



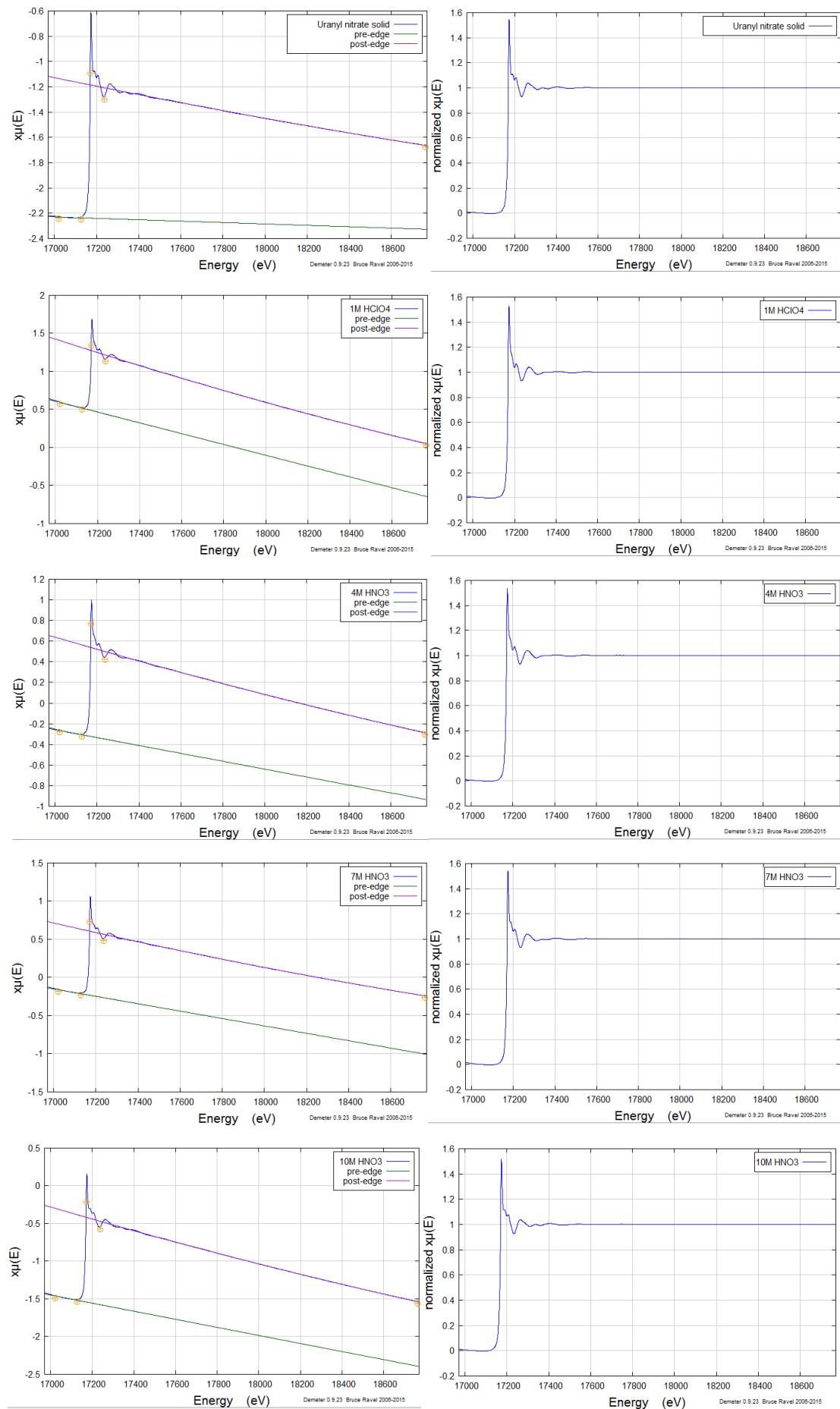
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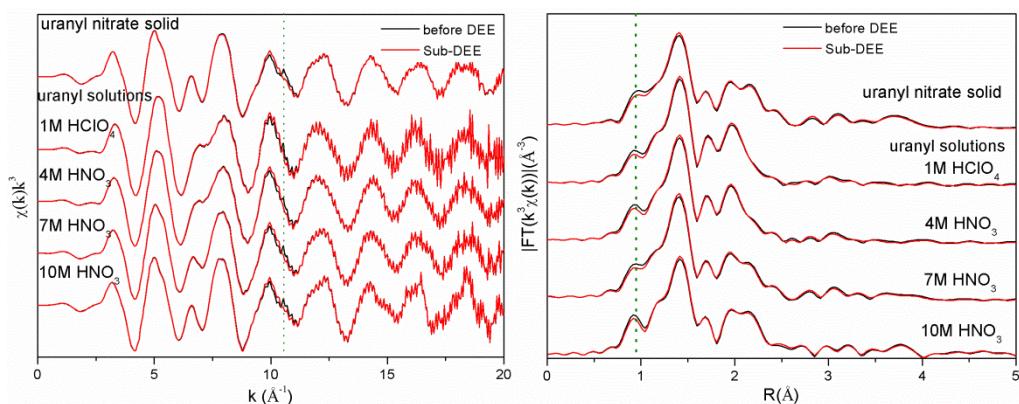
**Supporting information for article:**

