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**Supporting information for:**

***WinPSSP*: A revamp of the computer program *PSSP* and  
its performance solving the crystal structures  
of small organic compounds and solids of biological and  
pharmaceutical interest**

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**Table S1** Radiation type, wavelength and  $R_{wp}$  of the Le Bail fit of the materials **I** to **XVII** represented in Figure 4.

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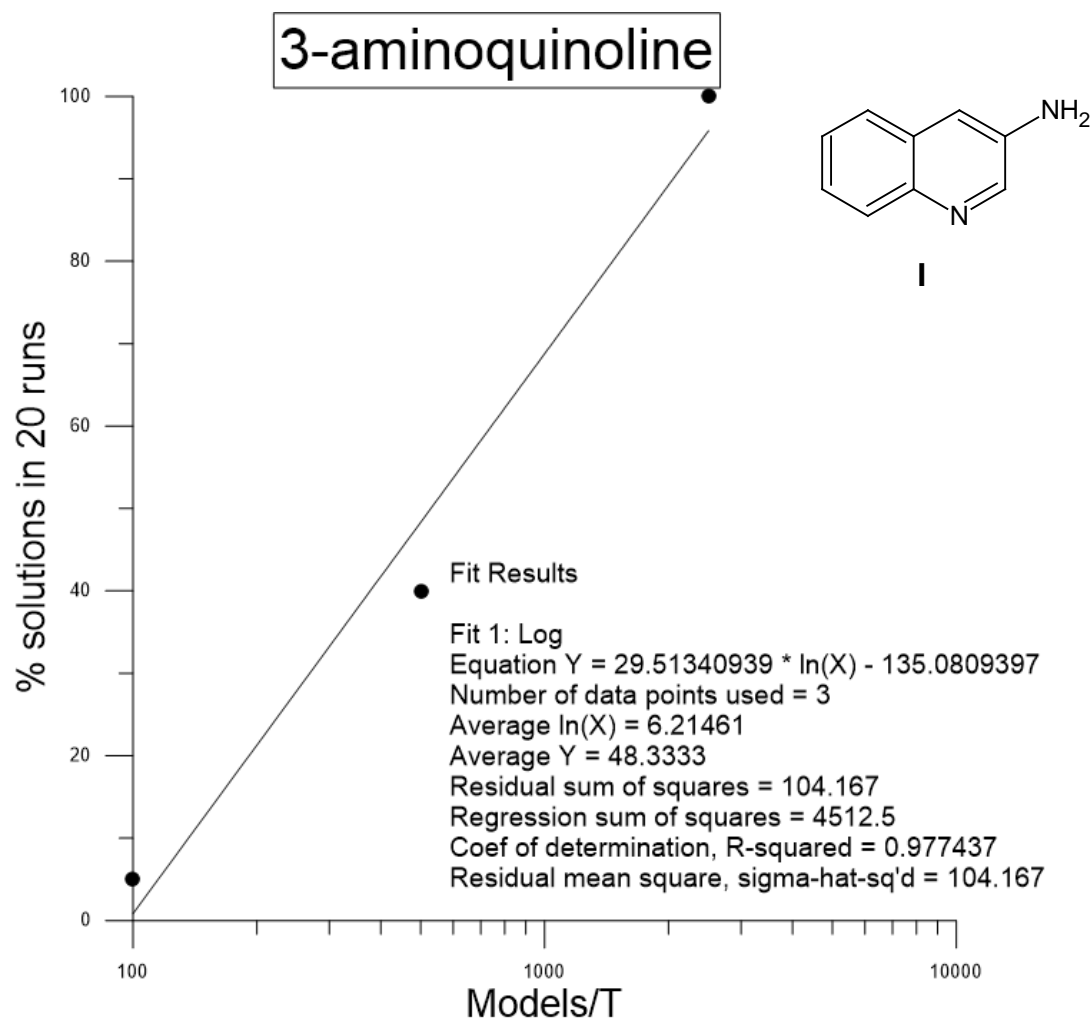
<b>Compound</b>	<b>Radiation type</b>	<b>Wavelength (Å)</b>	<b>Le Bail fit <math>R_{wp}</math> (%)</b>
<b>I</b>	Synchrotron	1.149901	7.06
<b>II</b>	Synchrotron	1.14970	6.54
<b>III</b>	Synchrotron	0.69940	7.52
<b>IV</b>	Synchrotron	0.699204	5.95
<b>V</b>	Synchrotron	1.149986	7.17
<b>VI<sup>a</sup></b>	Synchrotron	1.150346	4.71
<b>VI<sup>b</sup></b>	Synchrotron	1.149999	11.82
<b>VII</b>	Laboratory Cu K $\alpha$ 1	1.5406	3.93
<b>VIII</b>	Synchrotron	0.69847	5.41
<b>IX</b>	Synchrotron	0.700227	7.78
<b>X</b>	Synchrotron	0.699931	12.25
<b>XI</b>	Synchrotron	0.700227	7.12
<b>XII</b>	Synchrotron	0.6999311	5.50
<b>XIII</b>	Synchrotron	0.69993	3.41
<b>XIV</b>	Synchrotron	0.698697	5.95
<b>XV</b>	Synchrotron	0.700051	4.97
<b>XVI</b>	Synchrotron	0.700095	5.99
<b>XVII</b>	Laboratory Cu K $\alpha$ 1	1.5406	1.95

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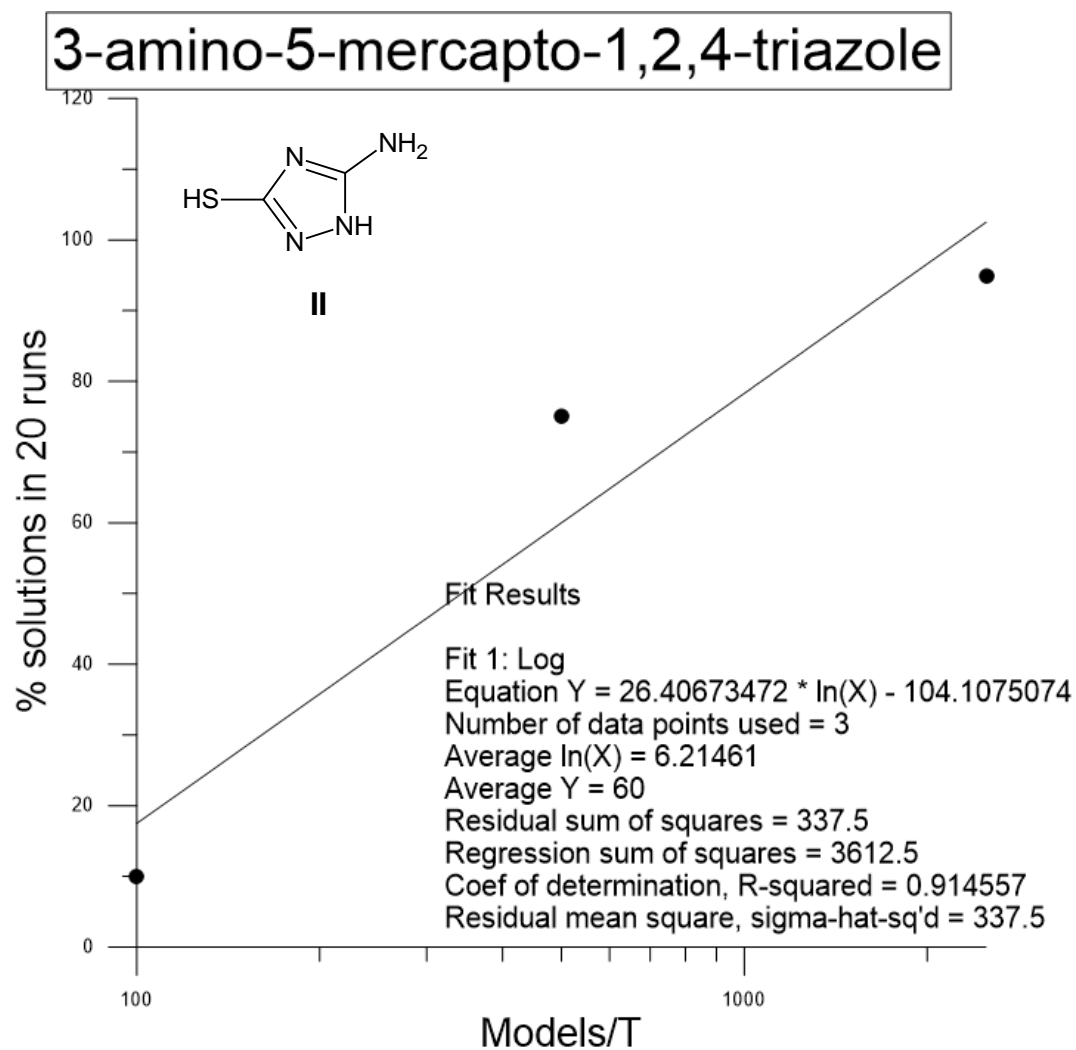
VI<sup>a</sup> corresponds to the orange polymorph, whereas VI<sup>b</sup> to the dark red polymorph.

