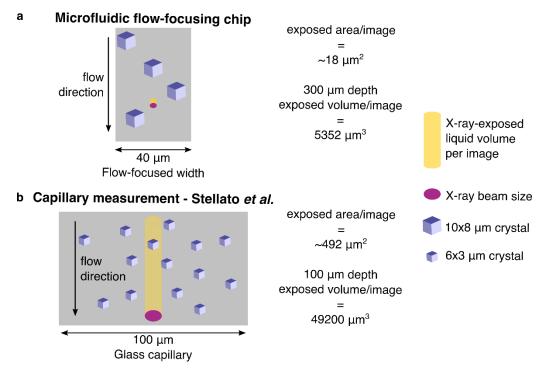


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Supporting information for article:

A microfluidic flow-focusing device for low sample consumption serial synchrotron crystallography experiments in liquid flow

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Exposed area/image = beam size x flow speed x exposure time

Exposed volume/image = exposed area/image x channel depth

**Figure S1** Schematic representation of serial synchrotron crystallography data collection in flow. The comparison is made between this work (a) and the only other reported experiment of diffraction in liquid flow at a monochromatic synchrotron X-ray source. (b, Stellato *et al.*, 2014) The gray area represents the crystal slurry. The hit rates were 1.7% for this work and 2.7% in Stellato *et al.*. The schemes are drawn to scale and compare the crystal size and X-ray scanned volume for a single diffraction image. The crystal volume differs by 5-fold. The probed solution volume differs by 10-fold as the microfluidic chip is deeper but the X-ray beam size and exposure time were much smaller. The crystal concentration was roughly the same. The similar indexable hit-rate with decreased exposure volume indicates that the sample is not diluted by flow-focusing.