**Extraction of Local Coordination Structure in Low  
Concentration Uranyl System by X-ray Absorption Near-edge  
Structure**

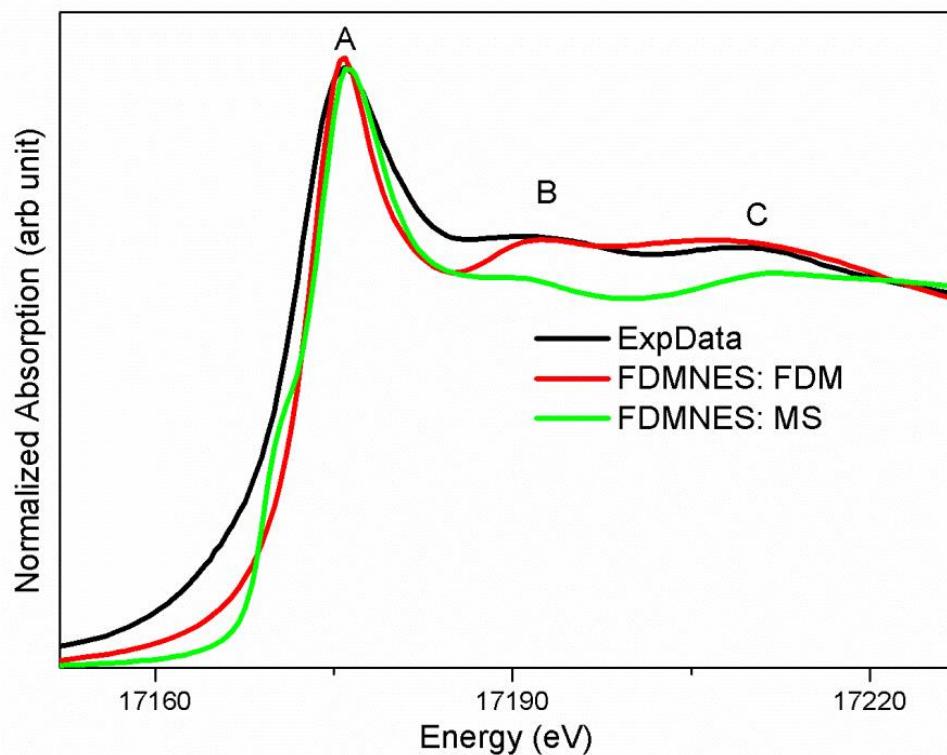
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Chen, Yunpeng Jia, Jiong Li, Yu Wang and Jian-Qiang Wang**



