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**Supporting information for article:** 

Low-background neutron reflectometry from solid/liquid interfaces

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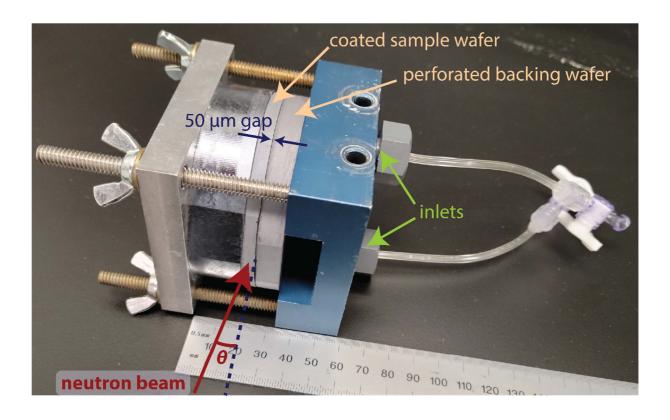


Figure S1. Image of the reflectometry cell showing the backing wafer at  $\gamma=0^\circ$  and the sample wafer rotated to  $\gamma\approx20^\circ$ .

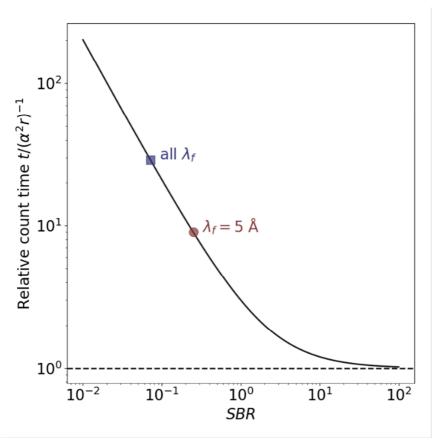


Figure S2. Counting time relative to the background-free case as a function of signal-to-background ratio (SBR). "All  $\lambda_f$ " (analyzer out) and " $\lambda_f = 5$  Å" (analyzer in) refer to the SBR for reflectivity data for a flow cell containing  $D_2O$ , assuming a true reflectivity of  $10^{-7}$  and the background levels observed in the inset to Figure 2A. In the low SBR regime, the count time is reduced proportionately to the improvement in SBR.

Table S1. Model parameters for MAGIK (Figure 2) and CANDOR (Figure 7) measurements of a SiO<sub>2</sub> thin film on a silicon substrate in the liquid cell. For the "all  $\lambda_f$ " measurements on MAGIK (analyzer out), only data with  $Q_z < 0.25 \,\text{Å}^{-1}$  were used. The model was optimized simultaneously to data collected with D<sub>2</sub>O and H<sub>2</sub>O in the liquid reservoir. Data are presented as median values followed by brackets representing 68% confidence intervals based on the posterior distributions. Backgrounds are "residual" after a background subtraction correction is applied by linear interpolation.

Parameter	Range	MAGIK (all $\lambda_f$ )	MAGIK ( $\lambda_f = 5 \text{ Å}$ )	CANDOR
D <sub>2</sub> O residual	$[-1,1] \times 10^{-6}$	$-1.01[-1.57, -0.47] \times 10^{-7}$	$4.7[-1.1, 9.4] \times 10^{-9}$	$-1.38[-1.53, -1.22] \times 10^{-8}$
background				
H <sub>2</sub> O residual	$[-1,1] \times 10^{-6}$	$3.7 [1.9,5.4] \times 10^{-7}$	$2.17 [1.85, 2.47] \times 10^{-7}$	$0.6[-3.5, 4.6] \times 10^{-9}$
background				
Intensity correction	[0.88, 1.05]	0.9822 [0.9800, 0.9845]	0.9692 [0.9667, 0.9718]	0.9814 [0.9789, 0.9837]
Sample broadening	[-0.01, 0.02]	0.00255 [0.00211, 0.00300]	-0.00084 [-0.00141, -0.00030]	-0.0052 [-0.0087, -0.0005]
correction (°)				
Silicon roughness	[2, 15]	4.06 [3.24, 4.77]	3.39 [2.71, 4.00]	4.72 [4.55, 4.89]
(Å)				
SiO <sub>2</sub> roughness (Å)	[2, 15]	3.67 [3.22, 4.08]	3.93 [3.69, 4.17]	3.590 [3.512, 3.671]
SiO <sub>2</sub> nSLD	[3, 4]	3.594 [3.587, 3.601]	3.576 [3.568, 3.584]	3.668 [3.661, 3.674]
$(10^{-6}~{\rm \AA}^{-2})$				
SiO <sub>2</sub> thickness (Å)	[120, 160]	122.88 [122.61, 123.15]	122.14 [121.87, 122.40]	124.22 [124.13, 124.31]
D <sub>2</sub> O nSLD	[6,6.4]	6.3117 [6.3088, 6.3145]	6.3163 [6.3133, 6.3193]	6.3166 [6.3136, 6.3193]
$(10^{-6}~{\mbox{\AA}}^{-2})$				
H <sub>2</sub> O nSLD	[-0.566, 0.1]	-0.5617 [-0.5648, -0.5550]	-0.5620 [ $-0.5650$ , $-0.5554$ ]	-0.219 [-0.239, -0.199]
$(10^{-6}~{\rm \AA}^{-2})$				
Reduced $\chi^2$		1.219(54)	1.406(42)	1.594(59)