### S1. WinPSSP structure solution performance for the compounds I to XVII shown in Figure 4

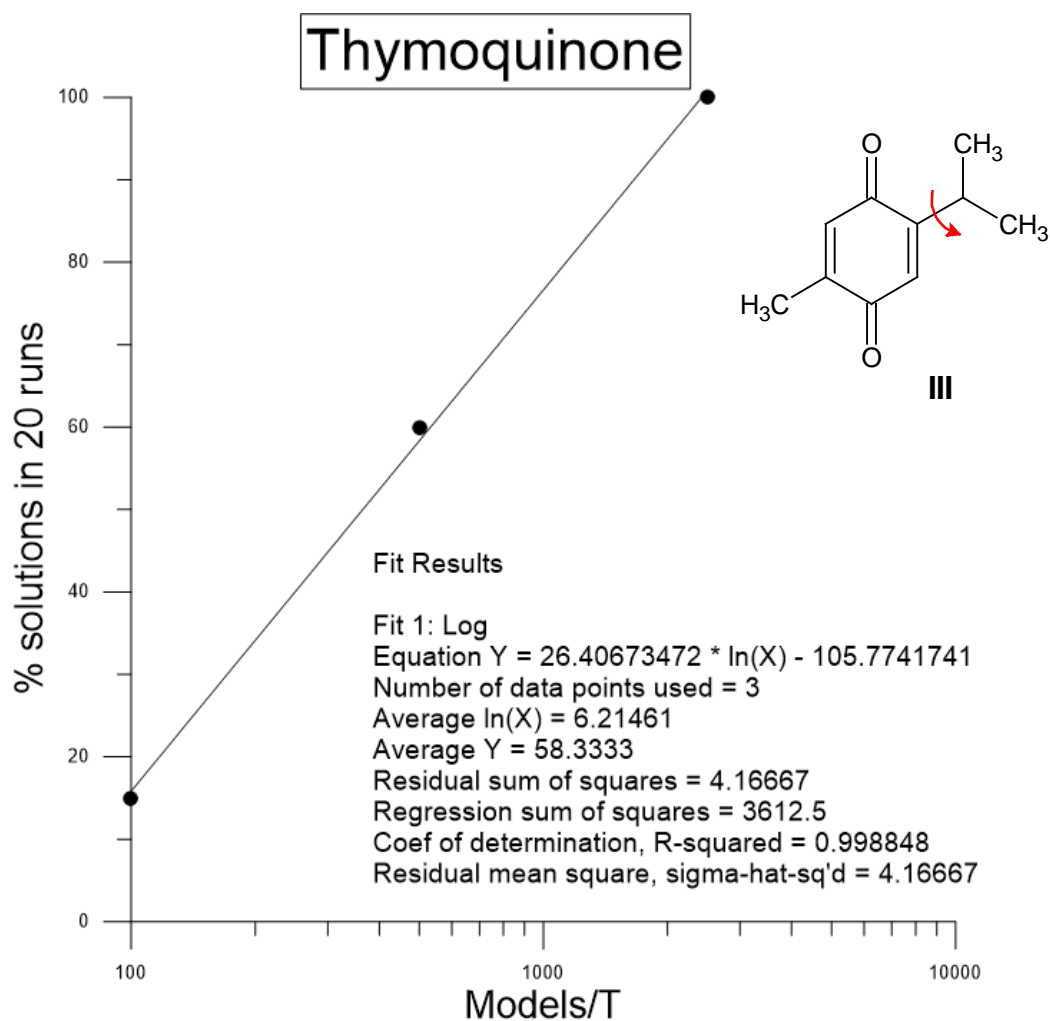
Figures S1 to S18 show the graphs of the percentage of solutions in 20 runs vs. number of models per temperature. The fits shown were used to estimate the number of models per temperature required to solve the crystal structures 50% of the runs for each compound of Figure 4.



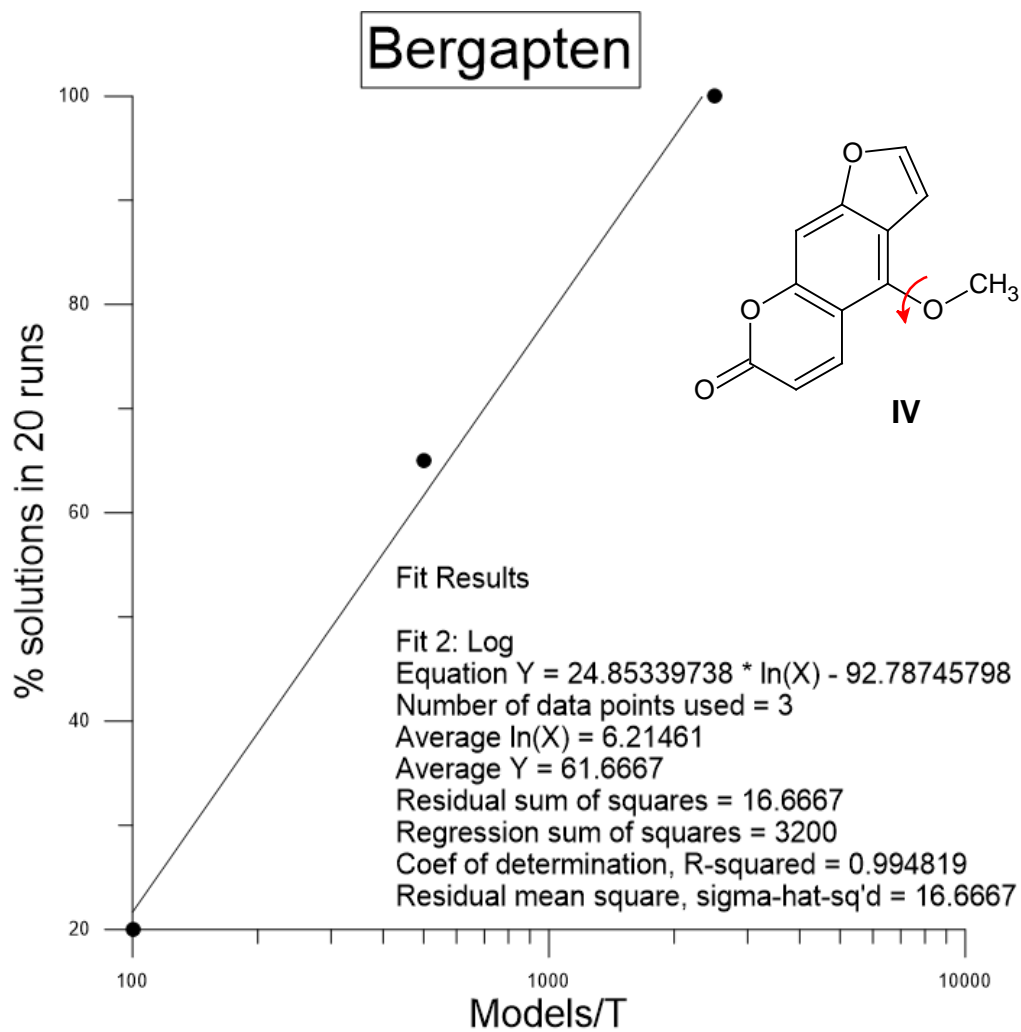
**Figure S1** Percentage of 3-aminoquinoline (**I**) solutions in 20 simulated annealing runs using 100, 500 and 2,500 models per temperature, respectively. The crystal structure is solved 100% of times using 10,000 models/T. According to the fit shown in the figure, 529 models/T are estimated to produce 50% of solutions.



**Figure S2** Percentage of 3-amino-5-mercapto-1,2,4-triazole (**II**) solutions in 20 simulated annealing runs using 100, 500 and 2,500 models per temperature, respectively. According to the fit shown in the figure, 342 models/T are estimated to produce 50% of solutions.

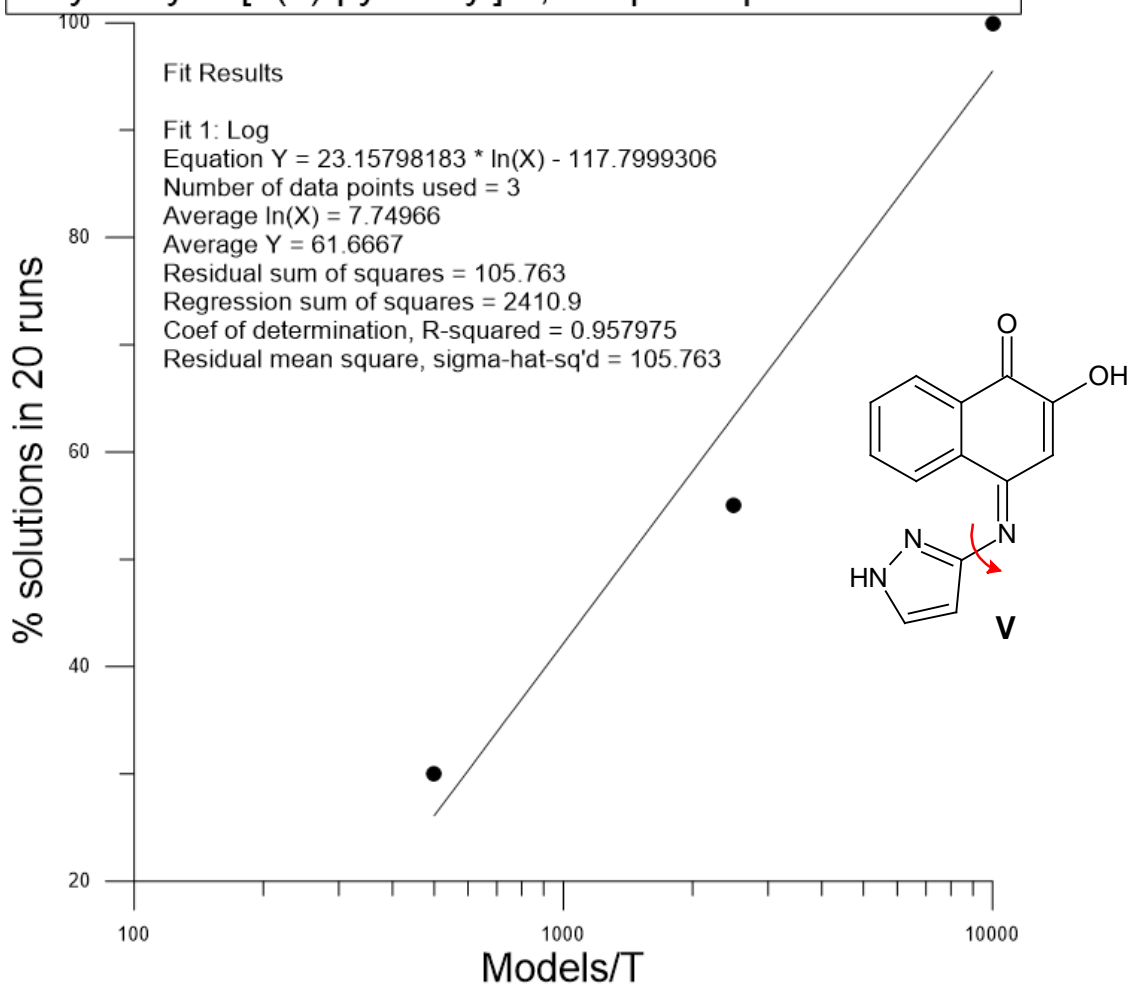


**Figure S3** Percentage of thymoquinone (III) solutions in 20 simulated annealing runs using 100, 500 and 2,500 models per temperature, respectively. The crystal structure is solved 100% of times using 10,000 models/T. According to the fit shown in the figure, 365 models/T are estimated to produce 50% of solutions.