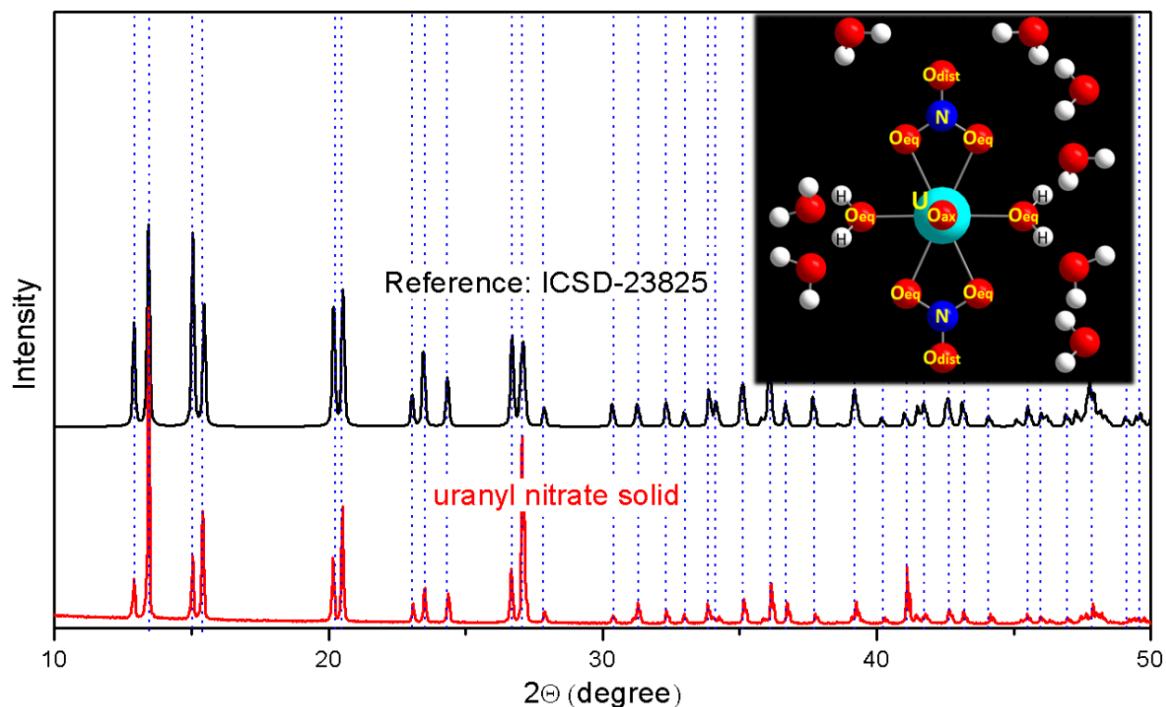
**Figure S1** Left panel show the raw data of U L<sub>3</sub>-edge XAS, as well as the pre- and post-edge line. Right panel show the normalized uranium L<sub>3</sub>-edge x-ray absorption spectra of uranyl species.



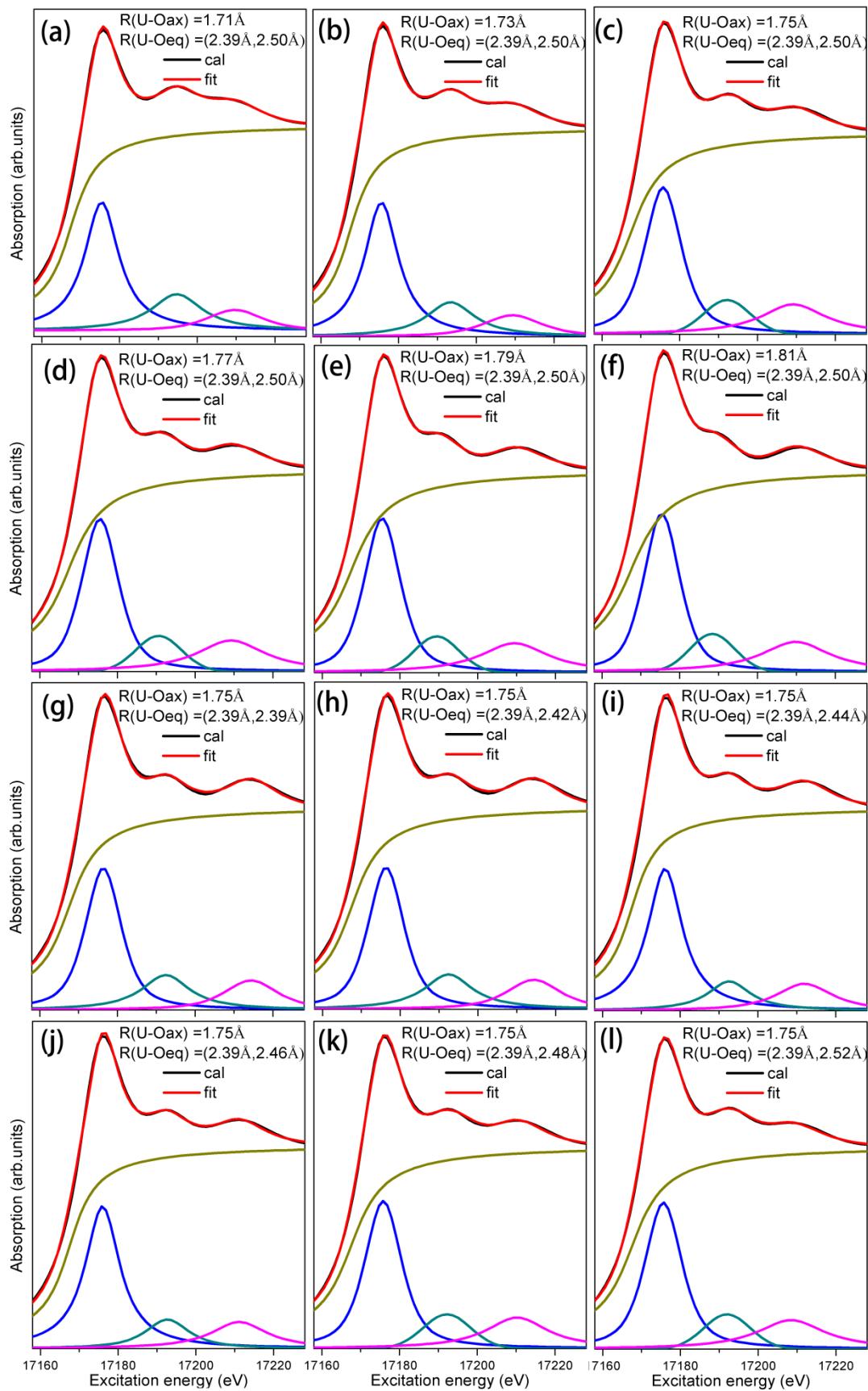
**Figure S2** Comparison of experimental uranium L<sub>3</sub>-edge  $k^3$ -weighted EXAFS oscillation data (a) and Fourier Transform data (b) before and after subtracting the double-electron excitation.



