Resolving the structure of TiBe₁₂ - Supplementary Material

M. L. Jackson^{a,b}, P. A. Burr^c, R. W. Grimes^a

^a Centre for Nuclear Engineering, Department of Materials, Imperial College London, SW7 2AZ, UK.
^b Culham Centre for Fusion Energy, Culham Science Centre, Abingdon, Oxfordshire, OX14 3DB, UK
^c School of EE&T, University of New South Wales, Sydney NSW 2052, Australia

Quasi-harmonic thermodynamic data was obtained by repeating the phonon DOS simulation with different unit-cell volumes. The resulting U+F curves (Figure S1) were fitted with a Birch-Murnaghan equation of state [1,2] (Eq. S1).

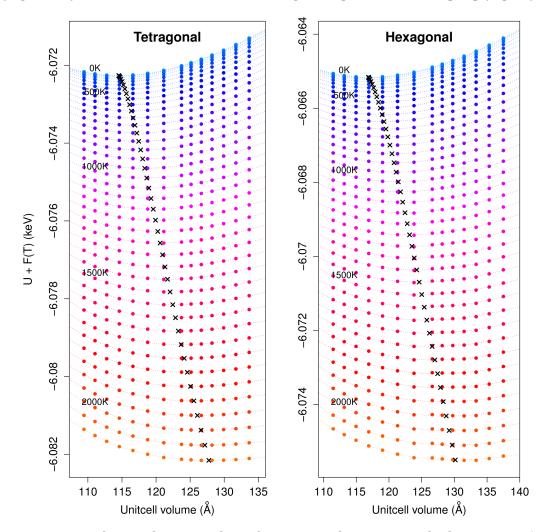


Figure S1 - Thermodynamic data from quasi-harmonic calculations at $50 \rm K$ intervals. Dotted lines are fitted Birch-Murnaghan equations of state, and the crosses represent the minima of those curves.

The Birch-Murnaghan equation (Eq. S1) is represented in the energy-volume form, where E_0 is the ground state energy, V_0 the reference volume, V the deformed volume, V0 the bulk modulus and V0 the derivative of the bulk

modulus with respect to pressure. From the minima of the Birch-Murnaghan fits, the volumetric thermal expansion (α_v) was obtained following equation S2.

$$E(V) = E_0 + \frac{9V_0K_0}{16} \left\{ \left[\left(\frac{V_0}{V} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} - 1 \right]^3 K_0' + \left[\left(\frac{V_0}{V} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} - 1 \right]^2 \left[6 - 4 \left(\frac{V_0}{V} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right]^1 \right\}$$
 Eq. S1

$$\alpha_V = \frac{1}{V} \frac{dV}{dT}$$
 Eq. S2

References

- [1] F. Birch, J. Geophys. Res. **83**, 1257 (1978).
- [2] F. D. Murnaghan, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U. S. A. 30, 244 (1944).