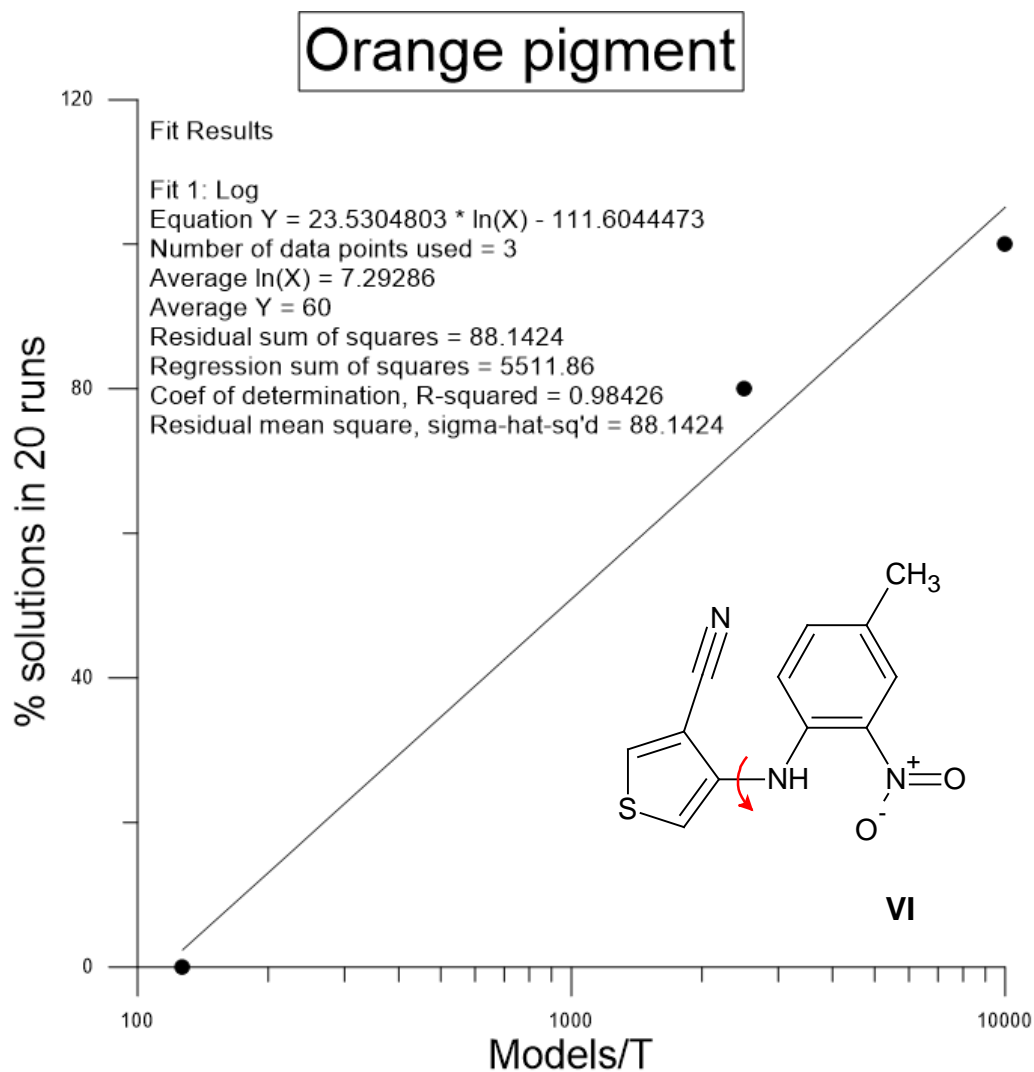


**Figure S4** Percentage of bergapten (**IV**) solutions in 20 simulated annealing runs using 100, 500 and 2,500 models per temperature, respectively. According to the fit shown in the figure, 313 models/T are estimated to produce 50% of solutions.

## 2-hydroxy-N-[3(5)-pyrazolyl]-1,4-naphthoquinone-4-imine

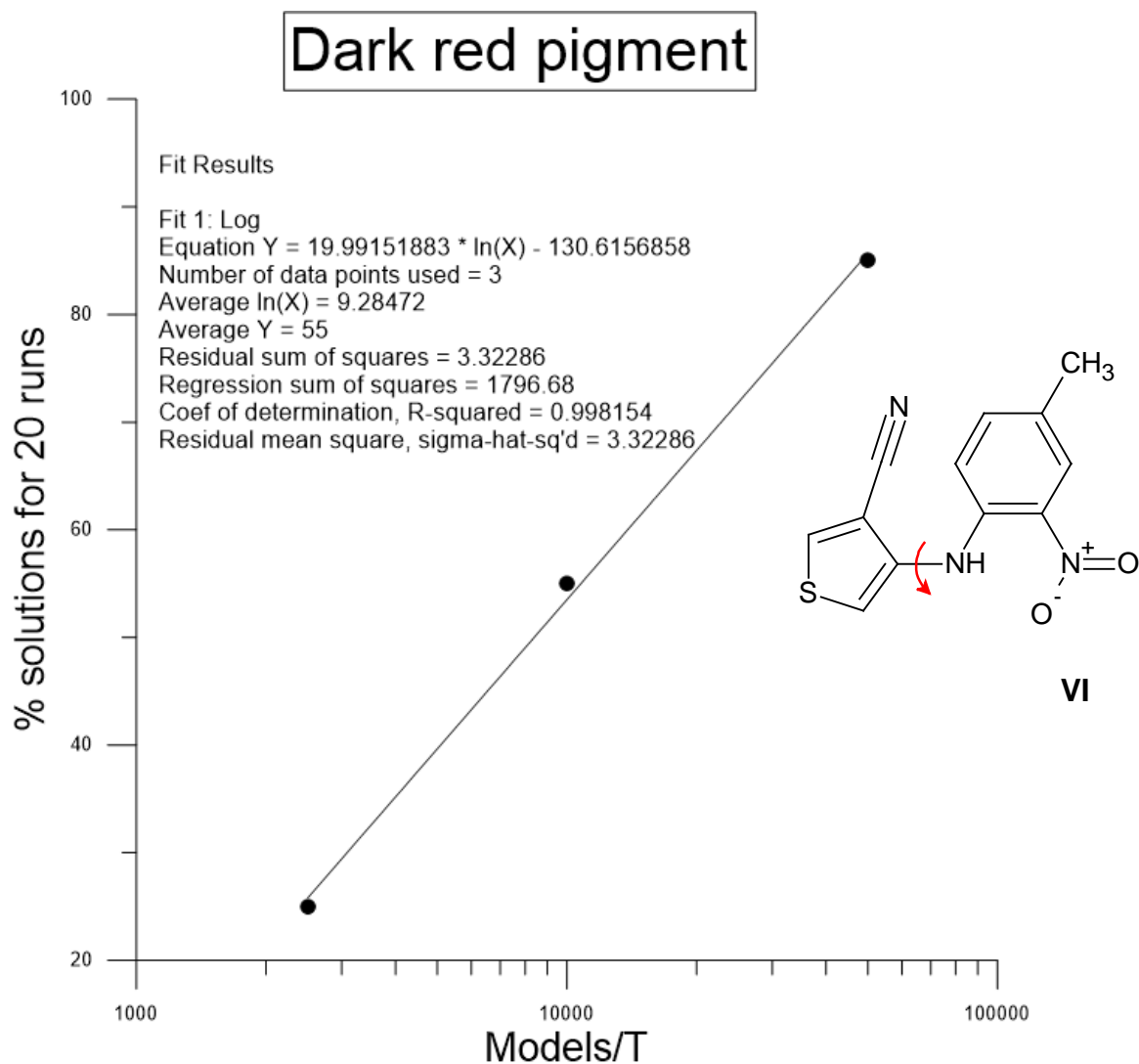


**Figure S5** Percentage of 2-Hydroxy-N-[3(5)-pyrazolyl]-1,4-naphthoquinone-4-imine (V) solutions in 20 simulated annealing runs using 500; 2,500 and 10,000 models per temperature, respectively. According to the fit shown in the figure, 1,402 models/T are estimated to produce 50% of solutions.

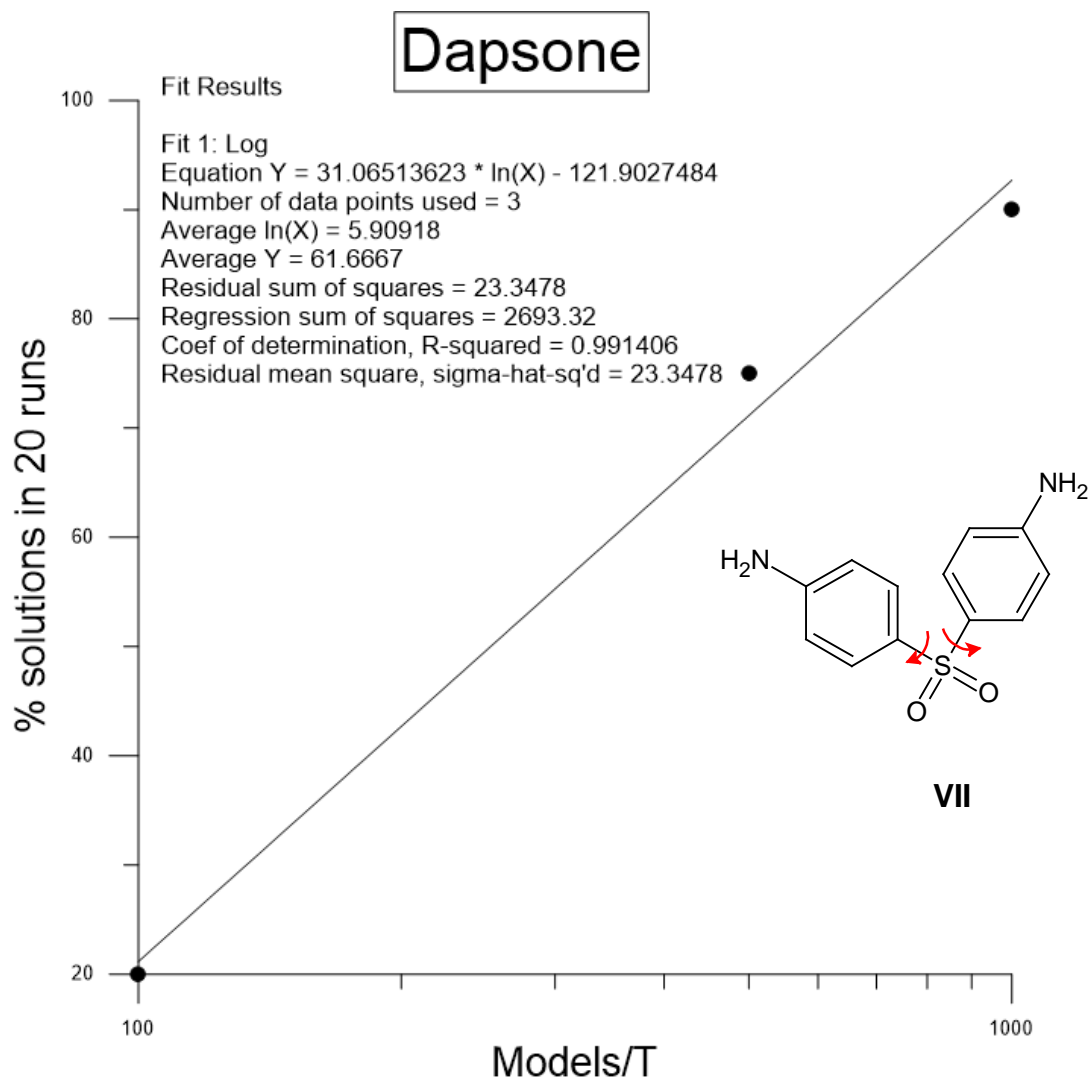


**Figure S6** Percentage of solutions for 5-methyl-2-[(2-nitro-4-methylphenyl)amino]-3-thiophenecarbonitrile (**VI**), orange polymorph, in 20 simulated annealing runs using 127; 2,500 and 10,000 models per temperature, respectively. According to the fit shown in the figure, 961 models/T are estimated to produce 50% of solutions.

