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Supporting information for article:

Structural basis for the recognition of muramyltripeptide by *Helicobacter pylori* Csd4, a D,L-carboxypeptidase controlling the helical cell shape

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 Table S1
 Statistics on data collection and refinement

A. Data collection			
Data set	Zn1	Zn2	
Space group	P2 ₁ 2 ₁ 2 ₁	P2 ₁ 2 ₁ 2 ₁	
Unit cell lengths (Å)	45.5, 66.1, 142.0	53.3, 66.9, 144.8	
X-ray wavelength (Å)	1.2823	1.2823	
Resolution range ^{a,b} (Å)	50.0-2.60 (2.64-2.60)	50.0-2.40 (2.44-2.40)	
No. total reflections ^{a,b}	176,100 (8,669)	315,647 (15,050)	
No. unique reflections ^{a,b}	27,639 (1,376)	38,851 (1,905)	
Completeness ^{a,b} (%)	100.0 (100.0)	99.8 (99.8)	
$<$ I $>/<$ σ I $>$ a,b	23.2 (3.5)	43.2 (10.1)	
Wilson B factor (Å ²)	55.9	46.6	
$R_{ m merge}^{ m a-c}(\%)$	12.2 (73.7)	13.0 (60.1)	
B. Model refinement			
PDB code	4Q6P	4Q6Q	
Resolution range (Å)	30.0-2.62	30.0-2.40	
R_{work} / R_{free}^{d} (%)	18.4 / 25.1	16.7 / 20.5	
No. of non-hydrogen atoms / average B-factor (Ų)			
Total	3,533 / 45.2	3,606 / 33.0	
Protein	3,366 / 45.2	3,366 / 32.7	
Water oxygen	145 / 42.6	223 / 36.9	
mDAP	13 / 58.7	13 / 36.9	
Zinc ion	8 / 79.1	2 / 67.9	
Calcium ion	1 / 49.5	2 / 40.7	
R.m.s. deviations from ideal geometry			
Bond lengths (Å)	0.010	0.009	

Bond angles (°)	1.30	1.34
Ramachandran plot (%) ^e		
Favored / Outliers	94.9 / 0.0	96.1 / 0.0
Poor rotamers (%) ^e	3.25	0.54

^a Values in parentheses refer to the highest resolution shell.

^b Friedel pairs were treated as separate observations.

 $^{^{}c}R_{\text{merge}} = \Sigma_{\text{h}}\Sigma_{\text{i}} \mid I(h)_{\text{i}} - \langle I(h) \rangle \mid / \Sigma_{\text{h}}\Sigma_{\text{i}} I(h)_{\text{i}}$, where I(h) is the intensity of reflection h, Σ_{h} is the sum over all reflections, and Σ_{i} is the sum over i measurements of reflection h.

 $^{^{}d}R_{\text{work}} = \Sigma \mid |F_{\text{obs}}| - |F_{\text{calc}}| \mid / \Sigma \mid F_{\text{obs}}|$, where R_{free} is calculated for a randomly chosen 5% of reflections, which were not used for structure refinement and R_{work} is calculated for the remaining reflections.

^e Values obtained using *MolProbity*.

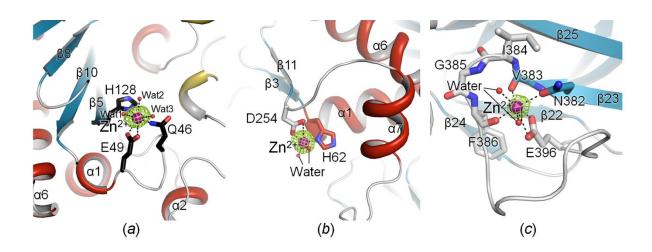


Figure S1 Anomalous difference Fourier maps (contoured at 5σ and colored in green) for Zn^{2+} replaced metal sites. (*a*) The active site metal ion for D,L-carboxypeptidation by the CPase domain from the Zn1 data set (Table S1). (*b*) The metal ion that stabilizes the β 11- α 7 loop in the CPase domain from the Zn1 data set (Table S1). (*c*) The metal ion in the calcium-binding site of the C-terminal Ig-like domain from the Zn2 data set (Table S1). The ribbon diagram of metal-binding sites are colored as in Figure 1(*a*).

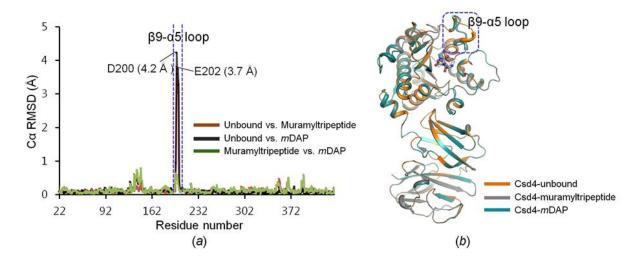


Figure S2 Comparisons of three Csd4 structures. (*a*) A plot of the C α r.m.s. deviations for pairwise comparisons among Csd4-unbound, Csd4-muramyltripeptide, and Csd4-*m*DAP structures. (*b*) A superposition of three Csd4 models. The Csd4-unbound, Csd4-muramyltripeptide, and Csd4-*m*DAP structures are colored in orange, gray, and cyan, respectively. The β 9- α 5 loop region is highlighted by the dotted blue box, showing a significant conformational change.

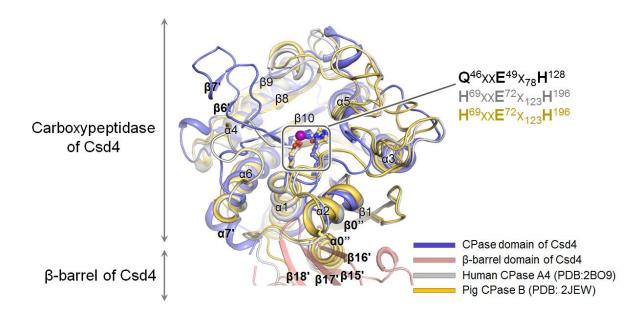


Figure S3 Superposition of carboxypeptidase (CPase) domains in three M14 metallopeptidases. The CPase domains of *H. pylori* Csd4 (bluish-violet), human CPase A4 (gray; PDB code: 2BO9), and pig CPase B (yellow; PDB: 2JEW) are superimposed and shown in ribbon diagrams. The β-barrel domain of *H. pylori* Csd4 is colored in pink. The regions present only in *H. pylori* Csd4 are labeled with a single quote (α 7' and β 15– β 18'), whereas the regions absent only in *H. pylori* Csd4 are labeled with a double quote (α 0" and β 0").