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Supporting information for article:

Effect of synchrotron X-ray radiation damage on phase transitions in coordination polymers at high pressure

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## Effect of synchrotron X-ray radiation damage on phase transitions in coordination polymers at high pressure

## Supporting Information

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5.1 GPa

7.3 GPa position 1

7.3 GPa position 2



(b) [DMA][Fe(HCOO)<sub>3</sub>] experiment 2

7.7 GPa



Figure S1: (a) Wide-rotation images before and after the phase transition of  $[DMA][Fe(HCOO)_3]$ in experiment 1 with the green circle indicating 18 degrees  $2\theta$  (d = 1.3 Å) from the Dioptas interface.<sup>S1</sup> The 7.3 GPa pressure point indicates very weak reflections from the high-pressure phase when measured on a different position (2) to the central position 1 of the same crystal. (b) Wide-rotation image of  $[DMA][Fe(HCOO)_3]$  crystal in experiment 2 measured directly at 7.7 GPa.

Table S1: Experimental parameters for  $[DMA][Fe(HCOO)_3]$  high-pressure experiments with the cumulative time and DWD determined up until the phase transition at 7.2 GPa. The beam size used was  $10 \times 10 \mu$ m for experiments (exp.) 1 and 2, and  $30 \times 30 \mu$ m for experiments 3 and 4. The beam flux could not be estimated for experiments 1 and 2 that were measured on ID09A (previous station of ID15B) at the ESRF.

Exp.	crystal	size $(\mu m)$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Average\ Flux}\\ {\rm (ph/s)} \end{array}$	Cumulative exposure time (s)	Cumulative DWD (MGy)
1	c1	$20\!\times\!15\!\times\!10$		956	
2	c1	$35 \times 35 \times 20$		4	
3	c1	$95 \times 30 \times 30$	$4.08 \times 10^{9}$	786	0.72
3	c2	$45 \times 35 \times 20$	$4.13 \times 10^{9}$	914	0.88
4	c6	$70 \times 40 \times 30$	$3.92 \times 10^{9}$	310	0.25
4	c7	$40\!\times\!30\!\times\!15$	$2.73 \times 10^{9}$	154	0.11
4	c8	$40 \times 30 \times 20$	$5.12 \times 10^{9}$	154	0.20

Table S2: Experimental parameters for  $[DMA][Cu(HCOO)_3]$  high-pressure experiments. The beam size used was  $30 \times 30 \mu m$ .

envetal	l size ( $\mu m$ )	Average Flux	Cumulative exposure	Cumulative DWD
crystar		$(\mathrm{ph/s})$	time (s) at $5.4 \mathrm{GPa}$	(MGy) at 5.4 GPa
c1	$30 \times 20 \times 15$	$4.64 \times 10^{9}$	1472	3.1
c2	$70 \times 45 \times 20$	$3.52{ imes}10^9$	440	0.5
c3	$30{ imes}30{ imes}15$	$3.92 \times 10^{9}$	292	0.5

Table S3: Experimental parameters for  $Mn[Co(CN)_6]_{2/3} \cdot xH_2O$  high-pressure experiments. The flux and DWD were not calculated for c4 since the crystal fragmented upon pressure increase. The beam size used was  $30 \times 30 \mu m$ .

anustal	size $(\mu m)$	Average Flux	Cumulative exposure	Cumulative DWD
crystar		$(\mathrm{ph/s})$	time (s) at $1.7\mathrm{GPa}$	$(MGy)$ at $1.7 \mathrm{GPa}$
c2	$90 \times 60 \times 40$	$2.55 \times 10^{11}$	628	12.3
c3	$70 \times 50 \times 20$	$1.27{ imes}10^{10}$	162	1.0
c4	$50 \times 50 \times 50$			
c5	$50 \times 50 \times 30$	$1.27 \times 10^{10}$	156	0.7

Table S4: Experimental parameters for  $\text{Cu}[\text{Pt}(\text{CN})_6] \cdot x \text{H}_2\text{O}$  high-pressure experiments. Experiment 2 is split into the measurements in the centre of the sample (2 centre) and at different pristine positions on the sample (2 pristine), and within two pressure ranges (0–1.25 GPa and 1.4–2.5 GPa) where different photon fluxes were employed. The beam size used was  $30 \times 30 \mu \text{m}$ .

Function	size $(\mu m)$	Average Flux	Cumulative exposure	Cumulative DWD
Experiment		$(\mathrm{ph/s})$	time $(s)$	(MGy)
1	$160 \times 120 \times 30$	$2.55 \times 10^{11}$	1	0.33
1	$160\!\times\!120\!\times\!30$	$2.55 \times 10^{11}$	4	1.33
$2  {\rm centre}$	$160 \times 120 \times 30$	$2.61 \times 10^{10}$	15	0.5
2 pristine	$160 \times 120 \times 30$	$2.61 \times 10^{10}$	2	0.07
$2  {\rm centre}$	$160{\times}120{\times}30$	$2.55{ imes}10^{11}$	10	3.3
2 pristine	$160 \times 120 \times 30$	$2.55 \times 10^{11}$	2	0.7

## Example RADDOSE-3D input for the $[DMA][Fe(HCOO)_3]$ c6 crystal.

# Crystal Block #

Crystal	
Туре	Cuboid
Dimensions	$70 \ 40 \ 30$
$\operatorname{PixelsPerMicron}$	0.5
AbsCoefCalc	Smallmole
UnitCell	8.25785 8.25785 22.5102 90 90 120
${ m Smallmoleatoms}$	C 5 H 11 Fe 1 N 1 O 6
NumMonomers	6
Goniometeraxis	0
Containermaterialtype elemental	
Materialelements	C 1
$\operatorname{Ccontainer thickness}$	1950
Containerdensity	3.5
# Beam Block $#$	
Beam	
Type	Gaussian
Flux	3.92e9
FWHM	30 30
Energy	30
Collimation Circular	60 60
#Wedge Block $#$	
Wedge	-38 38
ExposureTime	310
Angular Resolution	0.5

## References

(S1) Prescher, C.; Prakapenka, V. B. High Pressure Res. 2015, 35, 223–230.