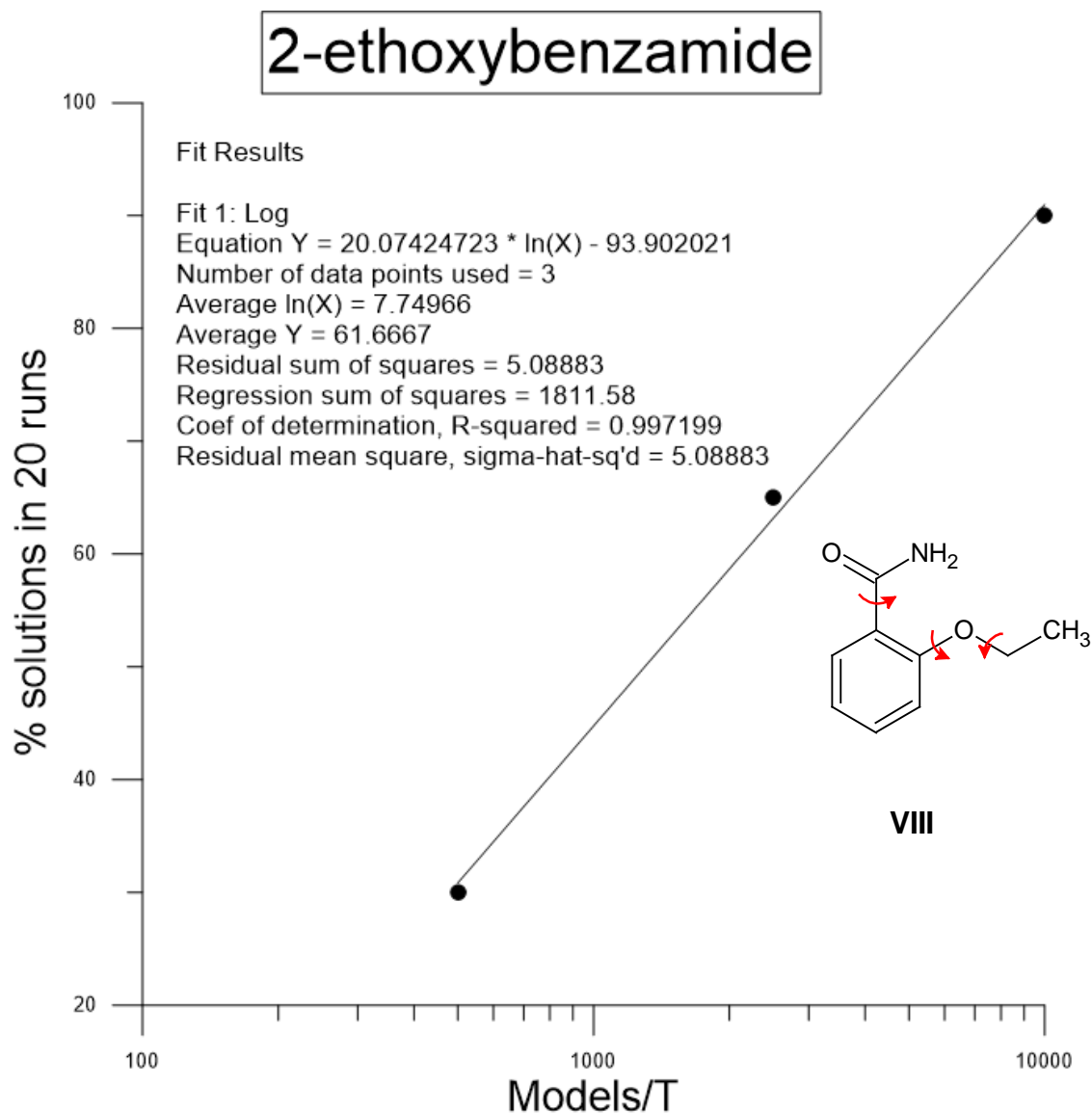




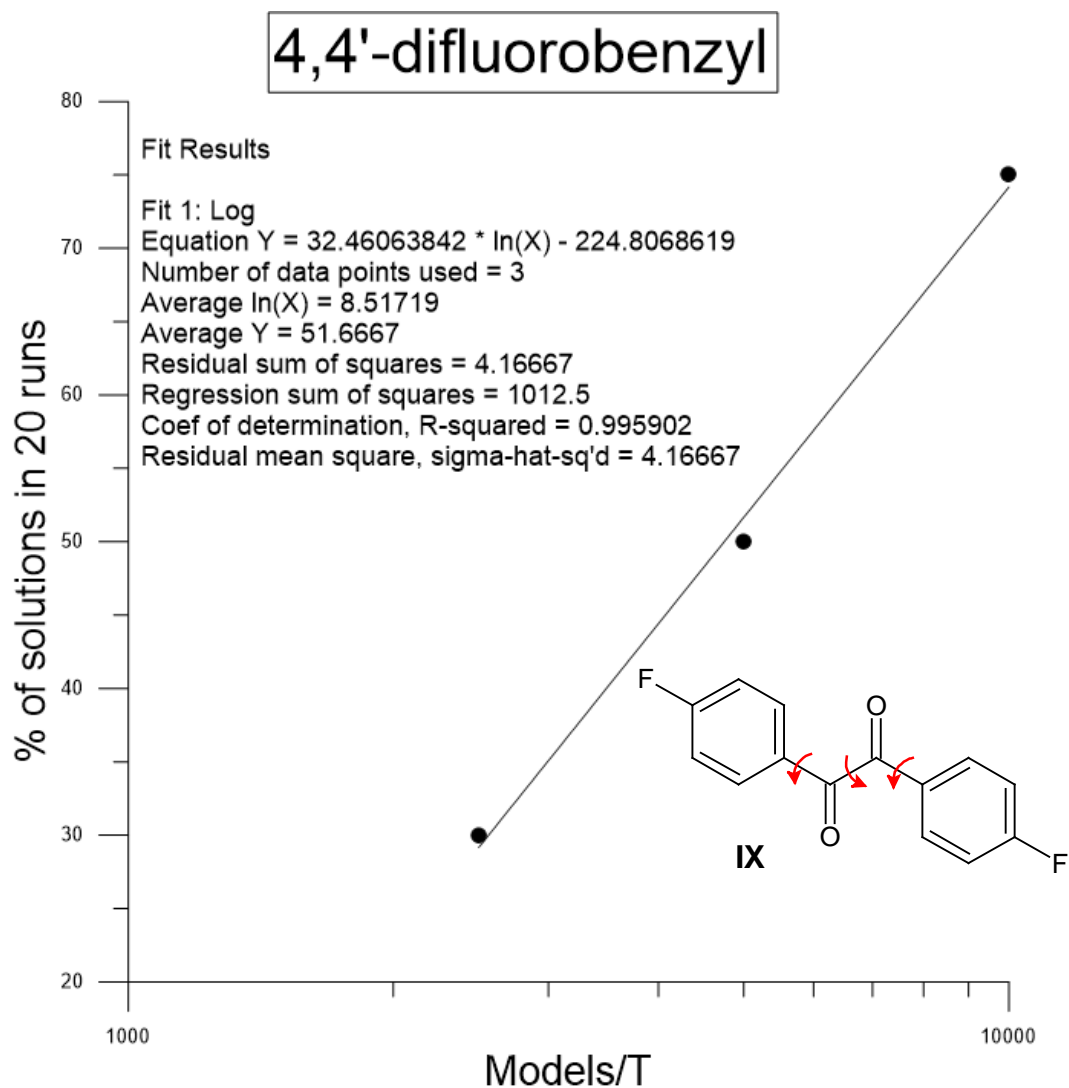
**Figure S7** Percentage of solutions for 5-methyl-2-[(2-nitro-4-methylphenyl)amino]-3-thiophenecarbonitrile (**VI**), dark red polymorph, in 20 simulated annealing runs using 2,500, 10,000 and 50,000 models per temperature, respectively. According to the fit shown in the figure, 8,389 models/T are estimated to produce 50% of solutions.



