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**Supporting information for article:**

**Crystal growth and characterization of second- and third-order nonlinear optical chalcone derivative: (2E)-3-(5-Bromo-2-thienyl)-1-(4-nitrophenyl)-prop-2-en-1-one**

**Parutagouda Shankaragouda Patil, Shivaraj R. Maidur, Mohd Shkir, S. AlFaify, V. Ganesh, Katturi Naga Krishnakanth and S. Venugopal Rao**

*Supplementary information*

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(4-nitrophenyl)-prop-2-en-1-one**

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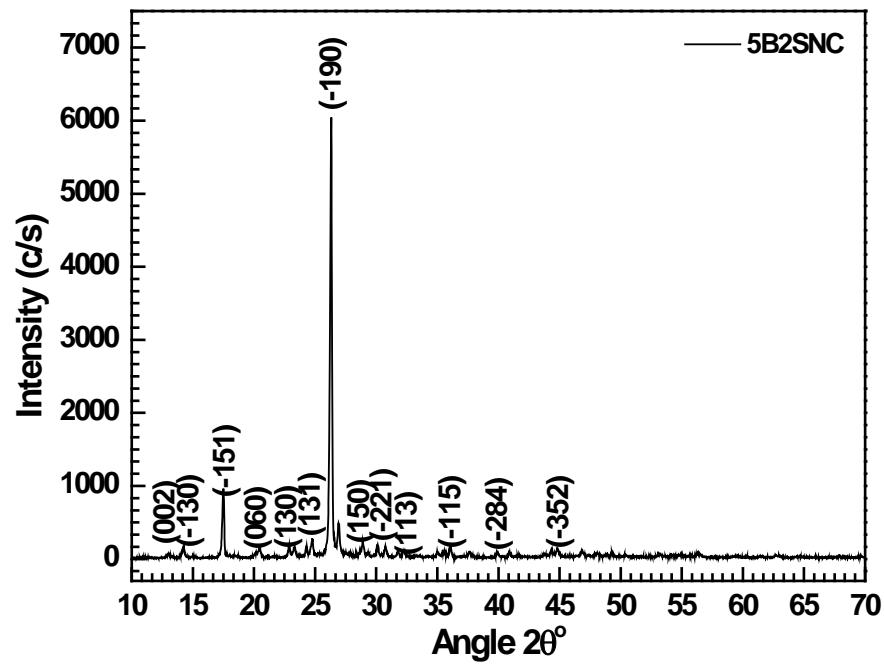
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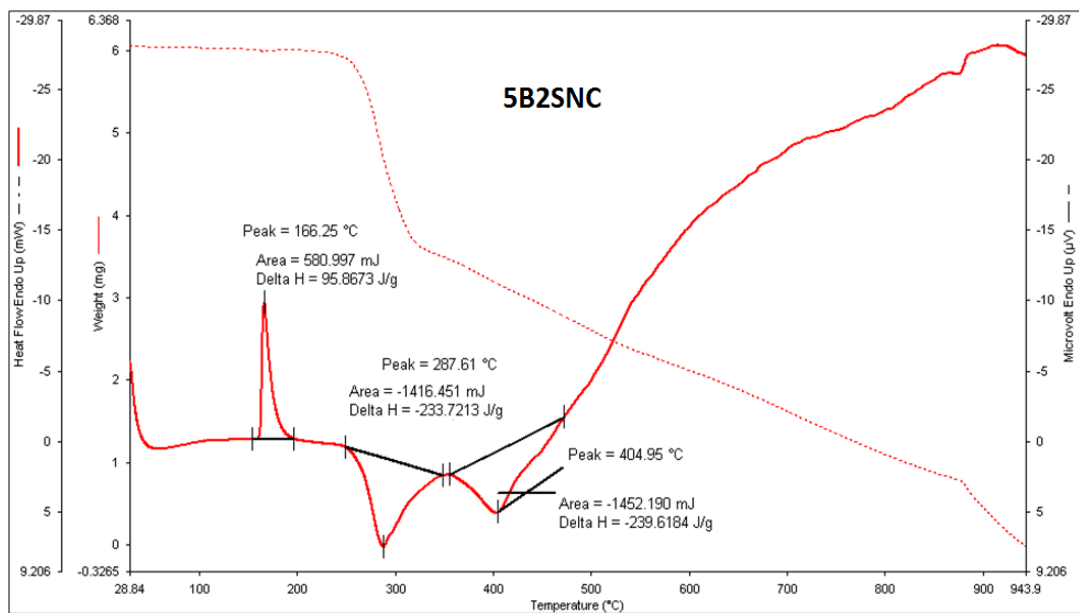
**Z-scan method:**