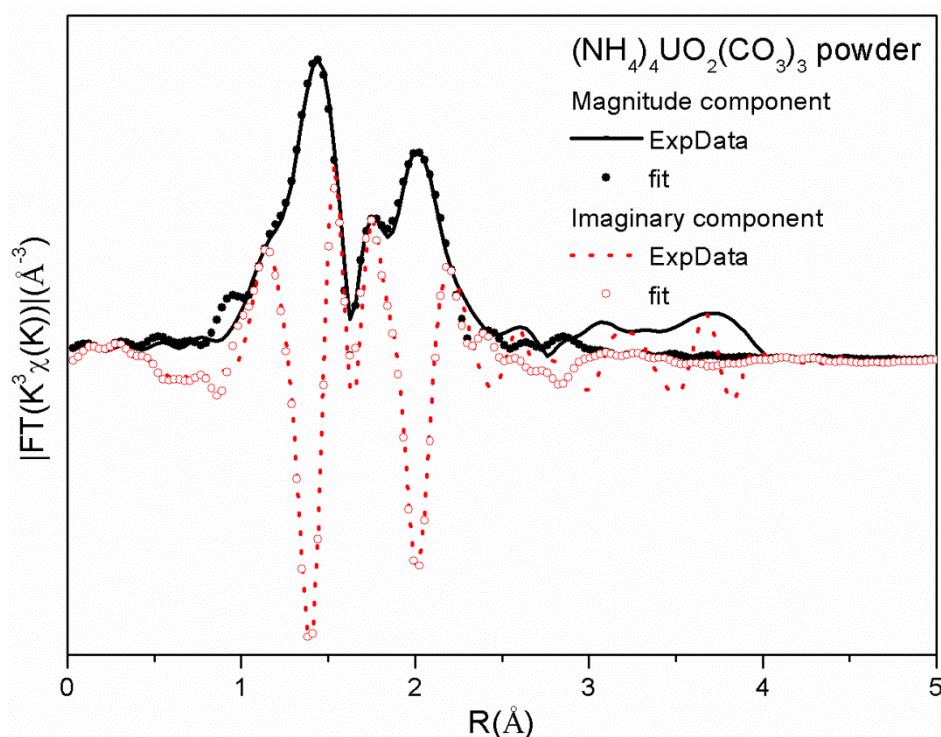
**Figure S3** Uranium L<sub>3</sub> edge XANES spectra in the UO<sub>2</sub>(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>2</sub> solid. Experiment (black line), FDM calculation (red line) and MS calculation based on the muffin-tin approximation (green line). MS and FDM calculations are comparable, but the edge jump and continuum resonance part of XANES ExpData can be better reproduced by FDM calculation.