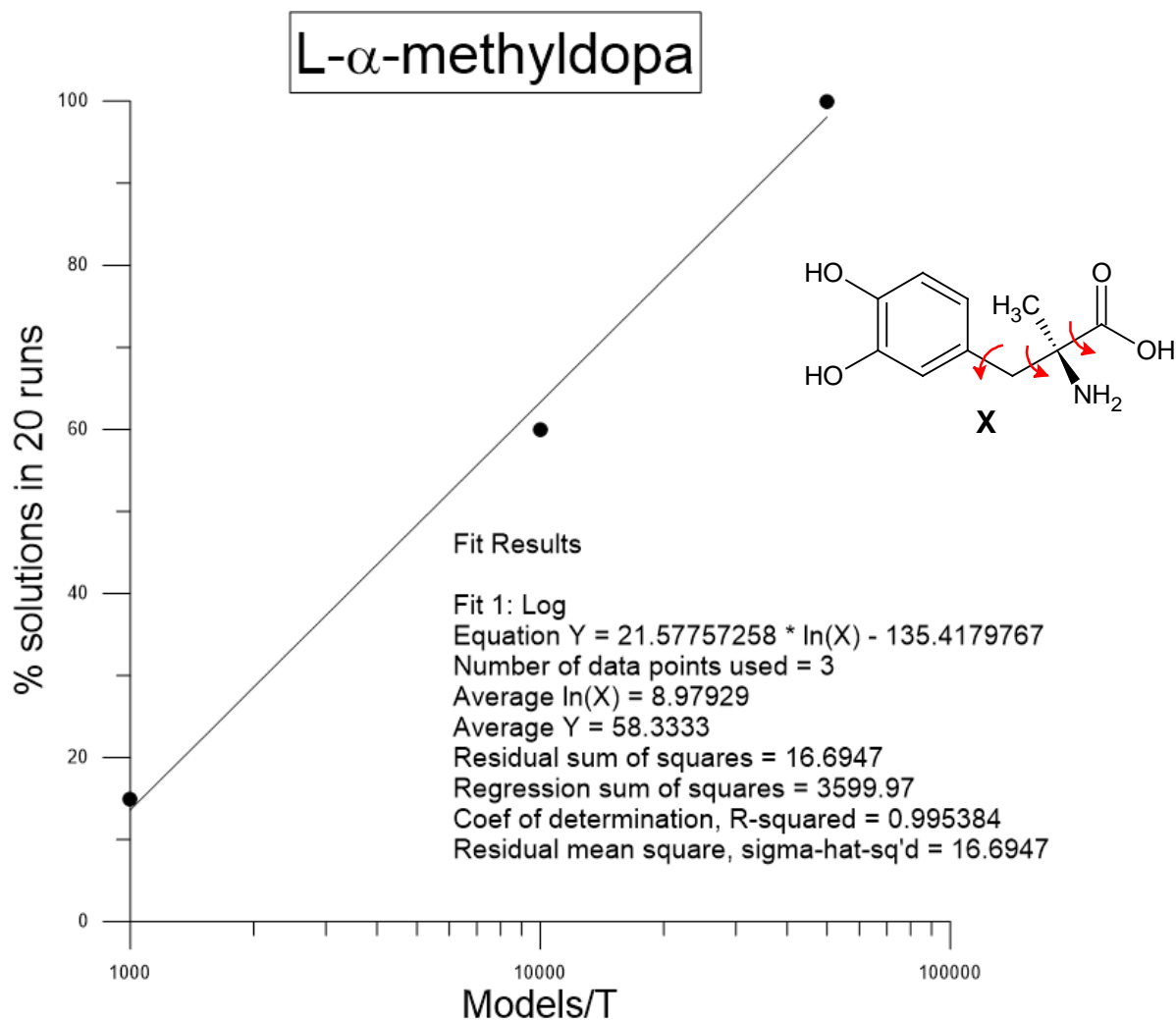
**Figure S8** Percentage of dapsone (**VII**) solutions in 20 simulated annealing runs using 100, 500 and 1,000 models per temperature, respectively. According to the fit shown in the figure, 253 models/T are estimated to produce 50% of solutions.



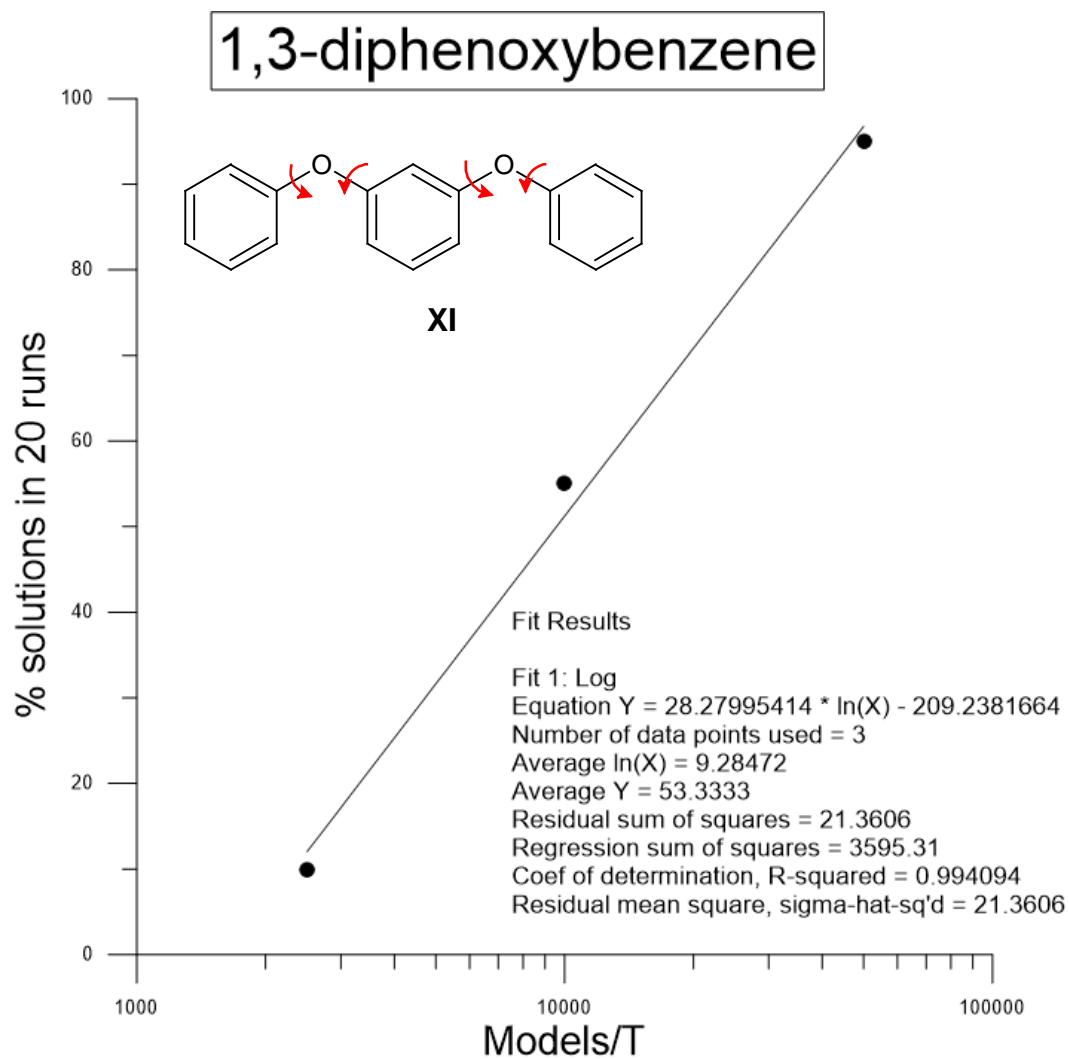
**Figure S9** Percentage of solutions for 2-ethoxybenzamide (**VIII**) in 20 simulated annealing runs using 500; 2,500 and 10,000 models per temperature, respectively. According to the fit shown in the figure, 1,298 models/T are estimated to produce 50% of solutions.



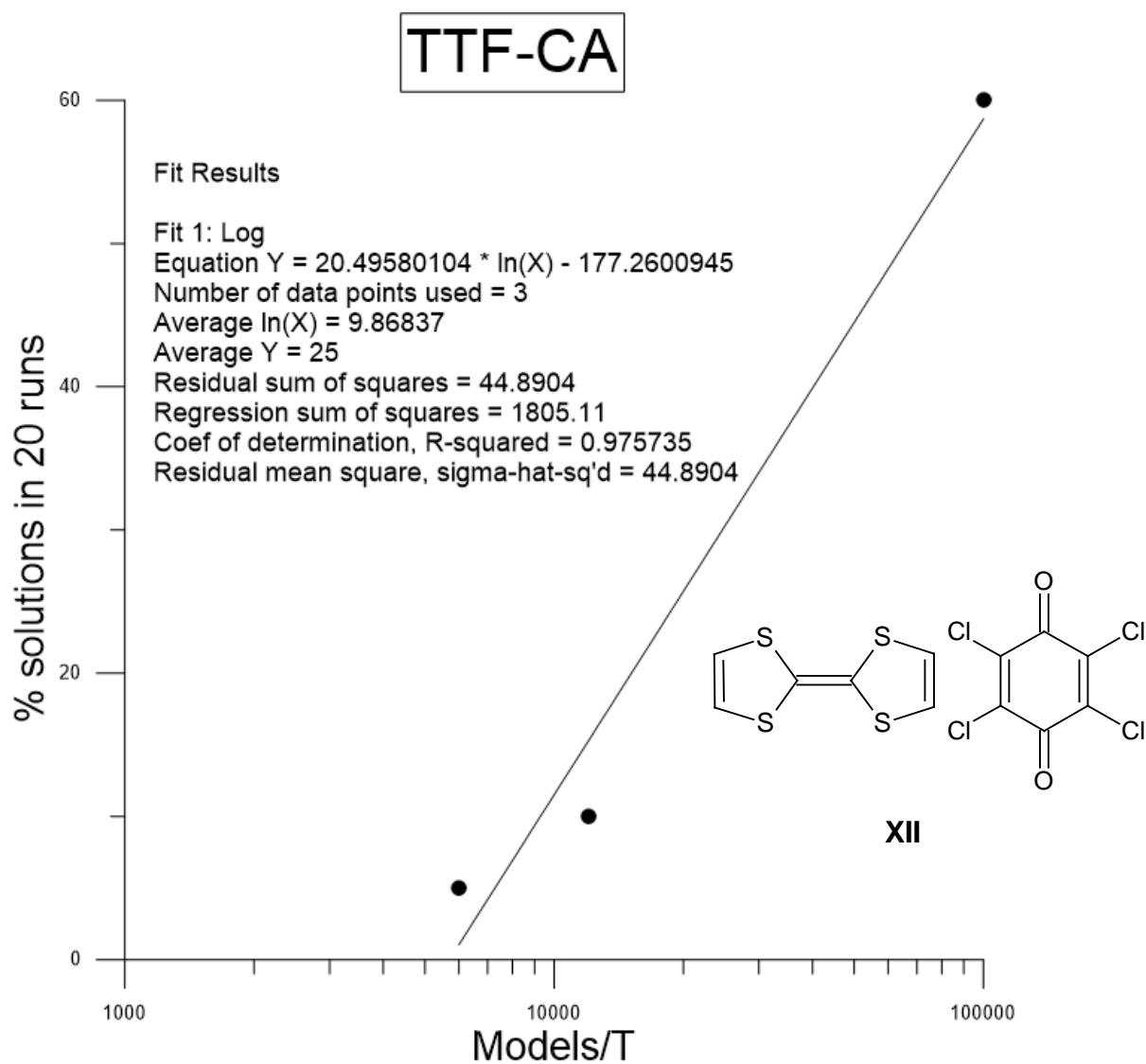
**Figure S10** Percentage of solutions for 4,4'-difluorobenzyl (**IX**) in 20 simulated annealing runs using 2,500; 5,000 and 10,000 models per temperature, respectively. According to the fit shown in the figure, 4,750 models/T are estimated to produce 50% of solutions.



