pyrrole (**1**) (CDCl_3 , 151 MHz, 298 K). Chemical shifts were determined with respect to the residual solvent peak.

(R,R)-4-bromo-2-(4-(4-bromo-1-tosyl-1*H*-pyrrol-2-yl)-1,3-dinitrobutan-2-yl)-1-tosyl-1*H*-pyrrole (**1**)

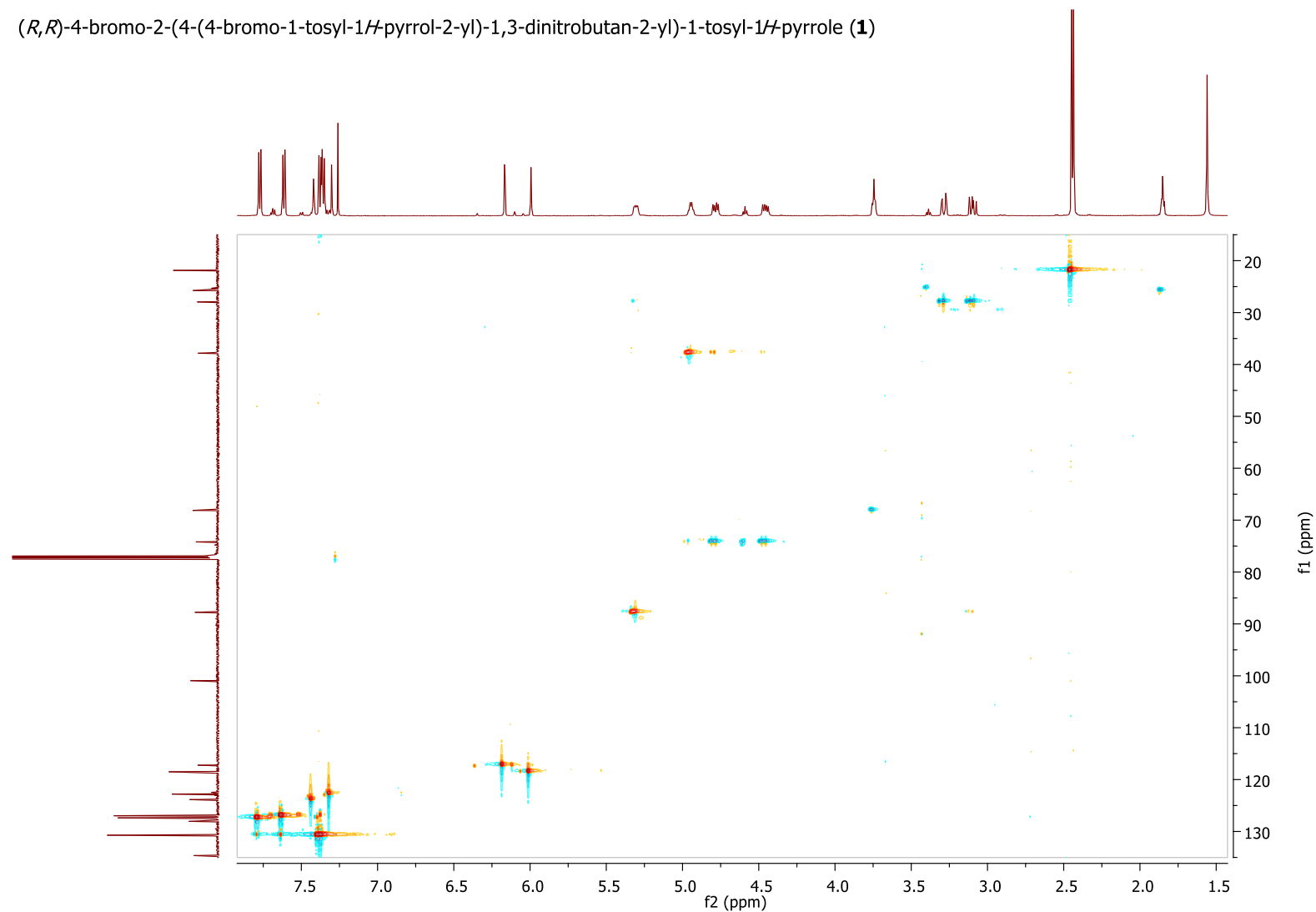


Figure S3. ^1H - ^{13}C HSQC NMR spectra of *(R,R)*-4-bromo-2-(4-(4-bromo-1-tosyl-1*H*-pyrrol-2-yl)-1,3-dinitrobutan-2-yl)-1-tosyl-1*H*-pyrrole (**1**) (CDCl_3 , 298 K). Chemical shifts were determined with respect to the residual solvent peak. Spectra were aligned using data from the respective ^1H and ^{13}C NMR spectra.