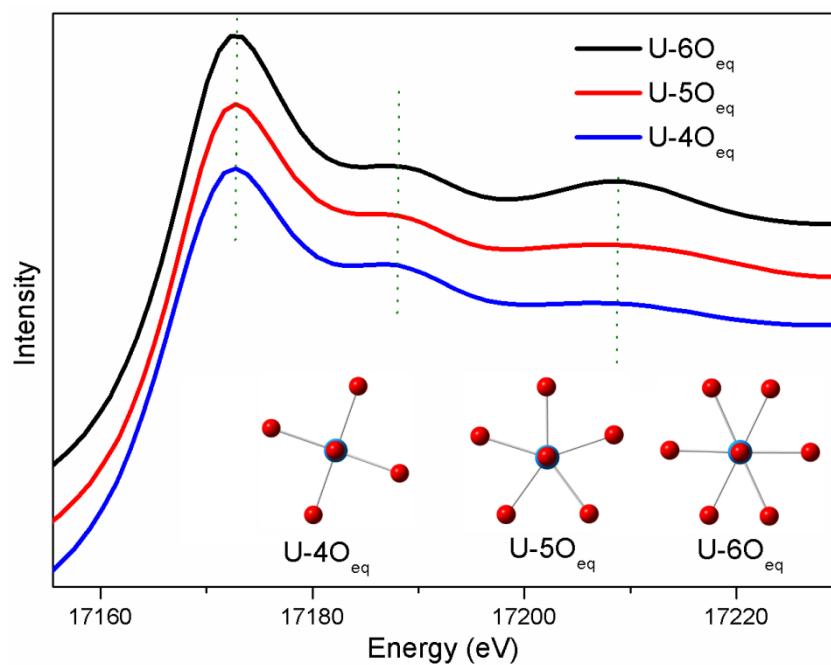
**Figure S4** X-ray diffraction patterns of  $UO_2(NO_3)_2(H_2O)_2$  solid powder and referenced standard model of ICSD-23825. The inset shows the ball-and-stick figure of uranyl nitrate species (ICSD-23825). The uranyl moiety ( $UO_2$ ) is made up of a uranium atom bound to two axial oxygen ( $O_{ax}$ ) atoms above and below the uranium atom.



**Figure S5** The calculated U L<sub>3</sub> edge XANES spectra of  $\text{UO}_2(\text{NO}_3)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2$  model and their pseudo-Voigt line shapes by least-squares fitting in the linear combination analyses. (a-f) the axial bonds have been elongated from 1.71 to 1.81 Å, the equatorial bonds from the contribution of H<sub>2</sub>O and NO<sub>3</sub> ligands were kept fixed at 2.39 and 2.50 Å, respectively. (g-l) the equatorial bonds of U-O<sub>eq</sub>(NO<sub>3</sub>) have been elongated from 2.39 to 2.52 Å, the bond lengths of U-O<sub>eq</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O) and U-O<sub>ax</sub> were kept fixed at 2.39 and 1.75 Å, respectively.



**Figure S6** Experimental magnitude and imaginary components of the Fourier Transform at the U L<sub>3</sub>-edge for  $(\text{NH}_4)_4\text{UO}_2(\text{CO}_3)_3$  powder and its corresponding fits after subtracting the double-electron excitation.



**Figure S7** The comparison of the position of peak A, B and C affected by all three possible symmetries with same coordination distance ( $R_{\text{U-Oax}}=1.77\text{\AA}$ ,  $R_{\text{U-Oeq}}=2.42\text{\AA}$ ) and different coordination number.

**Table S1** Comparison of local structure information between ICSD-23825 standard model from XRD and  $\text{UO}_2(\text{NO}_3)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2$  solid powder by EXAFS fitting, as well as the parameters of the fit of  $(\text{NH}_4)_4\text{UO}_2(\text{CO}_3)_3$  powder. (CN is the coordination number.  $R$  is the distance between the uranium absorber and surrounding coordination atoms.  $\sigma^2$  is the mean square disorder. R-factor reflects the quality of the fit.)