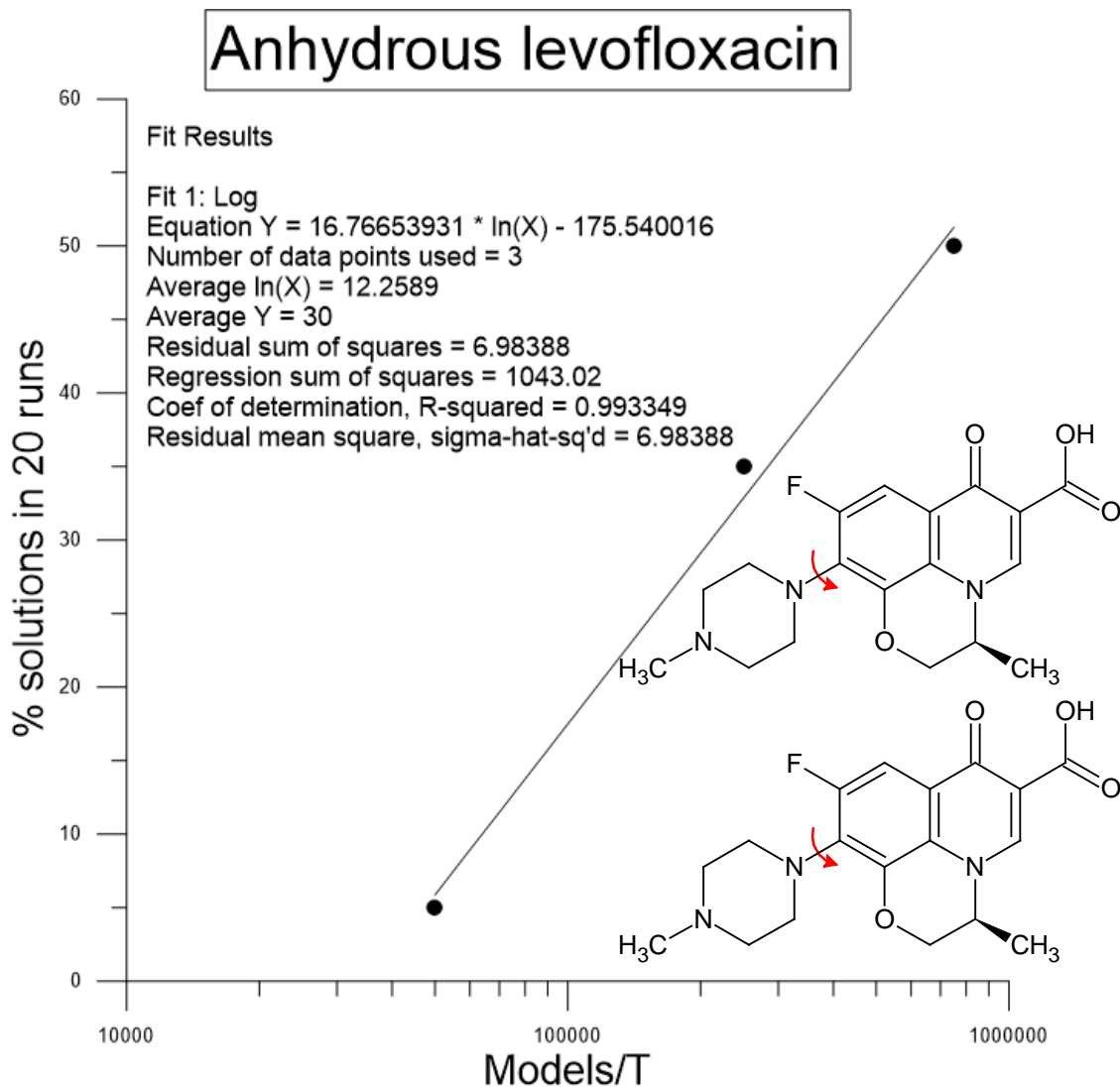
**Figure S11** Percentage of solutions for L- $\alpha$ -methyldopa (**X**) in 20 simulated annealing runs using 1,000; 10,000 and 50,000 models per temperature, respectively. According to the fit shown in the figure, 5,394 models/T are estimated to produce 50% of solutions.



**Figure S12** Percentage of solutions for 1,3-diphenoxybenzene (**XI**) in 20 simulated annealing runs using 2,500; 10,000 and 50,000 models per temperature, respectively. According to the fit shown in the figure, 9,574 models/T are estimated to produce 50% of solutions.



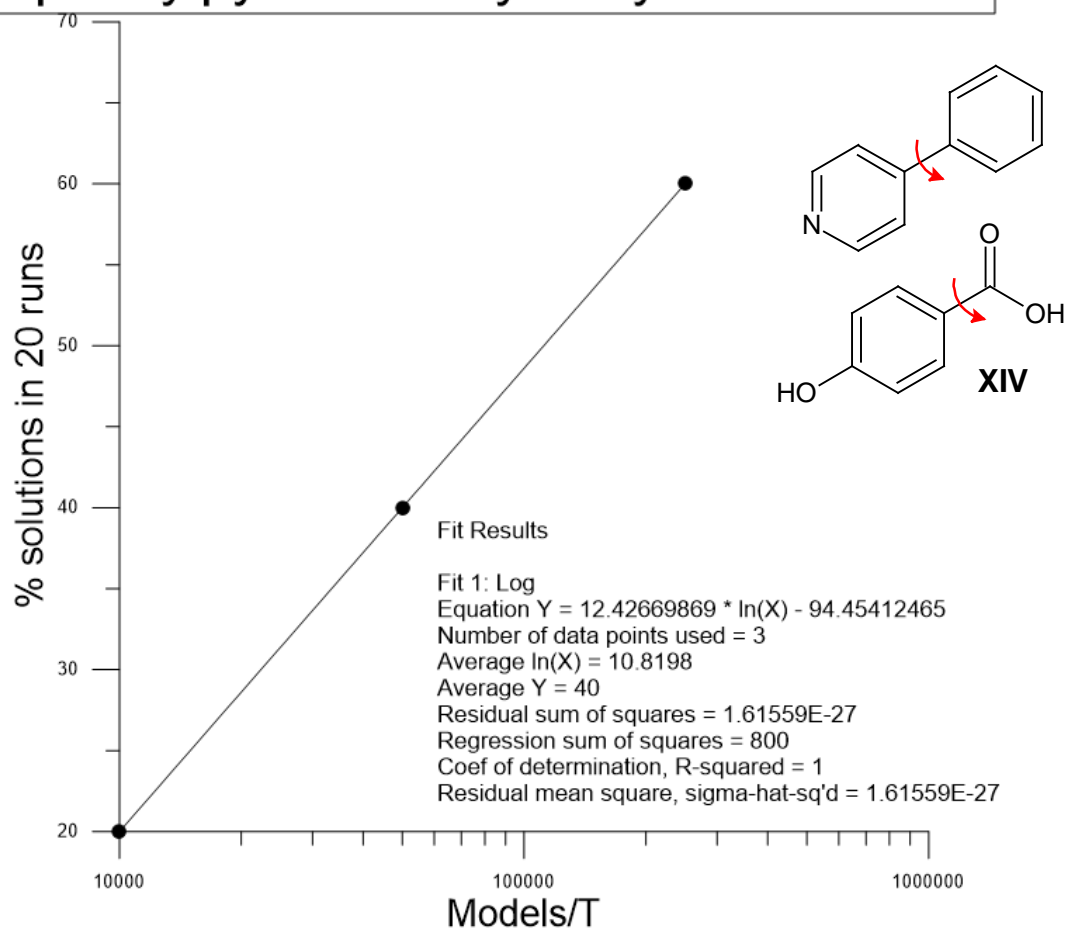
**Figure S13** Percentage of solutions for tetrathiafulvalene chloranil, black polymorph (**XII**) in 20 simulated annealing runs using 6,000; 12,000 and 100,000 models per temperature, respectively. According to the fit shown in the figure, 65,390 models/T are estimated to produce 50% of solutions.



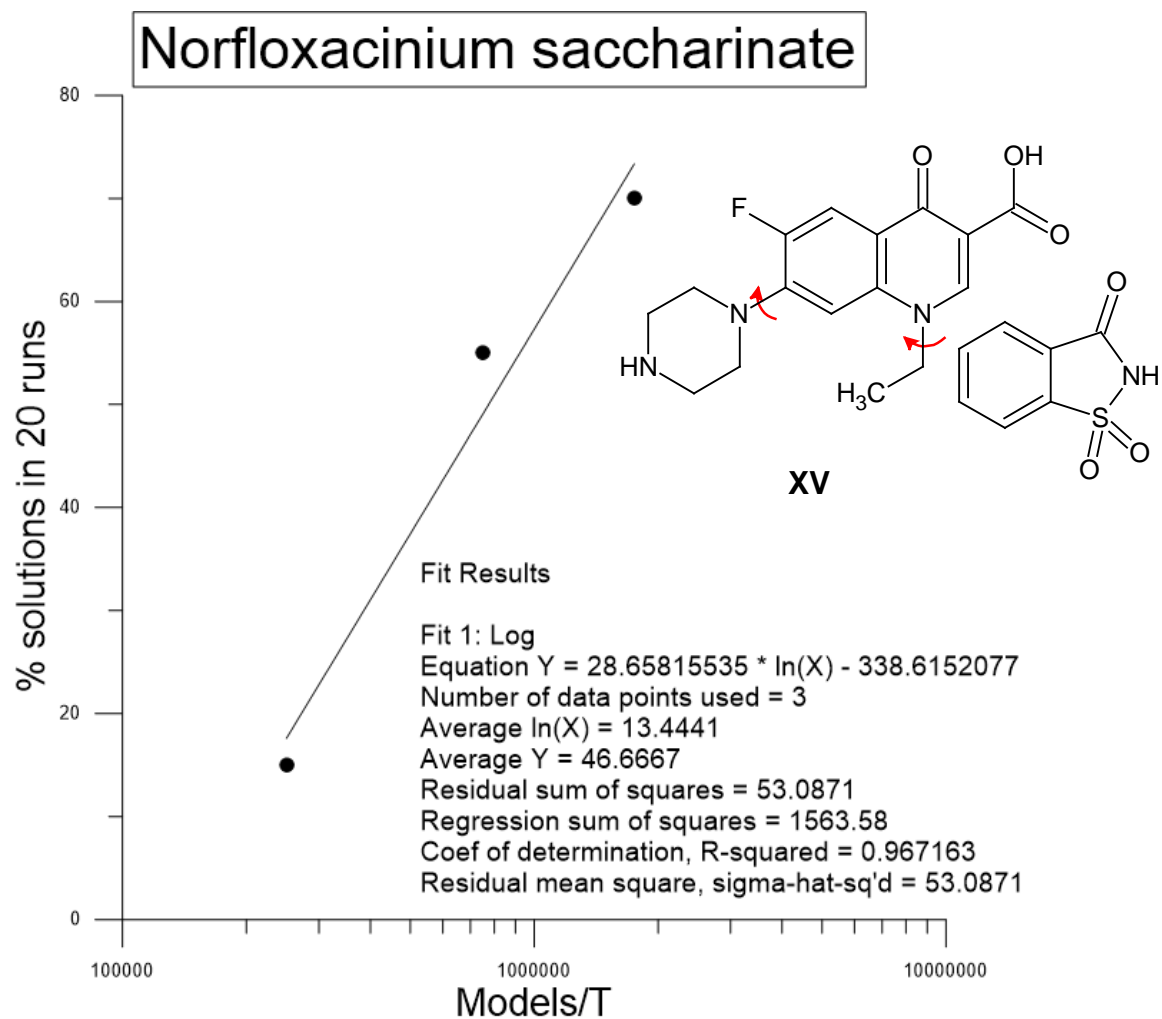
**Figure S14** Percentage of solutions for anhydrous levofloxacin (**XIII**) in 20 simulated annealing runs using 50,000; 250,000 and 750,000 models per temperature, respectively. According to the fit shown in the figure, 695,109 models/T are estimated to produce 50% of solutions.



