



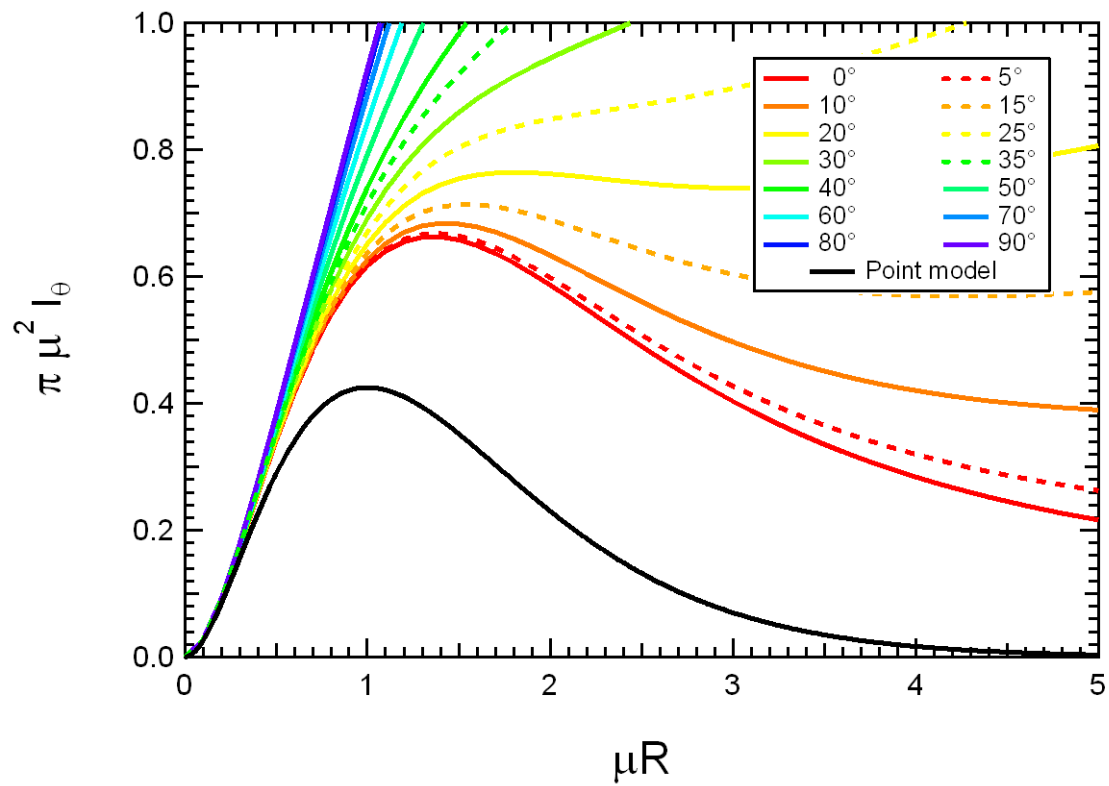
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**Use of radial symmetry for the calculation of cylindrical absorption coefficients and optimal capillary loadings**

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**Figure S1** Dependence of relative intensity of diffraction  $\pi(\mu R)^2 T_\theta(\mu R) = \pi \mu^2 I$  compared at different diffraction angles of  $0^\circ \leq \theta_D \leq 90^\circ$  against the estimate made by only considering absorption for a point at the center of the capillary (black line).