Single beam Z-scan readily gives the magnitude and sign of the nonlinearity (Sheik-Bahae *et al.*, 1990). The experimental setup used to measure the NLA and NLR index of **5B2SNC** is identical to that described in our previous studies (Patil *et al.*, 2016). The experiment was conducted with sample concentration of 1 mM using femtosecond (fs) pulses emitted from Ti: sapphire laser with a wavelength 800 nm, a pulse duration of 120 fs, and a repetition rate of 80 MHz. It consists of two parts: an open aperture (OA) part, where the total sample transmitted intensity was measured without the aperture as a function of sample position, and a closed aperture (CA) part, where an aperture was placed in front of the detector and only the fraction of intensity passing through the aperture was recorded as a function of the sample position on the Z-axis. CA scans were performed at intensities where the contribution from the higher order nonlinear effects is negligible (the value of  $\Delta\phi$  estimated in all the cases was  $<\pi$ ). The experiments were repeated more than once and the best data were used for obtaining the NLO coefficients from the best fits.

**Fig. 1S.** Powder X-ray diffraction pattern of **5B2SNC**.



**Fig. 2S.** TGA/DTA curve of **5B2SNC**.



**Table 1S**

Frontier molecular orbital (FMO) energies and their differences at B3LYP/6-31G\* level of theory.

Orbitals	Energy	
	a.u.	eV
$E_{\text{HOMO}}$	-0.235	-6.394
$E_{\text{HOMO}-1}$	-0.265	-7.211
$E_{\text{LUMO}}$	-0.110	-2.993
$E_{\text{LUMO}+1}$	-0.084	-2.285
$\Delta E_{\text{HOMO-LUMO}}$	0.125	3.401
$\Delta E_{\text{HOMO}-1-\text{LUMO}+1}$	0.180	4.898

**Table 2S**

The values of  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and  $\mu$  along with their individual tensor components computed at B3LYP/6-31G\* level of theory. (For  $\alpha$ , 1 a. u. =  $0.1482 \times 10^{-24}$  esu and for  $\beta$ , 1 a. u. =  $0.008629 \times 10^{-30}$  esu).

Polarizability and dipole moment			Hyperpolarizability		
Components	a. u.	esu ( $\times 10^{-24}$ )	Components	a. u.	esu ( $\times 10^{-30}$ )
$\alpha_{xx}$	393.96	58.38	$\beta_{xxx}$	-5902.44	-50.93
$\alpha_{xy}$	-2.78	-0.41	$\beta_{xxy}$	935.97	8.08
$\alpha_{yy}$	199.81	29.61	$\beta_{xyy}$	-167.66	-1.45
$\alpha_{xz}$	7.13	1.06	$\beta_{yyy}$	79.40	0.69
$\alpha_{yz}$	-5.17	-0.77	$\beta_{xxz}$	40.55	0.35
$\alpha_{zz}$	71.77	10.64	$\beta_{xyz}$	-7.44	-0.06
$\alpha_0$	221.85	32.88	$\beta_{yyz}$	3.71	0.03
$\Delta\alpha$	281.30	41.69	$\beta_{xzz}$	10.41	0.09
$\mu_x$	-5.756D		$\beta_{yzz}$	-16.40	-0.14
$\mu_y$	1.456D		$\beta_{zzz}$	-3.63	-0.03
$\mu_z$	0.291D		$\beta_0$	3684.99	31.8
$\mu_{tot}$	5.944D		$\beta_{tot}$	6141.66	53

**Table 1R** The values of  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and  $\mu$  along with their individual tensor components computed at HF/6-31G\* level of theory.