Sample	Bond Type	CN	$R(\text{\AA})$	$\sigma^2 \times 10^{-3}(\text{\AA}^2)$	R-factor
ICSD-23825	U-O <sub>ax</sub>	2	1.75, 1.77		
	U-O <sub>eq</sub> (H <sub>2</sub> O)	2	2.40		
		2	2.50	-	-
	U-O <sub>eq</sub> (NO <sub>3</sub> )	2	2.54		
	U-O <sub>ax</sub>	2	1.75±0.02	1.7±0.1	
$\text{UO}_2(\text{NO}_3)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2$	U-O <sub>eq</sub> (H <sub>2</sub> O)	2.0±0.2	2.39±0.02	4.6±0.3	0.01
	U-O <sub>eq</sub> (NO <sub>3</sub> )	3.7±0.3	2.50±0.02	5.6±0.7	
$(\text{NH}_4)_4\text{UO}_2(\text{CO}_3)_3$	U-O <sub>ax</sub>	2	1.80±0.02	2.1±0.2	0.01
	U-O <sub>eq</sub> (CO <sub>3</sub> )	5.8±0.3	2.45±0.02	5.9±0.4	

**Table S2** Energy position values determined for the resonant feature (A, B, C) and the arctangent (atan) function to model the edge jump, as well as the energy separation ( $\Delta E$ ) between the WL and the continuum resonance by using the linear combination least-squares fit modeling (WINXAS program).

	Position of Peak A	Position of Peak B	Position of Peak C	$\Delta E_1$ ( $\pm 0.02$ ) (peakB-peakA)	$\Delta E_2$ ( $\pm 0.02$ ) (peakC-peakA)	Position of Atan
UO <sub>2</sub> (NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> (H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>2</sub> - solid	17175.21	17191.63	17208.56	<b>16.42</b>	<b>33.35</b>	17172.37
UO <sub>2</sub> <sup>2+</sup> in 1M-HClO <sub>4</sub>	17174.77	17189.66	17211.60	<b>14.89</b>	<b>36.83</b>	17172.37
UO <sub>2</sub> <sup>2+</sup> in 4M-HNO <sub>3</sub>	17175.25	17190.23	17211.49	<b>14.98</b>	<b>36.24</b>	17172.37
UO <sub>2</sub> <sup>2+</sup> in 7M-HNO <sub>3</sub>	17175.30	17190.73	17209.45	<b>15.43</b>	<b>34.15</b>	17172.37
UO <sub>2</sub> <sup>2+</sup> in 10M-HNO <sub>3</sub>	17175.14	17191.07	17208.09	<b>15.93</b>	<b>32.95</b>	17172.37
(NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> UO <sub>2</sub> (CO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> powder	17174.89	17188.45	17209.8	<b>13.56</b>	<b>34.91</b>	17172.37
UO <sub>2</sub> <sup>2+</sup> -AO complex	17174.54	17189.67	17212.25	<b>15.13</b>	<b>37.71</b>	17172.37
Cal-R(U-O <sub>ax</sub> ) = 1.71 Å	17175.41	17194.74	17209.62	<b>19.33</b>	34.21	17167.5
Cal-R(U-O <sub>ax</sub> ) = 1.73 Å	17175.59	17193.36	17209.30	<b>17.77</b>	33.71	17167.5
Cal-R(U-O <sub>ax</sub> ) = 1.75 Å	17175.72	17192.12	17209.21	<b>16.40</b>	33.49	17167.5
Cal-R(U-O <sub>ax</sub> ) = 1.77 Å	17175.53	17190.61	17209.18	<b>15.08</b>	33.65	17167.5
Cal-R(U-O <sub>ax</sub> ) = 1.79 Å	17175.44	17189.48	17209.46	<b>14.04</b>	34.02	17167.5
Cal-R(U-O <sub>ax</sub> ) = 1.81 Å	17175.35	17188.40	17209.80	<b>13.05</b>	34.45	17167.5
Cal-R(U-O <sub>eq</sub> ) = (2.39, 2.52 Å)	17175.62	17192.00	17208.44	16.38	<b>32.82</b>	17167.5
Cal-R(U-O <sub>eq</sub> ) = (2.39, 2.50 Å)	17175.72	17192.12	17209.21	16.40	<b>33.49</b>	17167.5
Cal-R(U-O <sub>eq</sub> ) = (2.39, 2.48 Å)	17175.81	17192.20	17210.20	16.39	<b>34.39</b>	17167.5
Cal-R(U-O <sub>eq</sub> ) = (2.39, 2.46 Å)	17175.98	17192.66	17211.13	16.68	<b>35.15</b>	17167.5
Cal-R(U-O <sub>eq</sub> ) = (2.39, 2.44 Å)	17176.10	17192.58	17211.93	16.48	<b>35.83</b>	17167.5

Cal-R(U-Oeq) =(2.39, 2.42 Å)	17176.21	17192.44	17212.90	16.23	<b>36.69</b>	17167.5
Cal-R(U-Oeq) =(2.39, 2.39 Å)	17176.36	17192.40	17214.30	16.04	<b>37.94</b>	17167.5