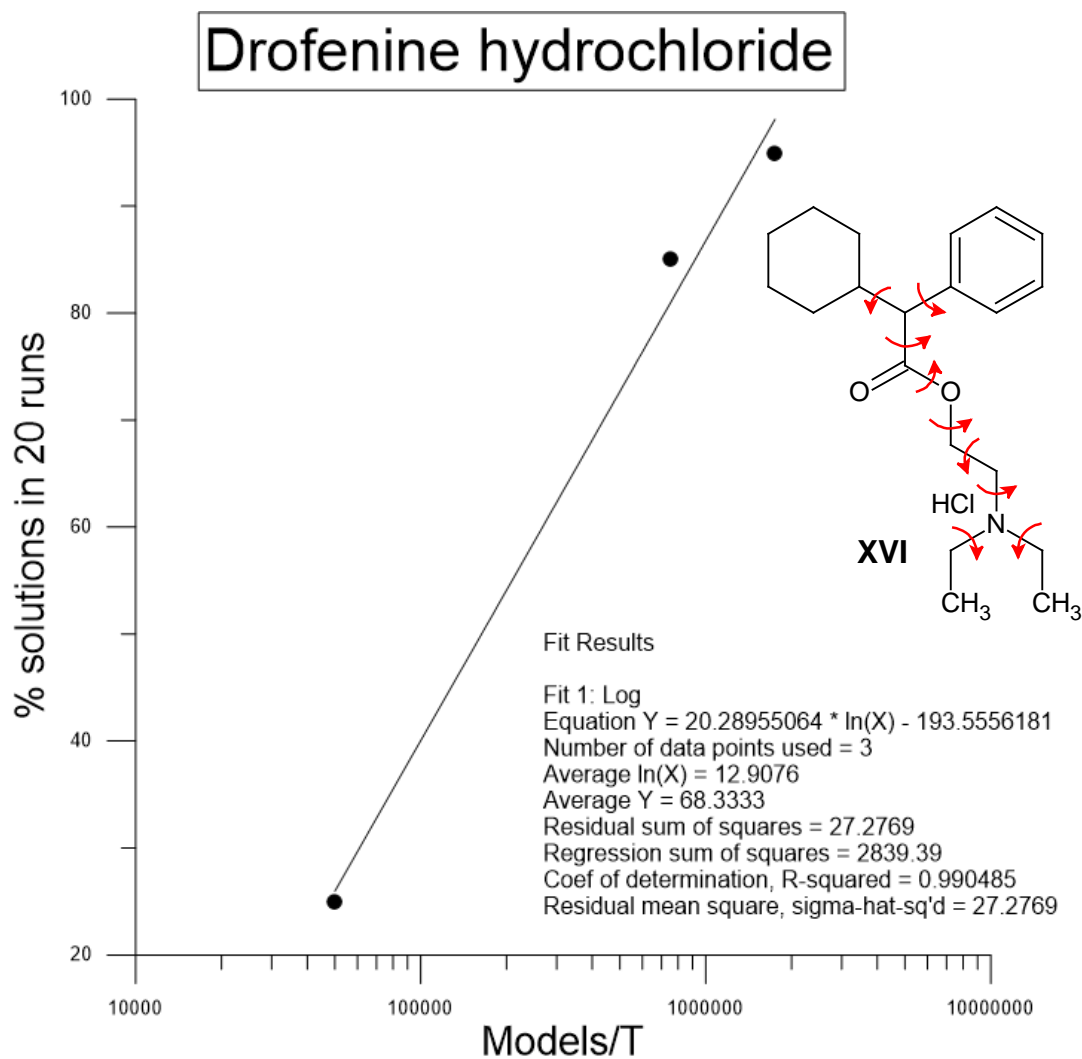
## 4-phenylpyridine 4-hydroxybenzoic acid



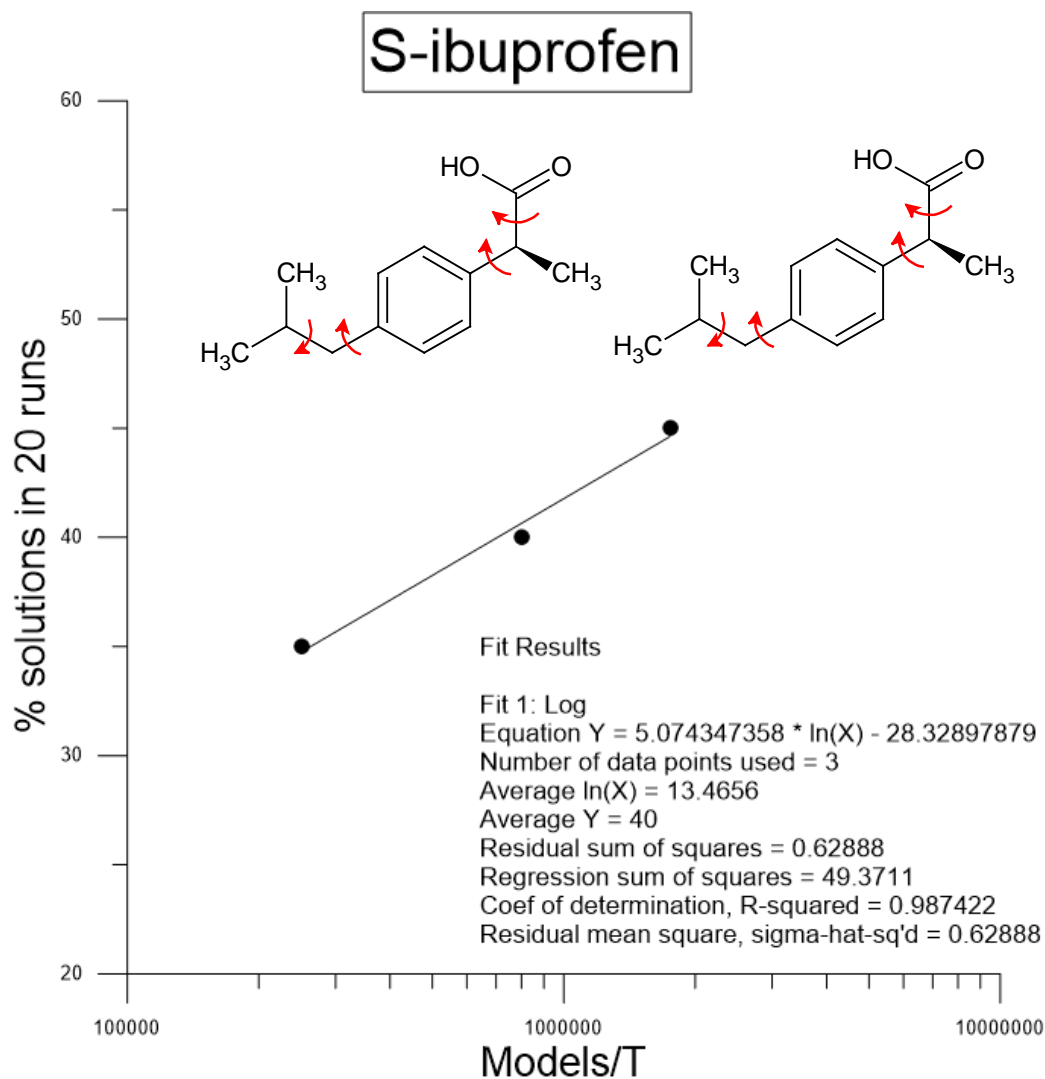
**Figure S15** Percentage of solutions for 4-phenylpyridine 4-hydroxybenzoic acid 1:1 co-crystal (XIV) in 20 simulated annealing runs using 10,000; 50,000 and 250,000 models per temperature, respectively. According to the fit shown in the figure, 111,803 models/T are estimated to produce 50% of solutions.



**Figure S16** Percentage of solutions for norfloxacinium saccharinate (**XV**) in 20 simulated annealing runs using 250,000; 750,000 and 1,750,000 models per temperature, respectively. According to the fit shown in the figure, 774,808 models/T are estimated to produce 50% of solutions.



**Figure S17** Percentage of solutions for drofenine hydrochloride (**XVI**) in 20 simulated annealing runs using 50,000; 750,000 and 1,750,000 models per temperature, respectively. According to the fit shown in the figure, 163,406 models/T are estimated to produce 50% of solutions.



**Figure S18** Percentage of solutions for S-ibuprofen (**XVII**) in 20 simulated annealing runs using 250,000; 800,000 and 1,750,000 models per temperature, respectively. According to the fit shown in the figure,  $5.1 \times 10^6$  models/T are estimated to produce 50% of solutions.

