



JOURNAL OF
APPLIED
CRYSTALLOGRAPHY

Volume 48 (2015)

Supporting information for article:

An in situ powder diffraction cell for high pressure hydrogenation experiments using laboratory X-ray diffractometers

Romain Moury, Klaus Hauschild, Wolfgang Kersten, Jan Ternieden, Michael Felderhoff and Claudia Weidenthaler

An in situ powder diffraction cell for high pressure hydrogenation experiments using laboratory X-ray diffractometers

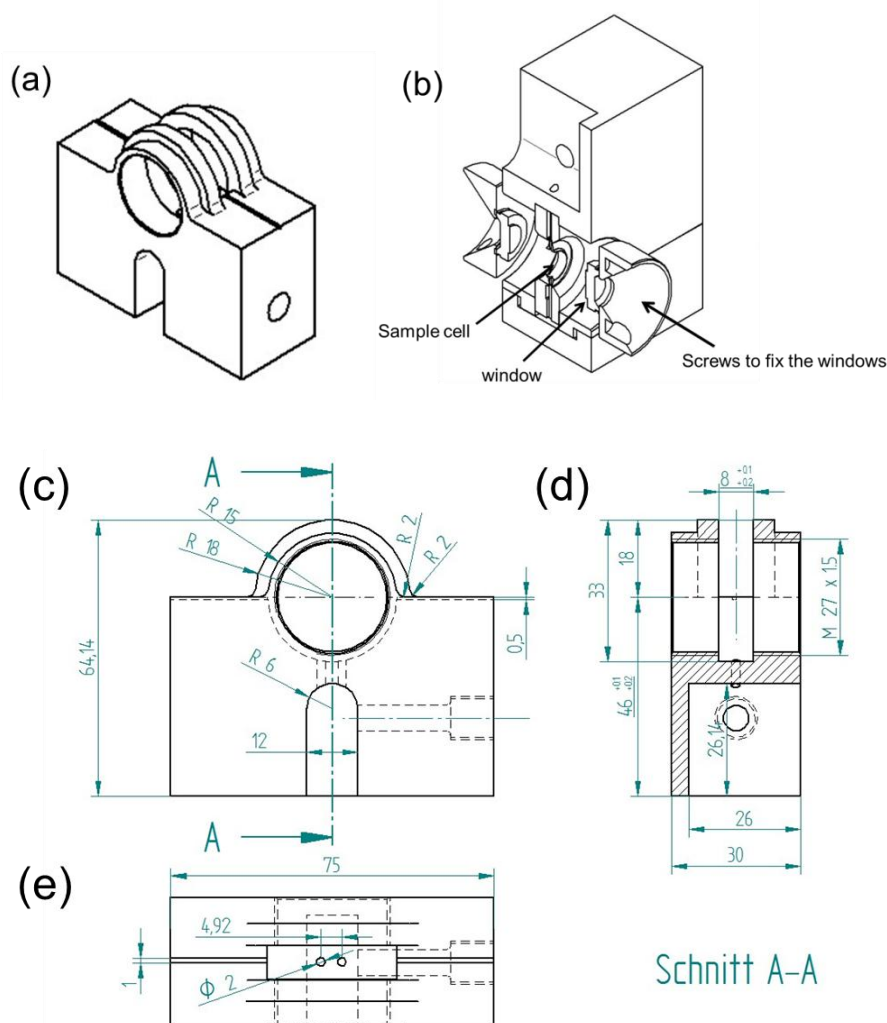
Romain Moury^a, Klaus Hauschild^a, Wolfgang Kersten^a, Jan Ternieden^a, Michael Felderhoff^a and Claudia Weidenthaler^{a*}

^aDepartment of Heterogeneous Catalysis, Max-Planck-Institut für Kohlenforschung, Kaiser-Wilhelm-Platz 1, Mülheim an der Ruhr, 45470, Germany

Correspondence email: claudia.weidenthaler@mpi-muelheim.mpg.de

Supporting Information:

S1: Construction plans of the in situ high pressure cell



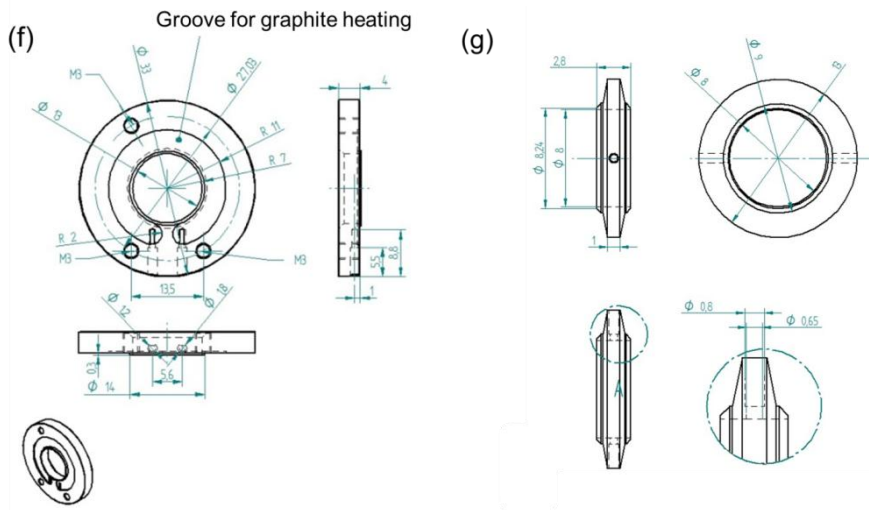


Figure S1: (a) Base part of the cell with the sample container, (b) vertical cut through the cell, (c) base part showing the dimensions in mm, (d) side view, (e) view on the base plate, (f) heating system, (g) sealing of the sample cell.

S2: Comparison of powder patterns measured on a transmission diffractometer with $\text{CuK}\alpha_1$ radiation and with $\text{MoK}\alpha_1$ radiation. Data collection was performed with a linear position sensitive detector (STOE).

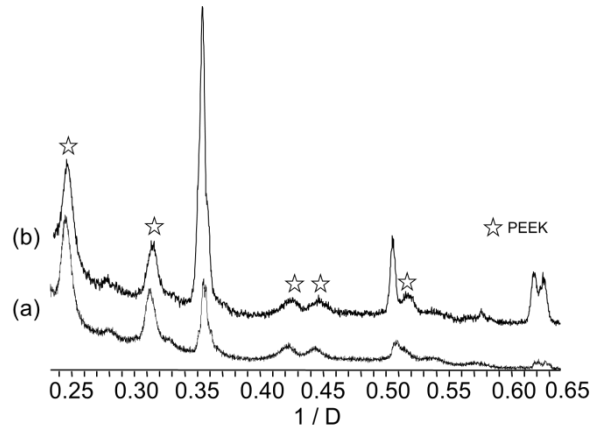


Figure S2: Diffraction patterns of NaAlH_4 measured in transmission geometry in the high pressure cell under ambient conditions with (a) $\text{CuK}\alpha_1$ radiation, (b) $\text{MoK}\alpha_1$ radiation.