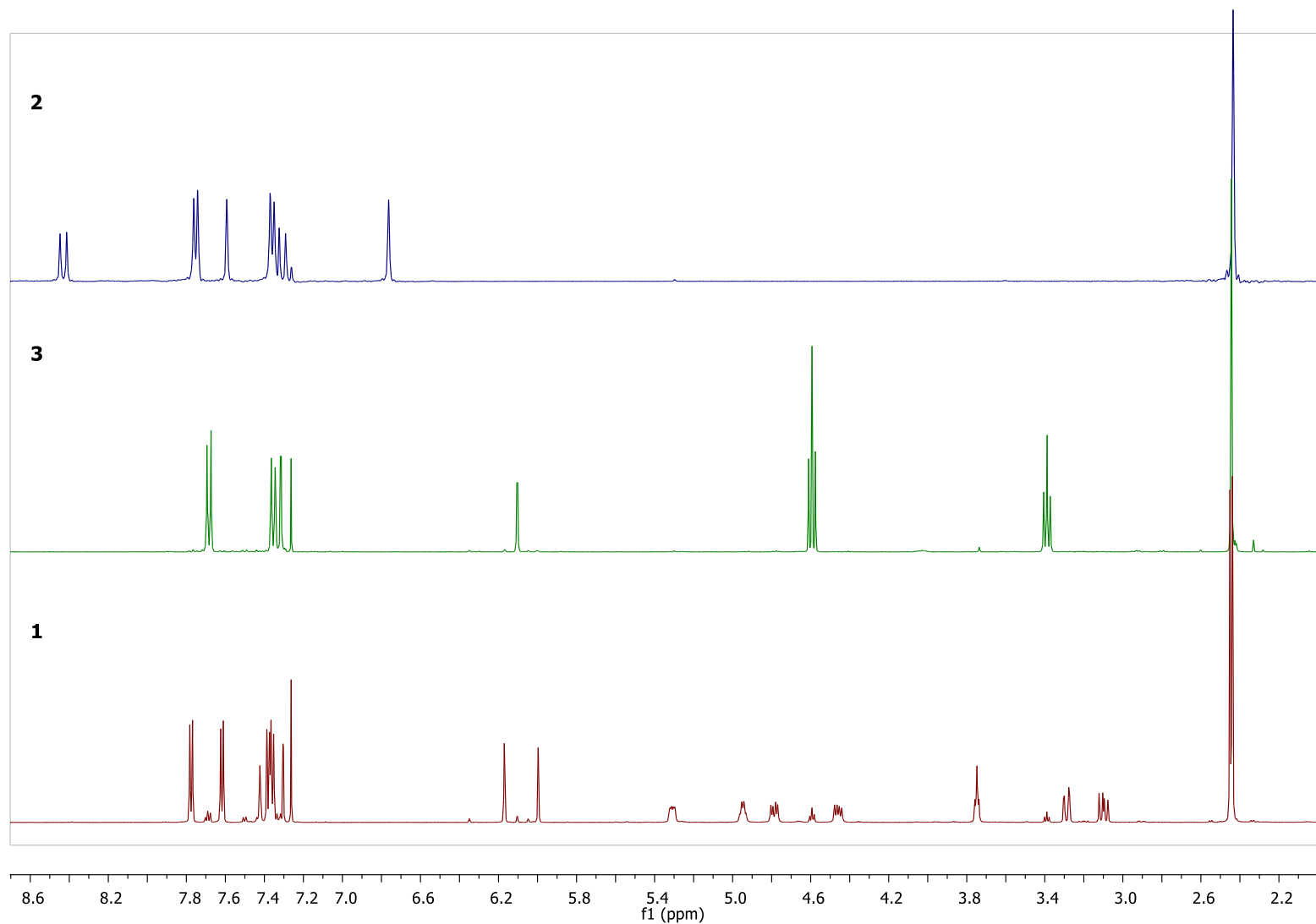


Figure S4. Overlaid ¹H NMR spectra of (*E*)-4-bromo-2-(2-nitrovinyl)-1-tosyl-1*H*-pyrrole (**2**), 4-bromo-2-(2-nitroethyl)-1-tosyl-1*H*-pyrrole (**3**) and (*R,R*)-4-bromo-2-(4-(4-bromo-1-tosyl-1*H*-pyrrol-2-yl)-1,3-dinitrobutan-2-yl)-1-tosyl-1*H*-pyrrole (**1**) in the range $\delta = 2.00$ – 8.65 ppm (CDCl₃, 298 K).