<i>Polarizability and dipole moment</i>			<i>Hyperpolarizability</i>		
<i>Components</i>	<i>a. u.</i>	<i>esu (<math>\times 10^{-24}</math>)</i>	<i>Components</i>	<i>a. u.</i>	<i>esu (<math>\times 10^{-30}</math>)</i>
$\alpha_{xx}$	358.14	53.08	$\beta_{xxx}$	-4646.97	-40.1
$\alpha_{xy}$	-1.06	-0.16	$\beta_{xxy}$	865.57	7.47
$\alpha_{yy}$	190.85	28.28	$\beta_{xyy}$	-161.70	-1.39
$\alpha_{xz}$	12.06	1.79	$\beta_{yyy}$	94.62	0.82
$\alpha_{yz}$	-6.54	-0.97	$\beta_{xxz}$	45.65	0.39
$\alpha_{zz}$	76.67	11.36	$\beta_{xyz}$	-3.13	-0.03
$\alpha_0$	208.55	30.91	$\beta_{yyz}$	4.37	0.04
$\Delta\alpha$	245.19	36.34	$\beta_{xzz}$	8.84	0.08
$\mu_x$	-5.072D		$\beta_{yzz}$	-11.30	-0.10
$\mu_y$	1.087D		$\beta_{zzz}$	-6.37	-0.05
$\mu_z$	0.215D		$\beta_0$	2367.45	20.43
$\mu_{tot}$	5.192D		$\beta_{tot}$	3945.75	34.05

**Table 2R** The values of  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and  $\mu$  along with their individual tensor components computed at CAM-B3LYP/6-31G\* level of theory.

<i>Polarizability and dipole moment</i>			<i>Hyperpolarizability</i>		
<i>Components</i>	<i>a. u.</i>	<i>esu (<math>\times 10^{-24}</math>)</i>	<i>Components</i>	<i>a. u.</i>	<i>esu (<math>\times 10^{-30}</math>)</i>
$\alpha_{xx}$	348.69	51.68	$\beta_{xxx}$	-3639.62	-31.41
$\alpha_{xy}$	-1.45	-0.21	$\beta_{xxy}$	736.25	6.35
$\alpha_{yy}$	193.74	28.71	$\beta_{xyy}$	-113.48	-0.98
$\alpha_{xz}$	7.34	1.09	$\beta_{yyy}$	83.23	0.72
$\alpha_{yz}$	-4.91	-0.73	$\beta_{xxz}$	25.41	0.22
$\alpha_{zz}$	71.28	10.56	$\beta_{xyz}$	-5.60	-0.05
$\alpha_0$	204.57	30.32	$\beta_{yyz}$	2.13	0.02
$\Delta\alpha$	241.13	35.74	$\beta_{xzz}$	9.87	0.09
$\mu_x$	-5.174D		$\beta_{yzz}$	-15.73	-0.14
$\mu_y$	1.078D		$\beta_{zzz}$	-4.17	-0.04
$\mu_z$	0.138D		$\beta_0$	1811.34	15.63
$\mu_{tot}$	5.287D		$\beta_{tot}$	3018.90	26.05

**Table 3R** The values of  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and  $\mu$  along with their individual tensor components computed at wb97XD/6-31G\* level of theory.

<i>Polarizability and dipole moment</i>			<i>Hyperpolarizability</i>		
<i>Components</i>	<i>a. u.</i>	<i>esu (<math>\times 10^{-24}</math>)</i>	<i>Components</i>	<i>a. u.</i>	<i>esu (<math>\times 10^{-30}</math>)</i>
$\alpha_{xx}$	346.76	51.39	$\beta_{xxx}$	-3366.90	-29.05
$\alpha_{xy}$	-1.16	-0.17	$\beta_{xxy}$	703.41	6.07
$\alpha_{yy}$	193.16	28.63	$\beta_{xyy}$	-120.63	-1.04
$\alpha_{xz}$	11.36	1.68	$\beta_{yyy}$	82.53	0.71
$\alpha_{yz}$	-5.89	-0.87	$\beta_{xxz}$	22.65	0.2
$\alpha_{zz}$	75.52	11.19	$\beta_{xyz}$	-1.20	-0.01
$\alpha_0$	205.15	30.4	$\beta_{yyz}$	4.99	0.04
$\Delta\alpha$	236.41	35.04	$\beta_{xzz}$	12.70	0.11
$\mu_x$	-5.184D		$\beta_{yzz}$	-13.07	-0.11
$\mu_y$	1.135D		$\beta_{zzz}$	-4.53	-0.04
$\mu_z$	0.220D		$\beta_0$	1671.35	14.42
$\mu_{tot}$	5.311D		$\beta_{tot}$	2785.58	24.04

Figure 3S Comparison of first hyperpolarizability calculated at different levels of theory with urea molecule (urea value at B3LYP/6-31G\*)

