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Supporting information for article:

A high-temperature, high-pressure small-angle neutron scattering cell for studying hydrothermal reactions in supercritical water

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	Units	Ti- 6Al- 4V <sup>a)</sup>	Ti <sup>a)</sup>	SUS304 <sup>a)</sup>	A7075 <sup>a)</sup>	Qz <sup>b)</sup>	Sapphire <sup>c)</sup>
Density	g/cm <sup>3</sup>	4.43	4.51	7.90	2.80	2.2	3.987
Tensile strength	MPa	895	340-510	520	540	48	-
Bending strength	MPa	-	-	-	-	105	910
Young's modulus	GPa	110	106.3	199.9	-	72	460
Melting point	°C	1650	1668	1400–1420	476–638	1660	2040
Thermal conductivity (20 °C)	W/mK	7.5	17	16	130	1.5	41 (0 °C)
Thermal expansion coefficient (20 °C)	/K×10 <sup>-6</sup>	8.8	8.4	17.0	23.6	0.5	7.6 (200 °C)
Attenuation coefficient <sup>d)</sup> @1 Å @5 Å	mm <sup>-1</sup>	0.041 0.112	0.044 0.121	0.104 0.158	0.011 0.015	0.024 0.024	0.038 0.040

**Table S1**Mechanical and neutron properties of materials used as windows for high-pressure cells

<sup>a)</sup> Information cited from the website of the Japan Titanium Society website (http://www.titan-

japan.com/technology/physical\_properties.html)

<sup>b)</sup> Information cited from the EIKOH Co., Ltd. website (https://eikoh-kk.co.jp/tecdata/silicaglass\_data.html)

<sup>c)</sup> Information cited from the SHINKOSHA Co., Ltd. website

(https://www.shinkosha.com/english/techinfo/feature/)

 $^{\rm d)}$  Calculated by the neutron activation and scattering calculator hosted by NIST

(https://www.ncnr.nist.gov/resources/activation/)



**Figure S1** Scattering angle ranges for incident neutron beams (a) 5 and (b) 10 mm in diameter. Lengths are in millimeters.

Detector bank	$L_2$ (m)	<i>θ</i> -range (°)	Q-range (Å <sup>-1</sup> )
Small-angle	5.65	0.36–12.5	0.005–1.95
Middle-angle	3.5	11.5–24.4	0.16–3.79
High-angle	1.2	23.7–50.0	0.33–7.59
Backward	0.6	140–162	1.51–17.73

**Table S2**Detector bank information for TAIKAN

 $L_2$ : sample-to-detector distance.  $\theta$ : scattering angle.



Figure S2 Neutron transmission of 1-mm-thick Ti-6Al-4V plate and Ti plate measured at TAIKAN.



**Figure S3** (a) Temperature and (b) pressure variation during SANS experiments in supercritical  $D_2O$ . The temperature was maintained at 377, 387, and 402 °C, while the pressure was varied from 20 to 35 MPa.