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Supporting information for article:

Cloning, expression, purification, characterization, crystallization and X-ray crystallographic analysis of recombinant Der f 21 (rDer f 21) from *Dermatophagoides farinae*

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Constructs	Sequence	Number of	Molecular	Vector	References
of Der f 21		Residues	Weight		
Full length	*MKPIIPCAIVMAVSVS	136 residues	Deduced	pCold-	Cui et al.,
	GFIVDVDT EDKWRNAF	(consist of	from SDS-	TF	2014
	DHMLMEEFEEKMDQIE	predicted 17	PAGE:		
	HGLLMLSEQYKELEKT	residues	14 kDa		
	KSKELKEQILRELTIAEN	signal			
	YLRGALKFMQQEAKRT	peptide and			
	DLNMFERYNFETAVSTI	119 residues			
	EILVKDLAELAKKVKA	of mature			
	VKSDD	Der f 21)			
Predicted	<i>FIVDVDT</i>EDKWRNAF	119 residues	Calculated:	-	Cui et al.,
Mature	DHMLMEEFEEKMDQIE	(consist of	14.16 kDa		2014
Der f 21	HGLLMLSEQYKELEKT	residue 18			
	KSKELKEQILRELTIAEN	to 136 of			
	YLRGALKFMQQEAKRT	full length			
	DLNMFERYNFETAVSTI	Der f 21)			
	EILVKDLAELAKKVKA				
	VKSDD				
rDer f 21	⁺ MHHHHHHSSGLVPR	128 residues	Calculated:	pET-M	This study
	GS EDKWRNAFDHMLM	(consist of	15.2 kDa		
	EEFEEKMDQIEHGLLM	16 residues			
	LSEQYKELEKTKSKELK	from His-	SDS-PAGE:		
	EQILRELTIAENYLRGA	tag fusion	13 kDa		
	LKFMQQEAKRTDLNMF	and 112			
	ERYNFETAVSTIEILVK	residues of	Mass-Spec:		
	DLAELAKKVKAVKSDD	Der f 21	15.2 kDa		
		(residue 25-			
		136).			

Table S1Constructs and molecular weight of reported recombinant protein Der f 21.

* The predicted signal peptides is in bolded italic form.

The seven amino acid residues that eliminated in rDer f 21 construct is bolded.

+ The extra His-tag fusion sequence consisted of 16 amino acid residues is in bold.

Protein sequence coverage: 41%

Matched peptides shown in bold red.

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1 MKFIIFCAIV MAVSVSGFIV DVDTEDKWRN AFDHMLMEEF EEKMDQIEHG
51 LLMLSEQYKE LEKTKSKELK EQILRELTIA ENYLRGALKF MQQEAKRTDL
101 NMFERYNFET AVSTIEILVK DLAELAKKVK AVKSDD
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Figure S1 Der f 21 matched peptides sequence obtained using the mass spectrometry 5800 MALDI-TOF/TOF MS (Applied Biosystems-SCIEX).



Figure S2 MALDI TOF/TOF mass spectra of rDer f 21 compared with the profile of protein standard in the m/z range of 5 to 20 kDa. Molecular weight values are indicated on the top of each peak.



Figure S3 Size-exclusion chromatography result of rDer f 21 using HiLoad 16/600 Superdex 75 pg gel filtration column (GE healthcare, UK). The rDer f 21 protein was eluted as a single peak bigger than 17 kDa of myoglobin. The chromatography peak suggests that the rDer f 21 protein may be monomer or dimer in solution.



Figure S4 Secondary structure prediction of rDer f 21 determined by PHYRE2 (Kelley & Sternberg, 2009). The rDer f 21 protein structure is predicted to have three long alpha helices and one short alpha helix at the N-terminal fusion-tag region.



Figure S5 Debye plot generated using static light scattering data of rDer f 21. The second-virialcoefficient value, A_2 of rDer f 21 protein is $0.00350 \pm 1.58 \times 10^{-4}$, and molecular weight of rDer f 21 calculated using $kc/R_{\Theta} = (1/M + 2A_2c)$ equation is 29.5 kDa.



Figure S6 Stereographic projections of the self-rotation function peaks for Der f 21 data was calculated by MOLREP. Sections of (a) $\kappa = 180^{\circ}$ and (b) $\kappa = 90^{\circ}$ are shown. The arrows indicate the non-crystallographic symmetry (NCS) two-fold axis located nearby the crystallographic axis in the section chi=180°.