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## S2. Examples of crystallographic information file “filename.cif” files

### S2.1. Crystallographic information file for 3-amino-5-mercapto-1,2,4-triazole

```
#####  
3-amino-5-mercapto-1,2,4-triazole in P21/c  
#####  
data_3-amino-5-mercapto-1,2,4-triazole  
_symmetry_cell_setting Monoclinic  
_symmetry_space_group_name_H-M 'P21/c'  
_space_group_IT_number '14'  
_cell_length_a 3.998577  
_cell_length_b 12.379599  
_cell_length_c 9.846816  
_cell_angle_alpha 90.000000  
_cell_angle_beta 102.1314  
_cell_angle_gamma 90.000000  
loop_  
_atom_site_label  
_atom_site_type_symbol  
_atom_site_fract_x  
_atom_site_fract_y  
_atom_site_fract_z  
N1 N 1.654714 0.874686 0.453026  
C2 C 1.227021 0.624719 0.375448  
N3 N 1.364551 0.717644 0.324658  
N4 N 1.265262 0.624785 0.517124  
C5 C 1.491872 0.776182 0.443699  
N6 N 1.427151 0.717183 0.559994  
S7 S 1.038344 0.526811 0.265731
```

### S2.2. Crystallographic information file for the compound (X), L- $\alpha$ -methyldopa

```
#####  
L-alpha-methyldopa  
#####  
data_L-alpha-methyldopa  
_symmetry_cell_setting Orthorhombic  
_symmetry_space_group_name_H-M 'P212121'  
_space_group_IT_number '19'  
_cell_length_a 17.986700  
_cell_length_b 9.508800  
_cell_length_c 5.881000  
_cell_angle_alpha 90.000000  
_cell_angle_beta 90.000000  
_cell_angle_gamma 90.000000  
loop_  
_atom_site_label  
_atom_site_type_symbol  
_atom_site_fract_x  
_atom_site_fract_y  
_atom_site_fract_z  
C1 C 0.505529 0.515636 0.362770  
C2 C 0.565935 0.603892 0.326046
```

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C3 C 0.620422 0.622557 0.489535  
C4 C 0.615335 0.549446 0.695405  
C5 C 0.554283 0.463270 0.734260  
C6 C 0.500100 0.445999 0.569308  
C7 C 0.447488 0.491864 0.180156  
C8 C 0.386003 0.604072 0.165888  
C9 C 0.314567 0.549920 0.275407  
C10 C 0.370927 0.650496 -0.080237  
O11 O 0.387813 0.770866 -0.137093  
O12 O 0.338845 0.558726 -0.205613  
O13 O 0.681181 0.709115 0.459593  
O14 O 0.671726 0.566818 0.850021  
N15 N 0.410621 0.731018 0.299073

### S2.3. Crystallographic information file for the compound (VII), dapsone

```
#####  
DAPSONE  
#####  
data_DAPSONE  
_symmetry_space_group_name_H-M 'P 21 21 21'  
_cell_length_a 25.515924  
_cell_length_b 8.054261  
_cell_length_c 5.756876  
_cell_angle_alpha 90.000000  
_cell_angle_beta 90.000000  
_cell_angle_gamma 90.000000  
loop_  
_atom_site_label  
_atom_site_type_symbol  
_atom_site_fract_x  
_atom_site_fract_y  
_atom_site_fract_z  
O1 O 0.587935 0.671652 1.320657  
O2 O 0.661944 0.863291 1.279965  
S3 S 0.625739 0.756835 1.172530  
C4 C 0.537633 0.839872 0.922944  
C5 C 0.591486 0.867478 0.960418  
C6 C 0.659693 0.601721 1.022710  
C7 C 0.638991 0.442651 0.996945  
C8 C 0.710228 0.645764 0.932144  
C9 C 0.513769 0.923235 0.747088  
C10 C 0.618794 0.974365 0.812160  
C11 C 0.667995 0.322569 0.883718  
C12 C 0.738073 0.521558 0.811193  
C13 C 0.717020 0.361401 0.786802  
C14 C 0.592939 1.051398 0.636117  
C15 C 0.540437 1.025748 0.591198  
N16 N 0.746506 0.240530 0.670480  
N17 N 0.516210 1.107474 0.409316
```

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## S2.4. Crystallographic information file for the compound (XVII), S-Ibuprofen

```
#####  
S-Ibuprofen  
#####  
data_S-Ibuprofen  
_symmetry_cell_setting Monoclinic  
_symmetry_space_group_name_H-M 'P21'  
_space_group_IT_number '4'  
_cell_length_a 12.453100  
_cell_length_b 8.022770  
_cell_length_c 13.527460  
_cell_angle_alpha 90.000000  
_cell_angle_beta 112.932098  
_cell_angle_gamma 90.000000  
loop_  
_atom_site_label  
_atom_site_type_symbol  
_atom_site_fract_x  
_atom_site_fract_y  
_atom_site_fract_z  
O1 O -0.029982 0.507898 0.958857  
C2 C 0.353594 0.853135 0.991545  
C3 C 0.628220 0.966443 1.155780  
C4 C 0.287550 0.706875 0.972099  
C5 C 0.439163 1.116447 1.096501  
C6 C 0.063416 0.511315 0.934241  
C7 C 0.372761 0.948749 1.082595  
C8 C 0.564353 1.109723 1.174580  
O9 O 0.051876 0.540233 0.842794  
C10 C 0.244392 0.653854 1.043830  
C11 C 0.175806 0.487767 1.024282  
C12 C 0.327619 0.890461 1.153864  
C13 C 0.266023 0.747374 1.134913  
C14 C 0.575533 1.108183 1.288387  
C15 C 0.241672 0.336968 1.006574  
O16 O 1.079774 1.119455 0.793083  
C17 C 0.732672 0.847050 0.548703  
C18 C 0.612039 0.456468 0.464120  
C19 C 0.822788 0.943653 0.541557  
C20 C 0.652895 0.619073 0.631025  
C21 C 1.054806 1.172780 0.693555  
C22 C 0.754043 0.732126 0.631148  
C23 C 0.649388 0.449842 0.581803  
O24 O 1.058687 1.320503 0.676916  
C25 C 0.931743 0.929852 0.617165  
C26 C 1.030160 1.042614 0.611560  
C27 C 0.866061 0.721950 0.706729  
C28 C 0.951541 0.818387 0.699801  
C29 C 0.573798 0.330541 0.609739  
C30 C 1.141056 0.948907 0.621405
```

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### S3. Examples of Cartesian coordinates “filename.xyz” files

#### S3.1. Cartesian coordinates file for the compound (X), L- $\alpha$ -methyldopa

15

XYZ file for : L-alpha-methyldopa

C	-2.92683	-0.33652	-1.29794
C	-0.59832	0.61706	-1.23973
C	0.77760	-1.47577	-1.01569
C	-2.58949	2.00444	-0.44751
C	-1.97633	0.59865	-0.55449
C	1.79304	-2.21266	-0.42951
C	0.47950	-0.20073	-0.55867
C	2.53932	-1.68590	0.61700
C	1.21089	0.31371	0.50526
C	2.22600	-0.41231	1.10416
N	-1.80782	0.05340	0.83875
O	-2.97914	2.51510	-1.55452
O	-2.70536	2.51432	0.66634
O	3.58259	-2.35562	1.20544
O	2.97436	0.06281	2.16111

#### S3.2. Cartesian coordinates file for the compound (VII), dapsone

17

XYZ file for : DAPSONE

O	0.32992	2.52851	0.94838
O	-0.28585	0.84772	2.62144
S	-0.00317	1.19460	1.23286
C	-2.53836	0.85574	-1.82059
C	-3.40819	-0.14850	-1.45286
C	3.03217	-0.23638	-1.03843
C	-1.52971	1.28684	-1.01788
C	1.94860	0.48811	-0.51467
C	3.42977	-1.40523	-0.15859
C	-3.26058	-0.65169	-0.15913
C	-1.37274	0.72923	0.25466
C	-2.25524	-0.28380	0.67785
C	1.30833	0.15606	0.72629
C	2.79309	-1.68968	1.08498
C	1.72380	-0.92274	1.50481
N	-4.41774	-0.54700	-2.31256
N	4.50587	-2.20180	-0.57656

#### S3.3. Cartesian coordinates file for the compound (XVII), S-ibuprofen, Z'=2

30

XYZ file for : S-ibuprofen

O	-7.26735	0.26375	-3.22224
O	-6.79638	2.34415	-2.70363
O	7.28304	-1.90782	2.47459
O	6.76048	-0.31830	3.89542



C	-6.30520	2.60733	-5.63478
C	-5.86953	1.46957	-4.70605
C	0.88591	3.03062	-4.85569
C	-3.57316	0.46938	-4.57877
C	-4.37651	1.51467	-4.29651
C	0.71791	1.64281	-4.33759
C	-2.23875	0.48173	-4.16274
C	2.04477	1.05575	-4.07128
C	-6.68247	1.42752	-3.48661
C	-3.84891	2.58360	-3.60798
C	-1.70693	1.57883	-3.49424
C	-2.55720	2.62267	-3.22250
C	-0.19556	1.58608	-3.14253
C	6.63918	-1.47332	3.55291
C	2.12630	-2.49095	3.06319
C	3.41403	-2.83547	3.26622
C	0.17700	-0.81618	3.29384
C	1.62647	-1.30751	3.54906
C	5.75889	-2.44778	4.20512
C	4.29046	-2.02535	3.95249
C	-0.87555	-1.56367	4.06806
C	2.49662	-0.49667	4.26938
C	3.83548	-0.85666	4.44744
C	-0.33177	-2.78475	4.72791
C	6.11875	-2.63183	5.68273
C	-1.55003	-0.72219	5.07476

#### S4. Examples of Le Bail fit files (first 10 lines for brevity)

##### S4.1. GSAS Le Bail fit file (*filename.rfl*) for the compound (X), L- $\alpha$ -methyldopa

H	K	L	M	sth/lam	TTH	FWHM	FoSq	sig	Fobs	obs	phase
2	0	0	2	0.0555987	4.4513	0.0468	2.839E+03	880.	53.285	0	0.000
1	1	0	4	0.0594806	4.7634	0.0447	48.9	16.2	6.995	0	0.000
2	1	0	4	0.0765269	6.1332	0.0364	1.617E+03	502.	40.208	0	0.000
1	0	1	4	0.0894550	7.1728	0.0283	383.	120.	19.563	0	0.000
0	1	1	4	0.0999727	8.0117	0.0681	258.	80.9	16.058	0	0.000
3	1	0	4	0.0985920	7.9053	0.0369	114.	36.3	10.674	0	0.000
0	2	0	2	0.1051693	8.4266	0.0862	845.	263.	29.065	0	0.000
1	1	1	8	0.1037658	8.3185	0.0560	170.	53.8	13.053	0	0.000
2	0	1	4	0.1015904	8.1471	0.0353	1.039E+04	3.219E+03	101.922	0	0.000

...

##### S4.2. FULLPROF Le Bail fit file (*filename.hkl*) for the compound (II), 3-amino-5-mercapto-1,2,4-triazole

>Phase no.: 1 phase 1: 50 reflections, N&T: 0 0.00 (The # of eff. reflections may be lower)  
 ! SPGR: P 21/a; CELL: 9.84981 12.38257 3.99943 90.00000 102.16579 90.00000  
 Code h k l Mult D(A) 2T HW Iobs Icalc io-ic  
 1 1 1 0 4 7.601019 8.675 0.030896 308.7 308.6 0.0  
 1 0 2 0 2 6.191260 10.655 0.029225 49.5 49.5 -0.1  
 1 1 2 0 4 5.207597 12.675 0.036441 222.0 222.0 0.0

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1	2	0	0	2	4.814293	13.716	0.042440	34.7	34.7	0.0
1	2	1	0	4	4.487082	14.721	0.049069	356.3	356.1	0.2
1	0	0	1	2	3.909580	16.910	0.065129	22.1	22.1	0.0
1	2	2	0	4	3.800510	17.399	0.068909	778.5	778.3	0.2

...